



**Annual Report 2015** 

# contents

 $04 \, \text{Vision}$ 

05 Mission

06 Report of the Directors of the Management Company



14 Fund Information

15 Report of the Fund Manager

17 Report of the Shar'iah Advisor

18 Trustee Report to the Unit Holders

19 Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

21 Review Report to the Unitholders' on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

22 Independent Auditors' Report to the Unitholders

24 Statement of Assets and Liabilities

 $25\,$  Income Statement and Statement of Comprehensive Income

26 Distribution Statement

 $27\,$  Statement of Movement in Unitholders' Funds

28 Cash Flow Statement

29 Notes to the Financial Statements

55 Pattern of Holdings (Unit) as per the Requirement of Code of Corporate Governance



58 Fund Information

59 Report of the Fund Manager

61 Report of the Shar'iah Advisor

62 Trustee Report to the Unit Holders

63 Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

65 Review Report to the Unitholders' on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

66 Independent Auditors' Report to the Unitholders

68 Statement of Assets and Liabilities

69 Income Statement and Statement of Comprehensive Income

70 Distribution Statement

71 Statement of Movement in Unitholders' Funds

72 Cash Flow Statement

73 Notes to the Financial Statements

97 Pattern of Holdings (Unit) as per the Requirement of Code of Corporate Governance



100 Fund Information

101 Report of the Fund Manager

103 Report of the Shar'iah Advisor

104 Trustee Report to the Unit Holders

105 Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

107 Review Report to the Unitholders' on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

108 Independent Auditors' Report to the Unit Holders

110 Statement of Assets and Liabilities

111 Income Statement and Statement of Comprehensive Income

112 Distribution Statement

114 Statement of Movement in Unitholders' Funds

115 Cash Flow Statement

116 Notes to the Financial Statements

139 Pattern of Holdings (Unit) as per the Requirement of Code of Corporate Governance

## Vision

To make Shariah compliant investing a first choice for investors

## Mission

To establish Al Meezan as a leading and trusted brand for savings and investments by offering innovative Shariah compliant investment solutions through ethical conduct, value added services and optimal returns, while protecting the interest of all stakeholders

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The Board of Directors of Al Meezan Investment Management Limited is pleased to present the audited financial statements of the following open end funds and a voluntary pension scheme for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### **Income Funds**

- Meezan Islamic Income Fund
- Meezan Sovereign Fund

#### **Money Market Fund**

Meezan Cash Fund

#### **Economic Review FY15**

Pakistan's economy has shown progress on the back of a reform agenda that was initiated with the advent of PML-N government around two years ago. The economy continued to gain momentum during FY'15 with marked improvement in economic fundamentals of the country. This was in part due to stringent structural reforms applied under the guidelines of IMF and the global oil price decline leading to falling prices of petroleum products in the country. Some of the major positives during this year were 1) the discount rate brought down by 300bps to a historic low at 7%, 2) inflation averaging at 4.53%, its lowest in a decade, 3) historical initiative of China Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC), 4) foreign exchange reserves at a record high, 5) re-rating of Pakistan's sovereign bonds by Moody's and S&P from stable to positive, 6) successful continuation of privatization program, 7) stability in PKR/USD parity.

Massive decline in global oil prices during the 1HFY15 led to a considerable melt down in inflation making the real interest rate scenario favourable for the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) to embark on a monetary easing stance and bring down the key rate to a historically low level. SBP also introduced a target interest rate 50 bps below the discount rate and also cut down the interest rate corridor from 250 bps to 200 bps.

Economic growth however, remained sluggish, clocking in at 4.24% against 4.03% last year, due to multitude of reasons ranging from political concerns denting the economic progress to structural issues, most importantly the energy crisis crippling the country's industrial sector. Major growth push came from the services sector which grew by 5%, while industrial sector remained dull with Large Scale Manufacturing (LSM) figures posting a nominal growth of 3.3%.

The government was able to contain the fiscal deficit at 5% of GDP against 5.8% last year. Some of the major factors contributing to this improvement were 1) provincial surplus amounting to Rs. 141 billion, 2) tax collection amounting to Rs. 2.58 trillion, up 14% YoY, 3) PSDP allocation of Rs. 437 billion against a target of Rs. 525 billion. The current account for FY15 improved as well with the deficit shrinking to USD 2.3 billion, down 27% YoY despite a 2.7% increase in trade deficit with exports clocking in at USD 24 billion (down 4% YoY) and imports recorded at USD 41 billion (down 1% YoY). Despite the widened trade deficit, improvement in current account deficit is mainly attributable to CSF receipts amounting to USD 1.5 billion and 16.5% YoY increase in remittances, which clocked in at USD 18.5 billion.

The country's forex reserves continued to strengthen and closed the fiscal year at an all-time high of USD 18.5 billion. This was mainly due to successful disbursements of loan tranches from IMF under the Extended Fund Facility (EFF), Coalition Support Fund (CSF) receipts during the year, inflows from privatization program and current account surplus in 3QFY15. The improvement in the external sector also led to stability in the PKR, which depreciated by only 3% in the interbank market during FY15 Amid historically low discount rate, receding inflation, improvement

in external account, declining fiscal deficit and ground-breaking agreement with China over CPEC, the economic situation seems ripe for take-off. Low oil prices, along with improvements in energy sector will provide impetus for industrial growth which should positively impact the current account. This in turn would strengthen forex reserves further and keep rupee stable. Government's ambitious growth targets for FY'16 would require timely implementation of ongoing projects related to energy sector and CPEC.

#### **Money Market Review**

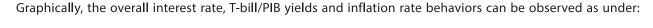
During FY 15, the SBP adopted and maintained its monetary easing stance slashing the Discount Rate (DR) by 300 bps cumulatively via four bi-monthly Monetary Policy Statements (MPS) and bringing it down to a 42 year low at 7%. In its last MPS, the Central bank also introduced a target rate whereby a ceiling rate of 6.5% and a floor rate of 5.0% have been introduced in order to inculcate better interest rate management in the economy. Inflationary trend continued towards the tail-end of FY15 with CPI for Jun 2015 clocking in at 3.16% YoY, bringing average inflation for FY15 to 4.56% compared to 8.62% last year. With the high base effect wearing off in the upcoming fiscal year, inflation might be seen to climb up slightly in the absence of further respite from oil prices in the international market and this might not provide further room for the SBP to carry out another round of key rate reduction.

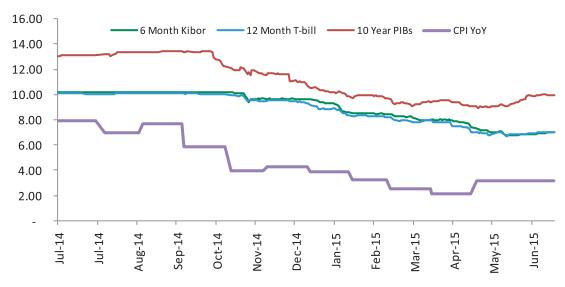
Overall, in line with the DR cuts, the interest rates and government paper yields in the secondary market have undergone a downward adjustment whereby the KIBOR has declined by 306-323bps, T-bills fell by 300-310bps while PIB yields went down by 306-430bps during the year under review. Alongside, twenty six T-bill auctions and twelve PIB auctions were conducted during this period; cumulatively Rs. 3,403 billion was accepted against a participation of Rs. 6,504 billion in T-bills and Rs. 958 billion was accepted against a participation of Rs. 2,115 billion in PIBs.

On the liquidity front, the Money Market faced a relatively tight liquidity scenario during the year, evidenced by Rs. 25,033 billion worth of OMO injections carried out by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) coupled with Rs. 2,685 billion worth of discounting availed by various counters in comparison to Rs. 1,123 billion worth of OMO mop-ups and floor placements amounting to Rs. 726 billion.

On the Shariah compliant end of the market, the SBP took measures to extend the maturity of various Ijarah Sukuks till November 2015 which helped the Islamic players to manage surplus liquidity during FY'15. Alongside, the introduction of an Islamic OMO facility to manage excess liquidity proved to be a lucrative tool for Islamic banks; during the period under review, SBP moped up Rs. 180 billion worth of excess liquidity of Islamic players through this mechanism. Initially, these OMOs were considerably effective in subsiding the demand pressures on the limited Ijarah Sukuks supply in the secondary market; however, no OMO was conducted during the last quarter of FY 15 due to which the Ijarah Sukuks prices started increasing again in turn driving down the investment yields in Islamic market.

On the forex front, the country's foreign exchange reserves reached the highest-ever level of \$18.5 billion. However, the rupee slightly weakened during the second half of this fiscal year as it stayed under pressure mainly due to the strengthening dollar against other currencies. In the interbank market, it closed Rs. 2.95 lower at Rs. 101.80/\$ while in the open market, it also closed R. 3.55 lower at Rs. 102.90/\$.





#### **Mutual Fund Sector Review**

During the FY 2015, Assets under Management (AUM) of the mutual fund industry witnessed an increase of 2.6% to Rs. 415 billion. Islamic funds grew by 23.9% during the year to Rs 105 billion, thus bringing the market share of Islamic funds to 25.3% in the mutual fund sector.

Al Meezan's market share in the mutual funds industry stands at 14.7% as at June 30, 2015 in comparison to 13.9% last year. The positive policy making and implementation led to improved investor confidence on both local and foreign fronts in turn leading the equity market to new highs. Alongside, on the back of SBP's policy of continued monetary easing, the growth in equity funds significantly surpassed that of income funds.

#### **Performance Review - Fixed Income Funds**

Name of Fund	Туре	Net Assets June 30, 2015 (Rs. millions)	Growth in Net Assets for FY15	Return for FY15	Benchmark Return FY15
Meezan Islamic Income Fund (MIIF)	Open-End Income	4,263	-13%	8.15%	5.04%
Meezan Cash Fund (MCF)	Open-End Money Market	7,618	150%	7.46%	6.24%
Meezan Sovereign Fund (MSF)	Open-End Income Fund	8,657	-57%	6.81%	6.24%
Total		20,537			

#### **Operational Review**

Please refer to respective fund management reports for operational reviews.

#### **Auditors**

The present auditors M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants retire and being eligible, offer themselves as auditors of the collective investment schemes and voluntary pension scheme under management of Al Meezan for FY 2015-16. The board of directors on recommendation of the audit committee has approved their appointment for all the collective investment schemes and voluntary pension scheme under management of Al Meezan for FY 2015-16.

#### **Outlook**

The Finance Act 2016 for FY'16 is focused towards increasing the tax collection by taxing areas of economy that were not taxed before. Measures to widen the tax net and bring non-filers under the tax umbrella are also underway as the government has introduced stringent measures in the new budget.

Structural reforms executed by the government reaped benefits and resulted in successful disbursement of successive tranches from IMF under EFF. Two waivers pertaining to reducing budget deficit and lowering borrowings from Central bank were granted to the government upon successful completion of the eight review. These waivers will in turn pave way for the approval of the next loan tranche of USD 502 million.

Considering the recent developments on the international front coupled with the development initiatives and structural reforms being implemented locally, the investors' confidence should improve further and sustain the market's growth momentum. In light of the low interest rate scenario, investor interest will move towards high dividend yield stocks. Furthermore, leverage stocks would be another proxy for low interest rate.

The stock market is expected to continue performing on the back of improving economic fundamentals and strong corporate profitability while the money market is expected to continue facing low interest rates for the near future. With the Judicial Commission's report citing no reservations on the authenticity of 2013's general elections, the political uncertainty has faded out for now. The issue of resignations tendered by MQM lawmakers is likely to be resolved by the incumbent government which has set up a committee to hold talks with the aggrieved lawmakers. With corporate profitability expected to clock in around 16% with a 6% dividend yield, we expect the stock market to stay strong.

#### **Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance**

Al Meezan Investment Management Limited always strives to maintain the highest standards of corporate governance. In compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance, the Board of Directors declares that:

- These financial statements, prepared by the management company of the Fund, present fairly the state of affairs of the Fund, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- The Fund has maintained proper books of accounts.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.

- International Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no significant doubts upon the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern.
- The sale and repurchase of units of the Funds carried out by the Directors, CEO, CFO and Company Secretary of the management company including their spouses and their minor children during the year are as under:

#### **Meezan Islamic Income Fund**

Trades By	Designation	No. of units invested	No. of units redeemed
Mr. Ariful Islam	Chairman	Nil	283,960
Mr. Mohammad Shoaib, CFA	CEO	Nil	2,550,801
Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui	Director	Nil	230
Syed Amir Ali	Director	91,586	45,804
Syed Amir Ali Zaidi	Director	18,314	Nil
Syed Owais Wasti	CFO	1,906	Nil

#### **Meezan Cash Fund**

Trades By	Designation	No. of units invested	No. of units redeemed
Mr. Mohammad Shoaib, CFA	CEO	101	Nil
Mr. Mazhar Sharif	Director	260	2,202
Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui	Director	740	Nil

#### **Meezan Sovereign Fund**

Trades By	Designation	No. of units invested	No. of units redeemed
Mr. Ariful Islam	Chairman	Nil	210,986
Mr. Mohammad Shoaib, CFA	CEO	Nil	194,187
Mr. Mazhar Sharif	Director	102,267	413,324
Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui	Director	14,242	95,370
Syed Amir Ali	Director	Nil	112,645
Syed Owais Wasti	CFO	Nil	10,418

#### Acknowledgement

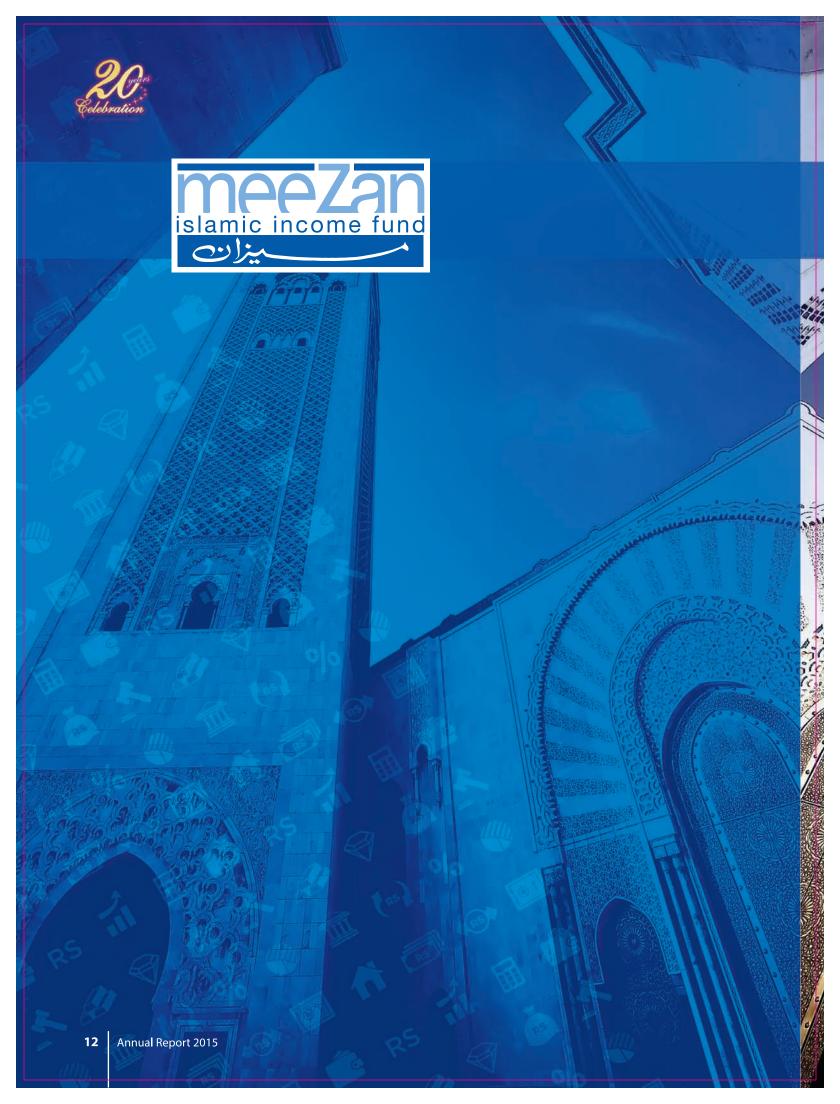
We take this opportunity to thank our valued investors for reposing faith in Al Meezan Investments and making it the largest asset management company in the private sector in Pakistan. We also thank the regulator, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and Trustee, the Central Depository Company of Pakistan for their support. We would also like to thank the members of the Shariah Supervisory Board of Meezan Bank for their continued assistance and support on Shariah aspects of fund management.

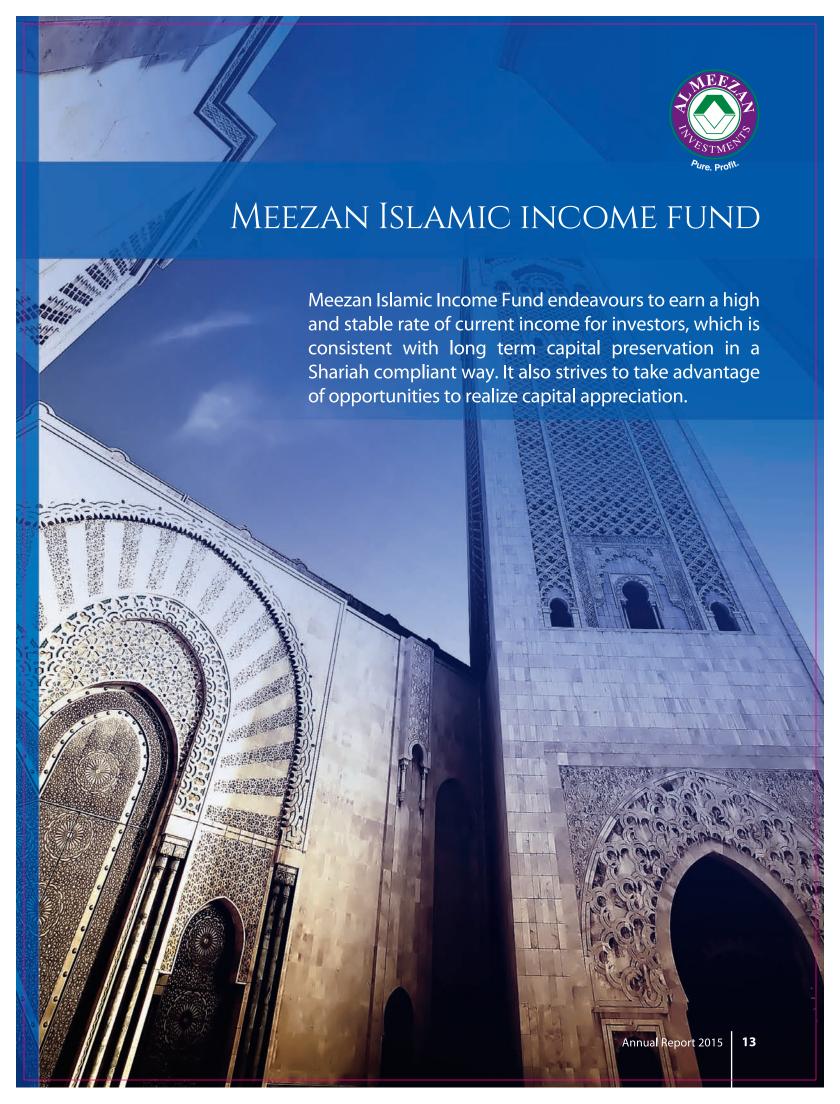
For and on behalf of the Board

Date: September 08, 2015

Karachi

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA **Chief Executive** 





#### **FUND INFORMATION**

#### MANAGEMENT COMPANY

E-mail: info@almeezangroup.com

Al Meezan Investment Management Limited Ground Floor, Block "B", Finance & Trade Centre, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi 74400, Pakistan. Phone: (9221) 35630722-6, 111-MEEZAN Fax: (9221) 35676143, 35630808 Website: www.almeezangroup.com

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

Mr. Ariful Islam Non-Executive Mr. P. Ahmed Independent Mr. Abdullah Ahmed Muhammad Non-Executive Syed Amir Ali Mr. Atif Azim Non-Executive Independent Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui Mr. Moin M. Fudda Non-Executive Independent Mr. Mazhar Sharif Non-Executive Mr. Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Chief Executive Syed Amir Ali Zaidi Non-Executive

#### **CFO & COMPANY SECRETARY OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

Syed Owais Wasti

AUDIT COMMITTEE Mr. P. Ahmed Chairman Mr. Mazhar Sharif Member Syed Amir Ali Member

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Ariful Islam Chairman Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui Member Mr. Mazhar Sharif Member Mr. Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Member

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Sheikh SultanTrust Building No.2, Beaumount Road, Karachi - 75530.

#### **SHARIAH ADVISER**

Meezan Bank Limited

#### **BANKERS TO THE FUND**

Allied Bank Limited Al Baraka Islamic Bank B.S.C (E.C) Bank Al Habib Limited - Islamic Banking Bankislami Pakistan Limited Faysal Bank Limited - Islamic Banking Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited - Islamic Banking Meezan Bank Limited UBL Ameen - Islamic Banking

#### LEGAL ADVISER

Bawaney & Partners 3rd & 4th Floor, 68-C, Lane-13, Bokhari Commercial Area, Phase VI, DHA, Karachi. Phone: (9221) 35156191-94 Fax: (9221) 35156195 E-mail: bawaney@cyber.net.pk

#### TRANSFER AGENT

Meezan Bank Limited Meezan House C-25, Estate Avenue, SITE, Karachi. Phone: 38103538 Fax: 36406017 Website: www.meezanbank.com

#### **DISTRIBUTORS**

Al Meezan Investment Management Limited Meezan Bank Limited

Askari Bank Limited - Islamic Banking Bank Alfalah Limited Burj Bank Limited Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited Habib Bank Limited - Islamic Banking MCB Bank Limited - Islamic Banking National Bank of Pakistan - Islamic Banking

Chairman



#### REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Meezan Islamic Income Fund (MIIF) is Pakistan's first and the largest Shariah Compliant open end mutual fund which falls under the category of Income Funds.

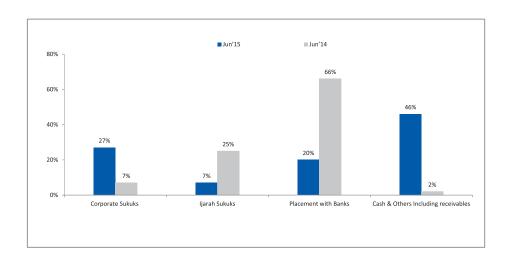
The Fund's primary objective is to provide investors with a competitive and stable rate of current income in a Shariah compliant way. A secondary objective is to take advantage of opportunities to realize capital appreciation. The Fund shall seek to provide the investors with a rate of total return consistent with a broadly diversified portfolio of long, medium and short term high quality Islamic Income instruments.

#### Strategy, Investment policy and asset allocation

MIIF invests in Corporate and Sovereign Sukuks (Islamic Bonds), Musharaka and Murabaha instruments, Shariah Compliant spread transactions, Certificate of Islamic Investments, Islamic bank deposits, and other Islamic Income products.

During the year, the focus was on proactive and continuous reallocation between high yield instruments, so as to maximize fund yield, while maintaining a balance within the risk management constraints. In this connection, funds maturing from corporate Sukuks were deployed in government Ijarah Sukuks or reinvested in similar corporate Sukuks of high credit quality. Term Deposits were also placed in order to lock in higher rates in a declining interest rate market. To manage interest rate risk and meet liquidity objectives, the fund manager during the period has kept the duration below six months.

#### Sector Allocation as on June 30, 2014 and 2015



#### **Performance Review**

During the fiscal year 2015, Meezan Islamic Income Fund (MIIF) provided a full year return of 8.15% as compared to its benchmark return of 5.04%. A rescheduled non-performing holding in the fund, Security Leasing Company Limited, defaulted again during this fiscal year and requested the lenders' consortium for a settlement against company assets; the matter is currently under negotiation with the company but it is pertinent to note that the exposure was already fully provided for. As at year end, the fund was invested 27% in Islamic Corporate Sukuks, 7% in GoP Ijarah Sukuks, 20% in Islamic Bank Placements and 44% in Islamic Bank Deposits.

The Fund earned a gross income of Rs. 638 million, which was primarily due to profit on Sukuks certificates amounting worth Rs. 236 million. Profit on saving accounts at Islamic banks including profit on term deposit receipts contributed Rs. 354 million, while realized gain on sale of Sukuks certificates was Rs. 24 million. On the other side, the fund incurred unrealized appreciation worth Rs. 22 million in addition to a reversal of provision of Rs. 0.17 million incurred in the Sukuks of Security Leasing Corporation Limited-II. The fund also incurred expenses totalling to Rs. 146 million and element of loss and capital losses included in prices of units issued and less those in units redeemed of Rs. 171 million, which brought the net income figure to Rs. 321 million. The net assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2015 were Rs. 4,263 million as compared to Rs. 4,918 million at the end of last year. The net asset value per unit as at June 30, 2015 was Rs. 54.25 (cum dividend) as compared to Rs.50.17 per unit as on June 30, 2014.

	MIIF	Islamic Bank Deposits
Net Asset Value as on June 30, 2014	50.165	
Net Asset Value as on June 30, 2015	54.252	
Return for the year	8.15%	5.04%
Outperformance	3.11%	

#### **Fund Rating**

JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company has assigned Stability Rating of A (f) to Meezan Islamic Income Fund.

#### **Distributions**

The Board of Directors of Al Meezan Investments in its meeting held on July 3, 2015 has approved a final cash dividend of 6.80% (Rs. 3.40 per unit) for the year ended June 30, 2015. Total distribution made by the Fund was Rs. 267.17 million.

#### Breakdown of unit holdings by size:

(As on June 30, 2015)

Range (Units)	Number of investors
1 - 9,999	1,419
10,000 - 49,999	449
50,000 - 99,999	87
100,000 - 499,999	56
500,000 and above	22
Total	2,033



#### Report of the Shari'ah Advisor - Meezan Islamic Income Fund

July 31, 2015/Shawwal 14, 1436

**Alhamdulillah,** the period from July 01, 2014 to June 30, 2015 was the ninth year of operations of Meezan Islamic Income Fund (MIIF) under management of Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (AMIM). We Meezan Bank Limited are the *Shari'ah* Advisors of the Fund and are issuing the report in accordance with clause 7.2.7 of the Trust Deed of the Fund. The scope of the report is to express an opinion on the *Shari'ah* compliance of the Fund's activity.

In the capacity of *Shari'ah* Advisor, we have prescribed criteria and procedure to be followed in ensuring *Shari'ah* compliance in every investment.

It is the responsibility of the management company of the fund to establish and maintain a system of internal controls to ensure *Shari'ah* compliance with the *Shari'ah* guidelines. Our responsibility is to express an opinion, based on our review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the management company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the management company to comply with the prescribed criteria.

In light of the above, we hereby certify that:

- We have reviewed and approved the modes of investments of MIIF in light of the Shari'ah guidelines.
- All the provisions of the scheme and investments made on account of MIIF by Al Meezan are Shari'ah compliant and in accordance with the criteria established.
- iii. On the basis of information provided by the management, all the operation of MIIF for the year ended June 30, 2015 have been in compliance with Shari'ah principles.

May Allah bless us with best Tawfeeq to accomplish His cherished tasks, make us successful in this world and in the Hereafter and forgive our mistakes.

Dr. Muhammad Imran Ashraf Usmani

For and on behalf of Meezan Bank Limited

Shariah Advisor

Page 1 of 1

Meezan Bank Ltd.
Meezan House. C-25, Estate Avenue, SITE, Karachi - Pakistan.
Tel: (92-21) 38103500, Fax: (92-21) 36406049 www.meezanbank.com

#### CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED

#### **Head Office**

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B' S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi - 74400. Pakistan. Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fazi (92-21) 34326020 - 23 URL: www.cdcpakistan.com Email: info@cdcpak.com







#### TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

#### MEEZAN ISLAMIC INCOME FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and Clause 9 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of Meezan Islamic Income Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that Al Meezan Investment Management Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2015 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund; and
- (iii) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

Muhammad Hanif Jakhura

Chief/Executive Officer

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi, September 23, 2015





## STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in Listing Regulations of Karachi Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of Corporate Governance.

The Management Company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

 The Management Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its board. At present the board includes:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. P. Ahmed,
	Mr. Atif Azim
	Mr. Moin M. Fudda
Executive Director	Mohammad Shoaib, CFA - CEO
Non- Executive Directors	Mr. Ariful Islam
	Mr. Abdullah Ahmed Muhammad
	Syed Amir Ali
	Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui
	Mr. Mazhar Sharif
	Syed Amir A <b>l</b> i Zaidi

The independent directors meets the criteria of independence under clause i (b) of the CCG.

- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including the Management Company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 3. All the resident directors of the Management Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. During the year, no casual vacancy occurred on the Board of the Management Company.
- 5. The Management Company has prepared a "Code of conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Management Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the board.
- 8. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose and the board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.

- 9. Three of the directors of the Management Company have obtained 'Directors Training Certification' as at June 30, 2015.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
- 11. The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Fund were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO of the Management Company before approval of the board.
- 13. The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the units of the Fund other than that disclosed in the pattern of unit holding.
- 14. The Management Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.
- 15. The board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of three members, two members are non-executive directors and the chairman of the committee is an independent director.
- 16. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Fund and as required by the CCG. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises of four members including CEO. All the other members, including chairman of the committee, are non-executive directors.
- 18. The board has set up an effective internal audit function.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Fund have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Management Company / units of the Fund and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim / final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the NAV of Fund's units, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange(s).
- 22. Material / price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange(s).
- 23. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with.

**Mohammad Shoaib, CFA** 

**Chief Executive** 

Dated: September 8, 2015

Karachi.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No. 2 Beaumont Road Karachi, 75530 Pakistan Telephone + 92 (21) 3568 5847 Fax + 92 (21) 3568 5095 Internet www.kpmg.com.pk

#### Review Report to the Unitholders of Meezan Islamic Income Fund ("the Fund") on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance ("the Code") prepared by the Board of Directors of Al Meezan Investment Management Limited ("Management Company") of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2015 to comply with the requirements contained in the Listing Regulations of the Karachi Stock Exchange Limited where the Fund is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Management Company of the Fund. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Fund's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Management Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Management Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Fund's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Management Company of the Fund to place before the Audit Committee, and upon the recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval of its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Fund's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2015.

Date: 8 September 2015

Karachi

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No. 2 Beaumont Road Karachi. 75530 Pakistan Telephone + 92 (21) 3568 5847 Fax + 92 (21) 3568 5095 Internet www.kpmg.com.pk

#### Independent Auditors' Report to the Unitholders

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Meezan Islamic Income Fund** ("the Fund"), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2015, and the related income statement and statement of comprehensive income, distribution statement, cash flow statement, statement of movement in unitholders' fund for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management Company of the Fund is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Fund's affairs as at 30 June 2015, and of its financial performance, cash flows and transactions for the year then ended in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., a Partnership firm registered in Pakistan and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation Rules, 2003) and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

Date: 8 September 2015

Karachi

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Amyn Malik

#### STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

	Note	<b>2015</b> 2014 (Rupees in '000)	
Assets			
Balances with banks	4	2,559,304	3,298,683
Investments	5	3,209,537	1,616,111
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	6	96,081	70,975
Total assets		5,864,922	4,985,769
Liabilities			
Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Al Meezan)			
- Management Company	7	35,897	15,890
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC)		,	,
- Trustee	8	472	399
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)	9	4,761	2,701
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited (MBL)		350	112
Payable on redemption and conversion of units		1,509,505	7,139
Dividend payable		-	983
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	10	50,937	40,190
Total liabilities		1,601,922	67,414
Net assets		4,263,000	4,918,355
Contingencies and commitments	11		
Unitholders' fund (as per statement attached)		4,263,000	4,918,355
		(Number of units)	
Number of units in issue	13	78,577,810	98,043,044
		(Ru <sub>l</sub>	pees)
Net assets value per unit		54.25	50.17

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive

Mazhar Sharif Director



## INCOME STATEMENT AND STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Note	2015 (Rupees	2014 <b>in '000)</b>
Income Profit on saving accounts with banks Profit on term deposit receipts Profit on sukuk certificates Realised gain on sale of sukuk certificates		296,271 57,423 235,956 23,717	213,716 - 175,582 184,698
Other income		1,812 615,179	15,014 589,010
Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) on re-measurement of investments at fair value through profit or loss (net) 5.  Reversal / (provision) against sukuk certificates (net)	.1.1 & 5.1.3 5.1.10	22,291 169 22,460	(60,890) (18,289) (79,179)
Total income		637,639	509,831
Expenses  Remuneration to Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Management Company  Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on Management Fee Remuneration to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Annual fee to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Auditors' remuneration Fees and subscription Amortisation of premium on 'available for sale' investments Brokerage Bank and settlement charges Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) Printing expense  Total Expenses Net income from operating activities Element of (loss) / income and capital (losses) / gains included in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed (net) Net income for the year before taxation	7.1 7.2 & 7.3 8 9 14	95,226 31,826 6,044 4,761 504 296 - 373 111 6,556 - 145,697 491,942 (170,726) 321,216	54,024 18,488 3,901 2,701 494 66 18 53 117 9,904 113 89,879 419,952 65,356 485,308
Taxation	20	-	-
Net income for the year after taxation		321,216	485,308
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		321,216	485,308

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Chief Executive Mazhar Sharif Director

#### **DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

2015	2014
(Rupees i	in '000)

Lindiatria da din anno / anno marilated (lana) buarralat famirand		
Undistributed income / accumulated (loss) brought forward - Realised	88,966	181,397
- Unrealised	(79,179)	15,680
officalised	9,787	197,077
	2,7.07	,
Final distribution for the year ended June 30, 2014		
- bonus units: nil (June 30, 2013 @ 7.50% i.e. Rs. 3.75 per unit)	-	(178,637)
- cash dividend: nil (June 30, 2013 @ 7.50% i.e. Rs. 3.75 per unit)	-	(5,187)
Interim distribution for the period ended December 31, 2014		
- bonus units: nil (December 31, 2013 @ 4.00% i.e. Rs. 2.00 per unit)	-	(110,267)
- cash dividend: nil (December 31, 2013 @ 4.00% i.e. Rs. 2.00 per unit)	-	(2,775)
Interim distribution for the period ended March 31, 2015		
- bonus units: nil (March 31, 2014 @ 3.00% i.e. Rs. 1.50 per unit)	_	(163,360)
- cash dividend: nil (March 31, 2014 @ 3.00% i.e. Rs. 1.50 per unit)		(1,493)
cash dividend. Till (March 31, 2014 @ 3.00 % i.e. hs. 1.30 per drift)	_	(1,793)
Interim distribution for the period ended May 31, 2015		
- bonus units: nil (May 31, 2014 @ 2.56% i.é. Rs. 1.28 per unit)	-	(113,586)
- cash dividend: nil (May 31, 2014 @ 2.56% i.e. Rs. 1.28 per unit)	-	(1,274)
Interim distribution for the period ended June 30, 2015		
- bonus units: nil (June 30, 2014 @ 2.00% i.e. Rs. 1.00 per unit)	-	(95,023)
- cash dividend: nil (June 30, 2014 @ 2.00% i.e. Rs. 1.00 per unit)	-	(996)
Total distribution	-	(672,598)
Net income for the year	321,216	485,308
Undistributed income carried forward	331,003	9,787
Undistributed income / accumulated (loss) carried forward		
- Realised	308,543	88,966
- Unrealised	22,460	(79,179)
	331,003	9,787

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive

Mazhar Sharif Director



#### STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNITHOLDERS' FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

2015		2014
(Rupees	in	'000)

	(Rupees in '000)	
Net assets at beginning of the year	4,918,355	2,644,680
Issue of 198,617,727 units (June 30, 2014: 118,363,762 units) Redemption of 218,082,961 units (June 30, 2014: 82,486,464 units)	10,364,960 (11,512,257) (1,147,297)	6,066,389 (4,200,941) 1,865,448
Element of loss / (income) and capital losses / (gains) included in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed (net)	170,726	(65,356)
Bonus units for the year ended June 30, 2015: nil (2014: 13,145,868 bonus units)	-	660,873
Net realised gain on sale of sukuk certificates Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) in value of investments (net) Other net income for the year Total comprehensive income for the year	23,717 22,460 275,039 321,216	184,698 (79,179) 379,789 485,308
Final distribution for the year ended June 30, 2014 - bonus units: nil (June 30, 2013: 3,558,522 units) - cash dividend: nil (June 30, 2013 @ 7.50% i.e. Rs. 3.75 per unit)		(178,637) (5,187)
Interim distribution for the period ended December 31, 2014 - bonus units: nil (December 31, 2013: 2,180,921 units) - cash dividend: nil (December 31, 2013 @ 4.00% i.e. Rs. 2.00 per unit)		(110,267) (2,775)
Distribution for the period ended March 31, 2015 - bonus units: nil (March 31, 2014: 3,238,055 units) - cash dividend: nil (March 31, 2014 @ 3.00% i.e. Rs 1.50 per unit)		(163,360) (1,493)
Distribution for the period ended May 31, 2015 - bonus units: nil (May 31, 2014: 2,271,713 units) - cash dividend: nil (May 31, 2014: @ 2.56% i.e. Rs 1.28 per unit)		(113,586) (1,274)
Distribution for the period ended June 30, 2015 - bonus units: nil (June 30, 2014: 1,896,657 units) - cash dividend: nil (June 30, 2014 @ 2.00% i.e. Rs 1.00 per unit) Total distribution		(95,023) (996) (672,598)
Net income for the year less distribution	321,216	(187,290)
Net assets at end of the year	4,263,000	4,918,355
	(Rup	ees)

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Net asset value per unit as at beginning of the year

Net asset value per unit as at end of the year

### For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Chief Executive Mazhar Sharif Director

50.17

54.25

50.17

#### **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Note		2015 (Rupees	2014 s <b>in '000)</b>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income for the year		321,216	485,308
Adjustments for Unrealised (appreciation) / diminution on re-measurement			
of investments at fair value through profit or loss (net) 5.1.1 & 5.	1.3	(22,291)	60,890
(Reversal) / provision against sukuk certificates (net) 5.1.10		(169)	18,289
Amortisation of premium on 'available for sale' investments Element of loss / (income) and capital losses / (gains) included		-	18
in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed (net)		170,726	(65,356)
in prices of arms sold less those in arms reaccined (net)	_	469,482	499,149
Increase in assets	_		
Investments (net)		(1,570,966)	(192,383)
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(25,106)	(20,379)
Increase in liabilities		(1,596,072)	(212,762)
Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management Limited			
- Management Company		20,007	8,113
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited			
- Trustee		73	157
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan		2,060	1,415
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited		238 10,747	15
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	L	33,125	9,841
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities	_	(1,093,465)	305,928
		(:,:::,	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts against issuance of units		10,364,960	6,066,389
Payments against redemption of units	(	10,009,891)	(4,221,351)
Dividend paid  Net cash generated from financing activities	L	(983) 354,086	(10,742) 1,834,296
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year	_	(739,379)	2,140,224
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		3,298,683	1,158,459
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 4	_	2,559,304	3,298,683
•	=		

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive

Mazhar Sharif



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### 1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Meezan Islamic Income Fund (the Fund) was established under a Trust Deed executed between AI Meezan Investment Management Limited (AI Meezan) as the Management Company and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as the Trustee. The Trust Deed was executed on September 13, 2006 and was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (NBFC Rules) and the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (NBFC Regulations) notified through S.R.O. 1203 (I) / 2008 on November 21, 2008. The Management Company has been licensed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) to act as an Asset Management Company under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules) through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Management Company of the Fund is situated at Ground Floor, Block 'B', Finance and Trade Centre, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi 74400, Pakistan.
- 1.2 The Fund has been formed to provide the unitholders safe and stable stream of halal income on their investments and to generate superior long-term risk adjusted returns. The Fund shall also keep an exposure in short-term instruments for the purpose of maintaining liquidity and to capitalize on exceptional returns if available at any given point of time. Under the Trust Deed all conducts and acts of the Fund are based on Shariah. Meezan Bank Limited (MBL) acts as its Shariah Advisor to ensure that the activities of the Fund are in compliance with the principles of Shariah.
- 1.3 The Fund is listed on the Karachi Stock Exchange. Units are offered for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferable and can be redeemed by surrendering them to the Fund. The Fund is categorized as an Open End Shariah Compliant (Islamic) Income Scheme in accordance with Circular 7 of 2009 issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).
- 1.4 The Fund has been given a stability rating of A-(f) by JCR VIS Credit Rating Company Limited. The Management Company of the Fund has been given quality rating of AM2+ by JCR VIS Credit Rating Company Limited.
- 1.5 Title to the assets of the Fund are in the name of CDC as the Trustee of the Fund.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The transactions undertaken by the Fund in accordance with the process prescribed under the Shariah guidelines issued by the Shariah Advisor are accounted for on substance rather than the form prescribed by the aforementioned guidelines. This practice is being followed to comply with the requirements of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations 2008) and directives issued by the SECP. Wherever, the requirements of the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations 2008 and the said directives differ with the requirements of these standards, the requirements of the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations 2008 and the said directives shall prevail.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' and 'available for sale'. These are measured at fair value.

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These Financial Statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the functional and presentation currency of the Fund and are rounded to the nearest thousand rupees.

#### 2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Management Company to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable in the circumstances. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

- (a) Classification and valuation of financial instruments including discretionary discounts (notes 3.1 and 5)
- (b) Impairment of financial instruments (note 3.1.6 and 5)
- (c) Recognition of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund (note 12)
- (d) Taxation (note 3.7.1, 20 and 26.1)

#### 2.5 Standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2015:

- Amendments to IAS 38 Intangible Assets and IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016) introduce severe restrictions on the use of revenue-based amortisation for intangible assets and explicitly state that revenue-based methods of depreciation cannot be used for property, plant and equipment. The rebuttable presumption that the use of revenue-based amortisation methods for intangible assets is inappropriate can be overcome only when revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are 'highly correlated', or when the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) replaces the part of IAS 27 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements'. IFRS 10 introduces a new approach to determining which investees should be consolidated. The single model to be applied in the control analysis requires that an investor controls an investee when the investor is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. IFRS 10 has made consequential changes to IAS 27 which is now called 'Separate Financial Statements' and will deal with only separate financial statements. Certain further amendments have been made to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 clarifying the requirements relating to accounting for investment entities and would be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.



- IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) replaces IAS 31 'Interests in Joint Ventures'. Firstly, it carves out, from IAS 31 jointly controlled entities, those cases in which although there is a separate vehicle, that separation is ineffective in certain ways. These arrangements are treated similarly to jointly controlled assets/operations under IAS 31 and are now called joint operations. Secondly, the remainder of IAS 31 jointly controlled entities, now called joint ventures, are stripped of the free choice of using the equity method or proportionate consolidation; they must now always use the equity method. IFRS 11 has also made consequential changes in IAS 28 which has now been named 'Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures'. The amendments requiring business combination accounting to be applied to acquisitions of interests in a joint operation that constitutes a business are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) combines the disclosure requirements for entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements (i.e. joint operations or joint ventures), associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities, into one place. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and sets out disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. IFRS 13 explains how to measure fair value when it is required by other IFRSs. It does not introduce new fair value measurements, nor does it eliminate the practicability exceptions to fair value measurements that currently exist in certain standards. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Amendments to IAS 27 'Separate Financial Statements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The amendments to IAS 27 will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements. The adoption of the amended standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Agriculture: Bearer Plants [Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41] (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). Bearer plants are now in the scope of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment for measu rement and disclosure purposes. Therefore, a company can elect to measure bearer plants at cost. However, the produce growing on bearer plants will continue to be measured at fair value less costs to sell under IAS 41 Agriculture. A bearer plant is a plant that: is used in the supply of agricultural produce; is expected to bear produce for more than one period; and has a remote likelihood of being sold as agricultural produce. Before maturity, bearer plants are accounted for in the same way as self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment during construction. The adoption of the amended standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) [effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016]. The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary. The adoption of these amendments is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Annual Improvements 2012-2014 cycles (amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The new cycle of improvements contain amendments to the following standards:

- IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. IFRS 5 is amended to clarify that if an entity changes the method of disposal of an asset (or disposal group) i.e. reclassifies an asset from held for distribution to owners to held for sale or vice versa without any time lag, then such change in classification is considered as continuation of the original plan of disposal and if an entity determines that an asset (or disposal group) no longer meets the criteria to be classified as held for distribution, then it ceases held for distribution accounting in the same way as it would cease held for sale accounting.
- IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments- Disclosures'. IFRS 7 is amended to clarify when servicing arrangements are in the scope of its disclosure requirements on continuing involvement in transferred financial assets in cases when they are derecognized in their entirety. IFRS 7 is also amended to clarify that additional disclosures required by 'Disclosures: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendments to IFRS 7)' are not specifically required for inclusion in condensed interim financial statements for all interim periods.
- IAS 19 'Employee Benefits'. IAS 19 is amended to clarify that high quality corporate bonds or government bonds used in determining the discount rate should be issued in the same currency in which the benefits are to be paid.
- IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting'. IAS 34 is amended to clarify that certain disclosures, if they are not included in the notes to interim financial statements and disclosed elsewhere should be cross referred.

The interpretation will not likely have an impact on Fund's financial statements.

#### 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### 3.1 Financial instruments

#### 3.1.1 Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available for sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. The management determines the appropriate classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition and re-evaluates this classification on a regular basis.

#### (a) Financial instruments as 'at fair value through profit or loss'

An instrument is classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' if it is held-for-trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial instruments are designated as 'at fair value through profit or loss' if the Fund manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Fund's documented risk management or investment strategy. Financial assets which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short term price fluctuation or are part of the portfolio in which there is recent actual pattern of short term profit taking are classified as held for trading or a derivative.

Financial instruments as 'at fair value through profit or loss' are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognised in Income Statement.



All derivatives in a net receivable position (positive fair value), are reported as financial assets held for trading. All derivatives in a net payable position (negative fair value), are reported as financial liabilities held for trading.

#### (b) Loans and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than those classified by the Fund at fair value through profit or loss or available for sale.

#### (c) Available for sale

These are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated in this category or are not classified in any of the other categories mentioned in (a) or (b) above.

#### 3.1.2 Regular way contract

All purchase and sale of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### 3.1.3 Recognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed its part of the contract or the contract is a derivative contract.

#### 3.1.4 Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price) plus, in case of a financial asset or financial liability not 'at fair value through profit or loss', transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' are expensed immediately.

Subsequent to initial recognition, instruments classified as financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' and 'available for sale' are measured at their fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at 'fair value through profit or loss' are recognised in the Income Statement. Changes in the fair value of instruments classified as 'available for sale' are recognised in other comprehensive income until derecognised or impaired when the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in other comprehensive income are transferred to the Income Statement.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective yield method, less impairment losses, if any.

Financial liabilities, other than those 'at fair value through profit or loss', are measured at amortised cost using the effective yield method.

#### 3.1.5 Fair value measurement principles and provisions

The fair value of financial instruments is determined as follows:

Basis of valuation of government securities

The government securities not listed on a stock exchange and traded in the interbank market are valued at the average rates quoted on a widely used electronic quotation system (PKIRSV rates) which are based on the remaining tenor of the securities.

Basis of valuation of debt securities

The fair value of debt securities (other than government securities) is based on the value determined and announced by Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) in accordance with the criteria laid down in Circular No. 1 of 2009 and Circular No. 33 of 2012 issued by Security and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). In the determination of the rates, MUFAP takes into account the holding pattern of these securities and categorises them as traded, thinly traded and non-traded securities. The aforementioned circulars also specifies the valuation process to be followed for each category as well as the criteria for the provisioning of non-performing debt securities.

Provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets are non-performing, in accordance with the above mentioned circular and subsequent clarification thereon. Additional provision may be recognised when there is objective evidence of the continuity of non-performance. Further, the reversal of provision is also made in accordance with the said circulars and subsequent clarifications.

#### 3.1.6 Impairment

Impairment loss on investment other than 'available for sale' is recognised in the Income Statement whenever the carrying amount of investment exceeds its recoverable amount. If in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss recognised decreases, the impairment is reversed through the Income Statement.

Impairment loss on investment classified as 'available for sale' debt instruments is recognised in the Income Statement whenever the acquisition cost of investment exceeds its recoverable amount. If in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss recognised decreases, the impairment is reversed in the Income Statement.

#### 3.1.7 Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expires or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition in accordance with IAS 39.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

#### 3.1.8 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities if the Fund has a legal right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



### 3.2 Unitholders' fund

Unitholders' fund representing the units issued by the Fund, is carried at the redemption amount representing the investors' right to a residual interest in the Fund's assets.

### 3.3 Issuance and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the distributors during business hours of the day when the application is received. The offer price represents the net assets value of the units as of the close of that business day plus the allowable sales load, provision of duties and charges and provision for transaction costs, if applicable. The sales load is payable to the distributors and the Management Company.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price prevalent on the date on which the distributors receive redemption application during business hours on that date. The redemption price represents the net assets value per unit as on the close of business day less any duties, taxes, charges on redemption and any provision for transaction costs, if applicable.

# 3.4 Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

An equalisation account called 'element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed' is set up in order to prevent the dilution of income per unit and distribution of income already paid out on redemption.

The Fund records that portion of the net element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) relating to units issued and redeemed during an accounting period which pertains to unrealised gains / (losses) held in the unitholders' fund in a separate account and any amount remaining in this reserve account at the end of an accounting period (whether gain or loss) is included in the amount available for distribution to the unitholders. The remaining portion of the net element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) relating to units issued and redeemed during an accounting period is recognised in the Income Statement.

The element is recognised in the Income Statement to the extent that it is represented by income earned during the year and unrealized appreciation / (diminution) arising during the year on 'available for sale' securities is included in the Distribution Statement.

### 3.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of that obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

### 3.6 Net assets value per unit

The net assets value (NAV) per unit as disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in issue at year end.

### 3.7 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in other comprehensive income in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the enacted or substantively enacted rates of taxation after taking into account available tax credits and rebates, if any. The charge for current tax includes adjustments to charge for prior years, which arises from assessments / developments during the year.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit.

The deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on enacted tax rates.

3.7.1 The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I to the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90 percent of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unitholders. Provided that, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90 percent of the accounting income, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into account.

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV to the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Accordingly Supertax introduced in Finance Act, 2015 is also not applicable on funds (Section 4B of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001).

Subsequent to the year, the Management Company distributed sufficient income of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015, as reduced by capital gains (whether realised or unrealised) to its unitholders. Accordingly, no provision for current and deferred tax has been recognised in these financial statements (refer note 26.1).

### 3.8 Revenue recognition

- (i) Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in Income Statement currently and are recognised when the transaction takes place.
- (ii) Profit on bank deposits is recognised on time proportion basis using effective yield method.
- (iii) Income on sukuk certificates, placements and government securities is recognised on time proportion basis using the effective yield except for the securities which are classified as Non-Performing Asset under Circular No. 33 of 2012 issued by SECP for which the profits are recorded on cash basis.



### 3.9 Expenses

All expenses, including Management fee, Trustee fee and Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan's fee are recognised in the Income Statement as and when incurred.

### 3.10 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management, the determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

### 3.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities at cost. Cash comprises current and saving accounts with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

### 3.12 Distribution

Distribution including bonus units are recognised in the year in which they are approved.

4.	BALANCES WITH BANKS	Note	2015 (Rupees	2014 <b>in '000)</b>
	On saving accounts On current accounts	4.1	2,554,137 5,167 2,559,304	3,293,438 5,245 3,298,683

**4.1** The balance in saving accounts have an expected profit ranging from 3.79% to 7.00% per annum (2014: 3.72% to 9.20% per annum).

5.	INVESTMENTS	Note	2015 (Rupees	2014 <b>in '000)</b>
	Investments - 'at fair value through profit or loss' Investments - 'loans and receivables'	5.1 5.2	2,030,537 1,179,000 3,209,537	1,616,111  1,616,111
5.1	Investments at fair value through profit or loss - Held for trading - Investments at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition	5.1.1 5.1.3	420,186 1,610,351 2,030,537	1,249,006 <u>367,105</u> 1,616,111

### **5.1.1** Held for trading - Sukuk certificates

Name of the security	Maturity date	Profit rate	As at July 01, 2014	Purchases during the year	Sales / maturity during the year	As at June 30, 2015	Carrying value as at June 30, 2015	Market value as at June 30, 2015	Unrealised gain / (loss)	Percentage of market value of investments
				(Number	of certificates)			Rupees in '000	))	%
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - IX (note 5.1.2 & 5.1.2.1)	November 21, 2015	Weighted average 6 months T-Bills	1,700	9,070	7,600	3,170	317,859	319,536	1,677	9.96
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - XII (note 5.1.2 & 5.1.2.1)	November 21, 2015	Weighted average 6 months T-Bills	1,000		_	1,000	102,830	100,650	(2,180)	3.14
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - XI (note 5.1.2 & 5.1.2.1)	November 21, 2015	Weighted average 6 months T-Bills	1,000	3,900	3,900	1,000	102,830	100,030	(2,180)	3.14
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - XV	June 25, 2017	Weighted average 6		,	,					
(note 5.1.2)		months T-Bills	9,740	-	9,740	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total							420,689	420,186	(503)	
Total cost of investmen	ts							417,219		

- **5.1.2** The nominal value of these sukuk certificates is Rs 100,000 each.
- **5.1.2.1** On December 12, 2014, the GoP extended the maturity of these sukuks to November 21, 2015 through a resolution passed in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting of Sukuk holders held on November 10, 2014.

### 5.1.3 Investments at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition - Sukuk certificates

Name of the security	Maturity date	Profit rate	As at July 01, 2014	Purchases during the year	Sales / redemptions during the year	As at June 30, 2015	*Carrying value as at June 30, 2015	*Market value as at June 30, 2015	Unrealised gain / (loss)	Percentage of market value of investments
				····· (Number	of certificates)		(	(Rupees in '000	)	%
Arzoo Textile Mills Limited	April 15,	6 months								
(note 5.1.4 & 5.1.9) *	2014	Kibor plus base	9							
		rate of 2%	14,000	-	-	14,000	-	-	-	-
Eden Housing Limited										
(note 5.1.5, 5.1.7 & 5.1.9) *	•	6 months								
	29, 2014	Kibor plus base								
		rate of 2.5%	59,400	-	-	59,400	-	-	-	-
Security Leasing	January 19,	Nil								
Corporation Limited II	2022									
(note 5.1.4, 5.1.8 & 5.1.9) *			3,115	-	34	3,081	-	-	-	-
Maple Leaf Cement	December	3 months								
Factory Limited	3, 2018	Kibor plus base	5							
(note 5.1.4 & 5.1.6)		rate of 1.70%								
(A-, PACRA)			51,064	-	23,600	27,464	102,058	109,714	7,656	3.42
Engro Fertilizer Limited	September	6 months								
(note 5.1.4) (A+,	1, 2015	Kibor plus base			17.750	17.750	00.674	00.630	(5.4)	2.76
PACRA, non-traded)		rate of 1.5%	35,500	-	17,750	17,750	88,674	88,620	(54)	2.76
Engro Fertilizer Limited	July 9,	6 months								
(note 5.1.4) (A+,	2019	Kibor plus base	2	04.075	2.000	02.075	415.265	420.206	14121	12.20
PACRA, non-traded)	A 4 = = l=	rate of 1.75%	-	84,875	2,000	82,875	415,265	429,396	14,131	13.38
K-Electric Limited (sukuk 2)	March	3 months								
(note 5.1.4) (AA,	19, 2017	Kibor plus base rate of 2.25%		25.600		35.600	101 560	102 (21	1.061	5.60
JCR-VIS, non-traded)	l 17		-	35,600	-	35,600	181,560	182,621	1,061	5.69
K-Electric Limited (sukuk 4)	June 17, 2022	3 months								
(note 5.1.4 & 5.1.4.1)		Kibor plus base rate of 1.00%		160,000		160,000	000.000	800,000		24.02
(AA+, JCR-VIS, non-traded) K-Electric Limited (sukuk 1)		1 months	-	160,000	-	160,000	800,000	800,000	-	24.93
(note 5.1.4) (AA, JCR-VIS,	April 19, 2015	Kibor plus base								
non-traded)	2015	rate of 1.00%		14,500	14,500					
Lalpir Power Limited	February	6 months	-	14,500	14,300	-	-	-	-	-
CP Sukuk (note 5.1.4)	18, 2015	Kibor plus base								
Cr Sukuk (Hote 5.1.4)	10, 2013	rate of 0.30%	•	53,400	53,400					
Grand Total		Tate 01 0.30%	-	55,400	55,400	-	1,587,557	1,610,351	22,794	·
Total cost of investments								1,742,470	-	



- \* In case of debt securities against which provision has been made, these are carried at carrying value less provision.
- **5.1.4** The nominal value of these sukuk certificates is Rs 5,000 each.
- **5.1.4.1** The security is carried at cost since market value is not available.
- 5.1.5 The nominal value of the sukuk certificates of Eden Housing Limited is Rs 984.375 each.
- **5.1.6** The sukuks of Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited (MLCF) have been regular on its payments as per the restructuring agreement and meet all conditions of Circular 33 of 2012 for reclassification. Consequently, MUFAP has reclassified MLCF Sukuk to performing asset and assigned it a value of Rs. 84.0211 after applying a discretionary discount of 500 bps.

During the year, the issue's rating has improved from "BBB" to "A-" on account of pre-payments made by the company. However, amongst growing concerns of strategic expansions by key players of cement sector and given the industry's dynamics, the risk of decartelization is still probable which could lead to a price war, and hence, is still a major risk for the company and its profitability. Side by side, the company's prepayment record is about to be put to test as well since 50% of the sukuk has now been repaid which was the minimum threshold.

In the light of above and as allowed in Circular 33 of 2012, management has applied additional 200 bps discretionary discount which brought down the price of MLCF Sukuk to Rs. 79.8963.

- **5.1.7** On May 6, 2011, Eden Housing sukuk certificates have been classified as non-performing by MUFAP. Therefore in accordance with the requirement of SECP's Circular No.33 of 2012, the sukuk certificates have been classified as non-performing assets and no further profit has been accrued thereafter. Further, in accordance with the said Circular, an amount of Rs 58.472 million has also been held as provision against the outstanding principal as at June 30, 2015.
- 5.1.8 The agreement with Security Leasing Corporation Limited (SLCL) had been amended on February 19, 2012. In accordance with the revised terms no mark-up is payable on the said sukuk with the approval of contributories to the sukuk certificate. The sukuk certificates have been classified as non-performing by MUFAP on April 3, 2012. Therefore in accordance with the requirement of Circular No.33 of 2012, the sukuk certificates have been classified as non-performing assets and no further profit has been accrued thereafter. Further, in accordance with the provisioning policy of the Fund, an amount of Rs 15.403 million has also been held as provision against the outstanding principal as at June 30, 2015. During the year SLCL repaid an amount of Rs. 0.17 million to the fund.
- 5.1.9 The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide circular 7 of 2009 dated March 6, 2009 required all Asset Management Companies to classify funds under their management on the basis of categorisation criteria laid down in the circular. Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company) classified Meezan Islamic Income Fund (the Fund) as 'Income Scheme' in accordance with the said circular. As at June 30, 2015, the Fund is compliant with all the requirements of the said circular except for clause 9 (v) which requires the rating of any security in the portfolio shall not be lower than the investment grade.

Following investments of the Fund are in the sukuk which are below 'investment grade' securities:

Name of Non-Compliant Investment	Type of investments	Value of investment before provision	Provision held (if any)	Value of investment after provision	Percentage of net assets	Percentage of total assets
			(Rupees in '000	0)	9	%
Arzoo Textile Mills Limited	Non-traded sukuk certificates	70,000	70,000	_	_	_
Eden Housing Limited	Non-traded sukuk certificates	58,472	58,472	-	-	_
Security Leasing Corporation Limited II	Non-traded sukuk certificates	15,403	15,403	-	-	-
		143,875	143,875	-		

5110	Provision on sukuk certificate	os (netted off against inv	astmant)	Note	_	2015 (Rupe	es in 'C	2014 <b>)00)</b>
3.1.10	Provision on surur certificate	s (lietted on against lilv	estillelit <i>)</i>					
	Opening				14	14,044		125,755
	(Reversal) / provision for the y	ear - net		5.1.8		(169)		18,289
	Closing				14	43,875		144,044
5.2	Investments - loans and rece	eivables						
	Term deposit receipts - having original maturity of	more than 3 months		5.2.1	1,17	79,000		_
5.2.1	Name of the bank	Maturity date	Profit rate	July 01, ma	eceipts de durina	Matured during the year	As at June 30, 2015	Percentage of market value of investments
			%		··· (Rupees in	'000)		%
	UBL Ameen	January 8, 2015	9.00	- 3.	50,000 3	350,000	-	-

Name of the bank	Maturity date	Profit rate	As at July 01, 2014	Term deposit receipts made during the year	Matured	As at June 30, 2015	Percentage of market value of investments
		%		····· (Rupees	in '000)		%
UBL Ameen	January 8, 2015	9.00	-	350,000	350,000	_	_
BankIslami Pakistan Limited	December 29, 2015	7.50	-	1,174,000	595,000	579,000	18.04
Albaraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	June 22, 2016	8.35	-	600,000	-	600,000	18.69
				2,124,000	945,000	1,179,000	_

6.	Note DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	ļ	2015 (Rupee	2014 <b>s in '000)</b>
	Security deposits		2,603	2,603
	Prepayments		417	367
	Profit receivable on saving accounts with banks and Term Deposit Receipt	S	64,062	59,154
	Profit receivable on sukuk certificates		28,999	8,851
			96,081	70,975
7.	PAYABLE TO AL MEEZAN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED (Al Meezan) - Management Company			
	Management fee 7.1		7,314	5,801
	Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on management fee 7.2 & 7.	3	27,339	9,648
	Sales load		408	277
	Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on sales load 7.2 & 7.	3	835	163
	Certificate charges		1	1
	-		35,897	15,890



- 7.1 Under the provisions of NBFC Regulations, the Management Company is entitled to a remuneration of an amount not exceeding three percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund during the first five year of the Fund's existence, and thereafter, of an amount equal to two percent of such assets of the Fund. The remuneration of the Management Company has been charged at the rate of 1.5 percent per annum.
- 7.2 The Sindh Provincial Government has levied Sindh Sales Tax (SST) on the remuneration of the Management Company and sales load through Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act 2011 effective from July 1, 2011. During the year SST at the rate of 15 percent (till 30 June 2014: 16 percent) was charged on the remuneration of Management Company and sales load.
- 7.3 As per the requirement of the Finance Act, 2013, Federal Excise Duty (FED) at the rate of 16 percent on the remuneration of the Management Company has been applied effective June 13, 2013. The Management Company is of the view that since the remuneration is already subject to the provincial sales tax, further levy of FED may result in double taxation, which does not appear to be the spirit of the law. The matter has been taken up collectively by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan. The High Court of Sindh in a Constitutional Petition relating to levy of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on Mutual Fund has granted stay order for the recovery of Federal Excise Duty (FED). As a matter of abundant caution, the Management Company has made a provision with effect from June 13, 2013, aggregating to Rs. 23.50 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 7.70 million). Had the provision not being made, the Net Asset Value per unit of the Fund as at June 30, 2015 would have been higher by Rs. 0.30 per unit (2014: Rs. 0.08 per unit).

### 8. PAYABLE TO CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED (CDC) - Trustee

The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed in accordance with the tariff specified therein, based on the daily net assets value of the Fund. The tariff structure is as follows:

Net assets	Tariff
Up to 1 billion	0.17% p.a. of net assets subject to a minimum of Rs. 0.6 million
1 billion to 5 billion	Rs. 1.7 million plus 0.085% p.a. of net assets exceeding Rs 1 billion
Over 5 billion	Rs. 5.1 million plus 0.07% p.a. of net assets exceeding Rs 5 billion

### 9. PAYABLE TO SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN (SECP)

This represents annual fee payable to the SECP. Fee at the rate of 0.075 percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund is payable to SECP under regulation 62 read with Schedule II of the NBFC Regulations.

### 10. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

	Note	2015 (Rupees	2014 s in ' <b>000</b> )
Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) payable Withholding tax payable Auditors' remuneration Printing expenses payable Brokerage payable Zakat payable Other payable	12	45,462 4,820 375 120 44 28 88 50,937	38,906 424 375 258 44 95 88 40,190

### 11. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at June 30, 2015.

### 12. WORKERS' WELFARE FUND

The Finance Act, 2008, introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes / mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs 0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a Constitutional Petition has been filed by certain CISs through their Trustees in the High Court of Sindh (the Court), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication.

During the year 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. However, on December 14, 2010, the Ministry filed its response against the Constitutional Petition requesting the Court to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in Court.

In 2012, the Lahore High Court (LHC) in a Constitutional Petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006 and the Finance Act, 2008 declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. In March 2013, a larger bench of Sindh High Court (SHC) in various Constitutional Petitions declared that amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006 and the Finance Act, 2008 do not suffer from any constitutional or legal infirmity. However, the SHC has not addressed the other amendments made in WWF Ordinance 1971 about applicability of WWF to the CISs which is still pending before the SHC.

The decisions of SHC (in against) and LHC (in favour) are pending before Supreme Court. Therefore, the Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has recognised WWF amounting to Rs. 45.462 million which includes Rs. 6.556 million pertaining to the current year and Rs. 38.906 million pertaining to prior years. Had the WWF not been provided, the NAV per unit of the Fund would have been higher by Rs. 0.58 (1.07%).

The mutual funds have been excluded from levy of WWF vide Finance Act, 2015. As this change has been made in the definition, no provision prospectively is being made. The matter regarding previous years would need to be clarified by Regulatory bodies / Courts.

### 13. NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE

**2015** 2014 (Number of units)

### **13.1** The movement in number of units in issue during the year is as follows:

Total units in issue at beginning of the year Units issued during the year Bonus units issued during the year Units redeemed during the year Total units in issue at end of the year

98,043,044	49,019,878
198,617,727	118,363,762
-	13,145,868
(218,082,961)	(82,486,464)
78,577,810	98,043,044



**13.2** The Fund may issue following classes of units:

Class	Description
A - Restricted	Units that shall be charged with no sales load (note 13.2.1).
A	Units that shall be charged with no sales load.
В	Units that shall be charged with front-end load.
C	Units that shall be charged with contingent back-end load.

- **13.2.1** Class A (Restricted) units were issued as initial subscription in the form of seed capital which was received by the Fund during the period December 13, 2006 to December 15, 2006 with the restriction that these units are not redeemable or transferable for a period of two years from the date of such subscription.
- **13.2.2** According to the supplemental offering document dated March 17, 2008, the Management Company of the Fund may issue the following types of units:
  - Growth units which shall be entitled to bonus units in case of any distribution by the Fund. Bonus units issued to growth unitholders shall also be the growth units; and
  - Income units which shall be entitled to dividend in case of any distribution by the Fund.

14.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	2015 (Rupee	2014 es in <b>'000</b> )
	Statutory audit fee Half yearly review fee	275 120	275 120
	Other certification fee Out of pocket expenses	100	90
		504	494

### 15. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS / RELATED PARTIES

The connected persons include AI Meezan Investment Management Limited (AI Meezan) being the Management Company, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) being the Trustee, Meezan Bank Limited (MBL) being the holding company of the Management Company, Directors and Executives of the Management Company, Meezan Islamic Fund, AI Meezan Mutual Fund, KSE Meezan Index Fund, Meezan Sovereign Fund, Meezan Cash Fund, Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds, Meezan Balanced Fund, Meezan Capital Preservation Fund – III, Meezan Capital Preservation Fund – II and Meezan Tahaffuz Pension Fund being the Funds under the common management of the Management Company, Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company (Private) Limited being the associated company of the Management Company, AI Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund and unit holders holding 10 percent or more of the Fund's net assets.

Transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration payable to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of NBFC Regulations and the Trust Deed.

Details of transactions with connected persons and balances with them are as follows:

# 2014 (Rupees in '000)

Al Meezan Investment Management Limited		
- Management Company		
Remuneration payable	7,314	5,801
Sales load payable	408	277
Certificate charges payable	1	1
Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on management fee	27,339	9,648
Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on sales load	835	163
Investments as at June 30, 2015: 9,721,722 units (June		044.000
30, 2014: 16,183,639 units)	527,403	811,933
Meezan Bank Limited		
Sales load payable	350	112
Balances with bank	41,621	63,581
Profit receivable on saving accounts	118	336
Front receivable on saving accounts		
Central Depository Company of Pakistan		
Limited - Trustee		
Trustee fee payable	472	399
Security deposit	100	100
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - III		
Investments as at June 30, 2015: 1,991 units (June 30, 2014:	108	938,850
18,713,377 units)		
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - II		
Investments as at June 30, 2015: 1,053,621 units		
(June 30, 2014: nil)	57,159	
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited		
- Employees Gratuity Fund		
Investments as at June 30, 2015: 38,330 units (June 30, 2014:	2.070	1.022
38,330 units)	2,079	1,923
Directors and executives of the Management Company		
Investments as at June 30, 2015: 1,236,744 units (June 30, 2014:		
4,092,708 units)	67,093	205,331
1,072,100 dilici)		
Unitholders holding 10% or more units of the Fund		
Investments as at June 30, 2015: 13,709,348 units		
(June 30, 2014: nil)	743,732	_
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		



For the year ended June 30,					
<b>2015</b> 2014					
(Rupees in '000)					

Al-Meezan Investment Management Limited		
- Management Company		
Remuneration for the year	95,226	54,024
Sindh Sales Tax & Federal Excise Duty on Management		
Fee for the year	31,826	18,488
Units issued: 6,453,043 units (2014: 10,693,809 units)	340,000	551,000
Redemptions: 12,914,960 units (2014: 597,967 units)	676,759	30,000
Bonus units issued: nil (2014: 1,739,877 units)		87,424
Meezan Bank Limited		
Profit on saving accounts	3,285	31,845
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
Remuneration for the year	6,044	3,901
CDS Charges for the year	17	6
<b>3</b> ,		
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - III		
Units issued: 38,131,599 units (2014: 37,463,033 unit)	2,000,404	1,927,000
Redemptions: 56,842,985 unit (2014: 20,582,148 unit)	2,995,790	1,043,292
Bonus units issued: nil (2014: 1,832,492 units)		92,050
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - II		
Units issued: 64,949,085 units (2014: nil)	3,346,361	_
Redemptions: 63,895,464 unit (2014: nil)	3,345,254	
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited		
- Employees Gratuity Fund		
Bonus units issued: nil (2014: 6,479 units)		326
Directors and executives of the Management Company		
Units issued: 247,508 units (2014: 3,127,818 units)	13,124	160,645
Redemptions: 3,103,472 units (2014: 466,159 units)	161,949	24,015
Bonus units issued: nil (2014: 380,547 units)	- 101/545	19,122
Donas ants issaea. Till (2017. 500/577 ants)		

### 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

			2015		
	Loans and receivables	Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss'	Financial assets categorised as 'available for sale'	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	Total
			· (Rupees in '000) · ·		
On balance sheet - financial assets					
Balances with banks Investments	2,559,304 1,179,000	2,030,537	-	-	2,559,304 3,209,537
Deposits and other receivables	95,664	2,030,337 -	-	-	95,664
=	3,833,968	2,030,537	-		5,864,505
On balance sheet - financial liabilities					
Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management					
Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of	-	-	-	35,897	35,897
Pakistan - Trustee	-	-	-	472	472
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited	-	-	-	350	350
Payable on redemption and conversion of units	-	-	-	1,509,505	1,509,505
Accrued expenses and other liabilities				627 1,546,851	627 1,546,851
=		<u> </u>			1,546,851
			2014		
	Loans and receivables	Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss'	Financial assets categorised as 'available for sale' - (Rupees in '000)	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	Total
On balance sheet - financial assets			(Rupees III 000) "		
Balances with banks	3,298,683	_	_	_	3,298,683
Investments	-	1,616,111	-	-	1,616,111
Deposits and other receivables	70,608	<u> </u>			70,608
<u> </u>	3,369,291	1,616,111	-		4,985,402
On balance sheet - financial liabilities Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management					
Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of	-	-	-	15,890	15,890
Pakistan - Trustee	_	=	-	399	399
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited	-	-	-	112	112
Payable on redemption and conversion of units	-	-	-	7,139	7,139
Dividend payable	-	-	-	983	983
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>	<u>765</u> .	765
_				25,288	25,288

### 17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The risk management policy of the Fund aims to maximise the return attributable to the unitholders and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

Risks of the Fund are being managed by the Fund manager in accordance with the approved policies of the Investment Committee which provides broad guidelines for management of risk pertaining to market risks (including price and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Further, the overall exposure of the Fund complies with the NBFC Regulations and the directives issued by SECP.



Risks managed and measured by the Fund are explained below:

### 17.1 Market risk

### 17.1.1 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of a change in market price (other than Currency risk or Interest rate risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer or factors affecting similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Fund is not exposed to price risk as at June 30, 2015.

### 17.1.2 Interest Rate Risk

The interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates which effects cash flows pertaining to debt instruments and their fair values.

Cash Flow interest rate risk

The company's interest rate risk arises from the balances in saving accounts and investment in debt securities. At June 30, 2015, if there had been increase / decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates or in rates announced by Financial Market Association, with all other variables held constant, net assets of the Fund for the year then ended would have been higher / lower by Rs 57.637 million (2014: approximately Rs 49.095 million) mainly as a result of finance income.

Fair value interest rate risk

Since the Fund does not have investments in fixed rate security, therefore, is not exposed to fair value interest rate risk.

The composition of the Fund's investment portfolio, KIBOR rates and rates announced by Financial Market Association is expected to change over time. Therefore, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of June 30, 2015 is not necessary indicative of the effect on the Fund's net asset due to future movements in interest rates.

### 17.1.3 Currency risk

Currency risk is that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in Pakistani Rupees.

### 17.2 Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counter parties fail completely to perform as contracted.

Credit risk arises from deposits with banks and financial institutions, profit receivable on bank deposits, credit exposure arising as a result of investment in debt securities, profit receivable on debt securities and receivable against sale of investments.

Credit risk arising on the debt instruments other than government securities is mitigated by investing in rated instruments or instruments issued by rated counterparties of credit ratings of at least investment grade by the recognised rating agencies. The Fund receives a monthly rating update, against which investments are reviewed. The Fund, however, also invests in unrated instruments based on internal ratings assigned by

the Fund manager using an approach that is consistent with the approach used by the rating agencies. Credit risk arising on other financial assets is monitored through a regular analysis of financial position of brokers and other parties. For Debt instrument settlement, Delivery versus Payment (DvP) mechanism applied by Trustee of the Fund minimize the credit risk. In accordance with the risk management policy of the Fund, the investment manager monitors the credit position on a daily basis which is reviewed by the Board of Directors of the Management Company on a quarterly basis.

2015

2014

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at June 30, 2015 along with comparative is tabulated below:

	(Rupees	s in '000)
Financial assets Balances with banks Investments	2,559,304 2,789,351	3,298,683 367,105
Deposits and other receivables	95,664	70,608
Deposits and other receivables	5,444,319	3,736,396
Credit Rating wise analysis of balances with bank of the Fund are tabulated below:		
	2015 (Perce	2014 entage)
AAA	3.22	0.10
AA+	0.49	0.86
AA	1.68	1.99
A+	0.03	-
A	94.58	97.05
	100.00	100.00
The credit rating wise analysis of investments in debt instruments have been tabulated below:		
Government guaranteed	13.09	77.29
AA+	24.93	-
AA	5.69	-
A+	16.14	-
A-	3.42	10.97
A	36.73	-
BBB		11.74_
	100.00	100.00
Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic and industry	factors similarly	affect groups

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic and industry factors similarly affect groups of counter parties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. The Fund's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit worthy counter parties thereby mitigating any significant concentrations of credit risk.

The Fund does not have any collateral against any of the aforementioned assets. The issuer of the Sukuks, however, pledge securities with the investment agent in Trust for the benefit of the Sukuk Holder.



Due to the Fund's long standing business relationships with these counter parties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Fund except for Arzoo Textiles Limited Sukuk, Security Leasing Corporation Sukuk, Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited Sukuk and Eden Housing Limited Sukuk (refer note 5).

### 17.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its obligations and commitments. The Fund's offering document provides for the daily creation and cancellation of units and it is therefore exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholders' redemptions at any time. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation. The Fund manages the liquidity risk by maintaining maturities of financial assets and financial liabilities and investing a major portion of the Fund's asset in highly liquid financial assets.

In accordance with the regulation 58(1)(k) of the NBFC Regulations, 2008 the Fund has the ability to borrow funds for meeting redemption requests, with the approval of the Trustee, for a period not exceeding three months to the extent of fifteen percent of its net assets. However, no such borrowing has been obtained during the year.

Further, the Fund is also allowed, in accordance with regulation 57(10) of the NBFC Regulations, 2008 to defer redemption request to next dealing day, had such requests exceeded ten percent of the total number of units in issue. However, no such defer redemption request has been exercised by the Fund during the year .

In accordance with the risk management policy of the Fund, the Fund's Investment Committee reviews the liquidity position on a daily basis, which is reviewed by the Board of Directors of the Management Company on a quarterly basis.

In addition to Unitholders' Fund, analysis of the financial liabilities into relevant maturity grouping as at June 30, 2015 along with comparative is tabulated below:

	2015				
		Maturity upto		More	Total
	Three months	Six months	One year	than one year	
		(	Rupees in '000)		
Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management					
Limited - Management Company	35,897	-	-	-	35,897
Payable to Central Depository Company of					
Pakistan Limited - Trustee	472	-	-	-	472
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited	350	-	-	-	350
Payable on redemption and conversion of units	1,509,505	-	-	-	1,509,505
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	627	-	-	-	627
_	1,546,851	-	-	-	1,546,851
<del>-</del>					

			2014		
		Maturity upto		More	
	Three months	Six months	One year	than one year	Total
			(Rupees in '000)		
Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management					
Limited - Management Company	15,890	-	-	-	15,890
Payable to Central Depository Company of					
Pakistan Limited - Trustee	399	-	=	=	399
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited	112	-	=	=	112
Payable on redemption and conversion of units	7,139	-	-	-	7,139
Dividend payable	983	-	=	=	983
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	765	=	-	-	765
	25,288			-	25,288

Units of the Fund are redeemable on demand at the option of unitholders, however, the Fund does not anticipate significant redemption of units.

### 18. UNITHOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Unitholders' Fund is represented by redeemable units. These units are entitled to distribution and payment of a proportionate share, based on the Fund's net asset value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown in the Statement of Movement in Unitholders' Fund.

The Fund's objectives when managing unitholders funds are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns to unit holders and to maintain a strong base of assets under management.

The Fund has no restrictions on the subscription and redemption of units.

The Fund meets the requirement of sub-regulation 54(3a) of the NBFC regulations 2008, which requires that the minimum size of an Open End Scheme shall be one hundred million rupees at all time during the life of the scheme.

In accordance with the risk management policies stated in the note 17, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemptions, such liquidity being augmented by short term borrowing arrangements (which can be entered if necessary) or disposal of investments where necessary.

### 19. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences can arise between the carrying value and fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on the quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date.



A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined with reference to the rates quoted by Financial Market Association of Pakistan and MUFAP. The fair value quoted by MUFAP is calculated in accordance with the valuation methodology prescribed by Circular 1 of 2009 and Circular 33 of 2012 issued by SECP.

The Management Company is of the view that the fair value of the remaining financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since assets and liabilities are essentially short term in nature.

The Fund measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

The following table presents the assets that are measured at fair value as at June 30, 2015.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets Financial assets held for trading		····· (Rupees	in '000)	
- Debt securities	-	420,186	-	420,186
Financial assets designated 'at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition'  - Debt securities	_	810,351	_	810,351
Destriction		1,230,537		1,230,537

The following table presents the assets that are measured at fair value as at June 30, 2014.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets		····· (Rupees	in '000)	
Financial assets held for trading - Debt securities	-	1,249,006	-	1,249,006
Financial assets designated 'at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition'				
- Debt securities		367,105 1,616,111	<u>-</u>	367,105 1,616,111

### 20. TAXATION

The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per clause (99) of part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90 percent of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unitholders. Provided that for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90 percent of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into accounts. Furthermore, as per regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, the Fund is required to distribute 90 percent of the net accounting income other than capital gains to the unitholders. The Fund has not recorded any tax liability in respect of income relating to the current year as subsequent to the year end, the Management Company distributed sufficient income of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015, as reduced by capital gains (whether realised or unrealised) to its unitholders (refer note 26.1).

21.	PERFORMANCE TABLE	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	Net assets (Rs '000) (ex-distribution)	3,995,835	4,918,355	2,639,493	1,202,676	2,515,823
	Net assets value / redemption price per unit	3,555,633	4,910,333	2,039,493	1,202,070	2,313,623
	as at June 30 (Rs) (ex-distribution)	50.85	50.17	50.20	49.93	50.06
	Offer price per unit as at June 30 (Rs)	F1 10	50.51	50.40	50.22	50.21
	(ex-distribution)	51.19	50.51	50.49	50.22	50.31
	Distribution (%) -Interim					
						3.00
	- First quarter - Second quarter	-	4.00	6.00	<del>-</del>	2.00
	- Third quarter	_	3.00	0.00	4.00	3.50
	- Fourth quarter (i)	_	2.56	_	4.00	2.00
	- Fourth quarter (ii)	_	2.00	_	_	2.00
	- Annual	6.80	2.00	7.50	3.94	2.00
	Dates of distribution (interim)	0.00		7.50	3.54	2.00
	- First quarter	_	_	_	_	September 30, 2010
	- Second quarter	_	December 24, 2013	December 31, 2012	_	December 31, 2010
	-Third quarter	_	March 24, 2014	_	March 31, 2012	March 29, 2011
	- Fourth quarter (i)	_	May 30, 2014	_	_	May 24, 2011
	- Fourth quarter (ii)	-	June 24, 2014	_	_	, , <u>-</u>
	Dates of distribution (annual)	July 3, 2015	· -	July 8, 2013	July 9, 2012	July 7, 2011
	Income distribution (Rupees in '000)	267,165	-	5,187	19,076	156,584
	Growth distribution (Rupees in '000)	-	-	178,638	76,072	189,039
	Highest offer price per unit (Rs)	54.61	54.55	54.22	52.41	52.61
	Lowest offer price per unit (Rs)	50.62	50.35	50.16	50.00	50.34
	Highest redemption price per unit (Rs)	54.25	54.19	53.95	52.11	52.35
	Lowest redemption price per unit (Rs)	50.28	50.01	49.91	49.71	50.09
	Total return (%)	8.15	11.90	14.45	7.81	11.78
	Weighted Average Portfolio Duration (years)	2.82	2.57	2.05	2.94	2.63
		One year	Two year	Three year	Four year	Five year
	Average annual return (%) as at June 30, 2015	8.15%	10.01%	11.47%	10.54%	10.79%

Investment portfolio composition of the Fund as described in Note 5.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.



### 22. INVESTMENT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

### **22.1** Details of members of investment committee of the Fund are as follow:

Name	Designation	Qualification	Experience
Mr. Mohammad Shoaib	Chief Executive Officer	CFA / MBA	Twenty five years
Mr. Muhammad Asad	Chief Investment Officer	CFA level II / MBA	Nineteen years
Mrs. Sanam Ali Zaib	Head of Research	CFA / MBA	Eleven years
Mr. Asif Mobin	VP Investments	MBA	Seventeen years
Mr. Ahmed Hassan	VP Investments	CFA / MBA	Eight years
Mr. Zain Malik	AVP Investments	CFA level II / BBA	Six years
Mr. Fahad Sultan	Head of Risk Management	CA / B.Com	Eight years

- **22.2** The Fund manager of the Fund is Mr. Zain Malik. Other Funds being managed by the Fund Manager are as follows:
  - Meezan Cash Fund
  - Meezan Sovereign Fund

23.	BROKERAGE COMMISSION BY PERCENTAGE	2015 (Perce	2014 entage)
	Name of the brokers		
	Invest Capital Management Limited	42.77	67.49
	JS Global Capital Limited	57.23	27.63
	Invest and Finance Securities Limited	-	4.88
		100.00	100.00

### 24. PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDING

PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDING		As at June 30, 2015	5
	Number of unitholders	Investment amount	Percentage of total investment
		(Rupees in '000)	(Percentage)
Individuals	1,957	1,785,053	41.87
Associated companies / directors	7	651,348	15.28
Banks / DFIs	1	9	0.00
Retirement funds	45	711,109	16.68
Private limited companies	7	68,481	1.60
Others	16	1,047,000	24.57
Total	2,033	4,263,000	100.00

As a	at Ju	ne 3	0.2	014

	Number of unitholders	Investment amount	Percentage of total investment
		(Rupees in '000)	(Percentage)
Individuals	1,693	1,495,956	30.42
Associated companies / directors	8	1,951,256	39.67
Insurance companies	1	16,892	0.34
Banks / DFIs	2	48,815	0.99
Retirement funds	44	729,023	14.82
Public limited companies	1	203,765	4.14
Others	22	472,648	9.62
Total	1,771	4,918,355	100.00

### 25. DETAILS OF MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Name	Designation	Dates of Board of Directors Meetings and Directors' present therein				
		August 28, 2014	October 29, 2014	February 20, 2015	April 15, 2015	May 15, 2015
Mr. Ariful Islam	Chairman	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Mohammad Shoaib	Chief Executive	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. P. Ahmed	Director	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Mr. Moin M. Fudda	Director	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Mr. Atif Azim	Director	Appointed w.e.f D	ecember 31, 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui	Director	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
Mr. Mazhar Sharif	Director	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Syed Amir Ali	Director	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Syed Amir Ali Zaidi	Director	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Abdullah Ahmed	Director	Appointed w.e.f De	ecember 31, 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes

### **26. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

- **26.1** The Board of Directors in its meeting held on July 3, 2015 has announced a final cash dividend of 6.80% (Rs. 3.40 per unit) amounting to Rs. 267.165 million. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 do not include the effect of these appropriations which will be accounted for in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2016.
- **26.2** In accordance with Finance Act, 2015, the Fund has discontinued provision for Workers Welfare Fund from July 1, 2015.

### 27. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on September 08, 2015 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive

Mazhar Sharif



# PATTERN OF HOLDINGS (UNITS) AS PER THE REQUIREMENT OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

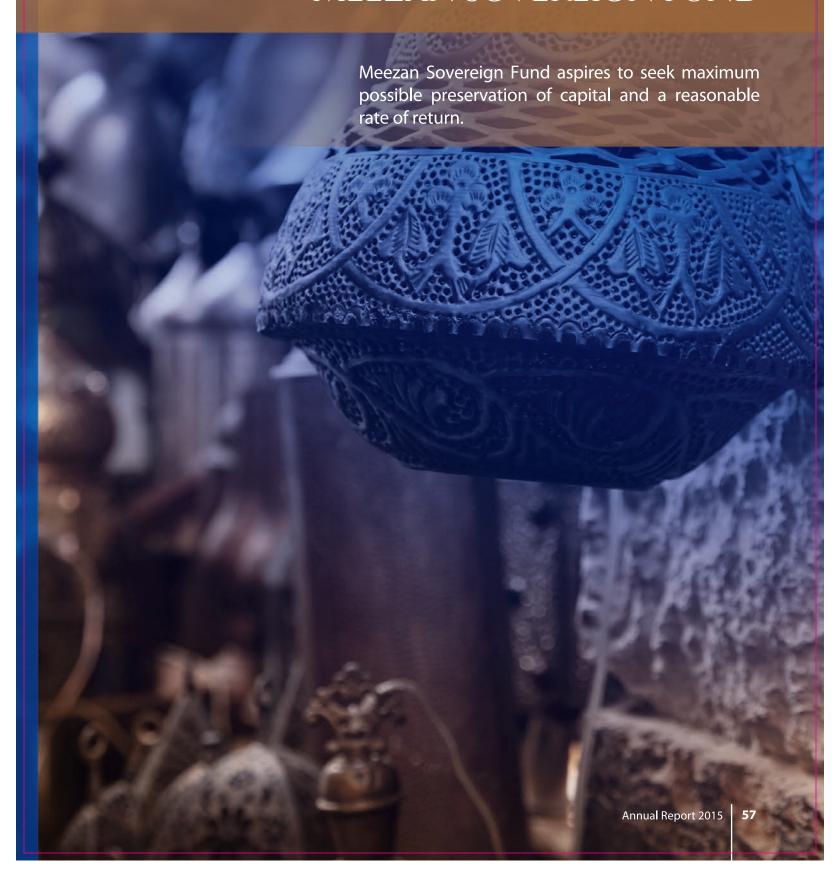
UNITS HELD BY	UNITS HELD	%
Associated Companies		
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited	9,721,722	12.37
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - III	1,991	0.00
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - II	1,053,621	1.34
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund	38,330	0.05
Directors		
Mr. Ariful Islam	1,079,108	1.37
Syed Amir Ali	91,586	0.12
Syed Amir Ali Zaidi	19,620	0.02
Executives	46,430	0.06
Banks and financial institutions	158	0.00
Individuals	32,856,594	41.81
Retirements funds	13,107,529	16.68
Private limited companies	1,262,277	1.61
Other corporate sector entities	19,298,844	24.57
Total	78,577,810	100.00



# sovereign fund



# Meezan Sovereign fund



### **FUND INFORMATION**

### **MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

E-mail: info@almeezangroup.com

Al Meezan Investment Management Limited Ground Floor, Block "B", Finance & Trade Centre, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi 74400, Pakistan. Phone: (9221) 35630722-6, 111-MEEZAN Fax: (9221) 35676143, 35630808 Website: www.almeezangroup.com

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

Mr. Ariful Islam Non-Executive Mr. P. Ahmed Independent Mr. Abdullah Ahmed Muhammad Non-Executive Syed Amir Ali Non-Executive Mr. Atif Azim Independent Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui Non-Executive Mr. Moin M. Fudda Independent Mr. Mazhar Sharif Non-Executive Mr. Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Chief Executive Syed Amir Ali Zaidi Non-Executive

### **CFO & COMPANY SECRETARY OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

Syed Owais Wasti

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. P. Ahmed Chairman Mr. Mazhar Sharif Member Syed Amir Ali Member

### **HUMAN RESOURCES & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Ariful Islam Chairman Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui Member Mr. Mazhar Sharif Member Mr. Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Member

#### **TRUSTEE**

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

### **AUDITORS**

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Sheikh SultanTrust Building No.2, Beaumount Road, Karachi - 75530.

### SHARIAH ADVISER

Meezan Bank Limited

### **BANKERS TO THE FUND**

Askari Bank Limited - Islamic Banking Bank Alfalah Limited - Islamic Banking Bank Al Habib Limited - Islamic Banking Faysal Bank Limited - Islamic Banking Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited - Islamic Banking Habib Bank Limited - Islamic Banking

### **LEGAL ADVISER**

Bawaney & Partners 3rd & 4th Floor, 68-C, Lane-13, Bokhari Commercial Area, Phase VI, DHA, Karachi.
Phone: (9221) 35156191-94 Fax: (9221) 35156195

E-mail: bawaney@cyber.net.pk

### TRANSFER AGENT

Meezan Bank Limited Meezan House C-25, Estate Avenue, SITE, Karachi. Phone: 38103538 Fax: 36406017 Website: www.meezanbank.com

### **DISTRIBUTORS**

Al Meezan Investment Management Limited Meezan Bank Limited

MCB Bank Limited - Islamic Banking Meezan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan - Islamic Banking **UBL** Ameen

Chairman



### REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Meezan Sovereign Fund (MSF) is Pakistan's first and the largest Shariah Compliant open end mutual fund which falls under the category of Income Funds.

The Fund's primary objective is to provide investors with a low risk and stable rate of current income by primarily investing in Shariah Compliant Sovereign Securities.

### **Investment Policy**

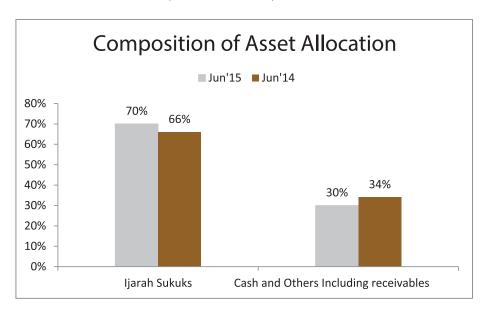
Meezan Sovereign Fund, an open end income fund, was launched in February 2010 with the investment policy stating that at least 70% of the net assets of the fund shall be invested in Shariah compliant fixed income government securities while at least 10% of the fund size has to be maintained in cash. The remaining allocation can be in other permissible Islamic investment avenues.

### Strategy Implementation - Strategic and tactical Asset Allocation

The instruments in which MSF invests are Sovereign Sukuks (Islamic Bonds), Musharaka and Murabaha instruments; Certificate of Islamic Investments, Islamic bank deposits and other Sovereign Islamic income products.

### Sector Allocation for the year ended FY14 and FY15

The asset allocation of the fund on June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015 is as follows:



### **Performance Review**

Meezan Sovereign Fund (MSF) provided a return of 6.81% to its investors for the year ended June 30, 2015 against a benchmark return of 6.24%.

During the year, the Fund earned a gross income of Rs. 1097 million, which was primarily due to profit on Sukuks certificates amounting worth Rs. 906 million. Profit on saving accounts at Islamic banks contributed Rs. 326 million. On the other side, the fund incurred realized and unrealized loss worth Rs. 87 million and 48 million respectively.

The fund also incurred expenses totalling to Rs. 217 million and element of loss and capital losses included in prices of units issued and less those in units redeemed of Rs. 321 million, which brought the net income figure to Rs. 559 million. The net assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2015 were Rs. 8,657 million as compared to Rs. 20,281 million at the end of last year. The net asset value per unit as at June 30, 2015 was Rs. 53.92 (cum dividend) as compared to Rs.50.48 per unit as on June 30, 2014.

	MSF	Six Month deposits at Islamic Banks
Net Asset Value as on June 30, 2014	50.48	
Net Asset Value as on June 30, 2015	53.92	
Return for the year	6.81%	6.24%
Outperformance	0.57%	

### **Distributions**

The Board of Directors of Al Meezan Investments in its meeting held on July 3, 2015 has approved a final cash dividend of 6.90% (Rs. 3.45 per unit) for the year ended June 30, 2015. Total distribution made by the fund was Rs. 553.89 million.

### **Fund Stability Rating**

JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company has assigned Stability Rating of AA to Meezan Sovereign Fund.

### **Unit holder Break down:**

(As on June 30, 2015)

Range (Units)	Number of investors
1 - 9,999	2,839
10,000 - 49,999	1,207
50,000 - 99,999	169
100,000 - 499,999	96
500,000 and above	15
Total	4,326



### Report of the Shari'ah Advisor - Meezan Sovereign Fund

July 31, 2015/Shawwal 14, 1436

**Alhamdulillah,** the period from July 01, 2014 to June 30, 2015 was the sixth year of operations of Meezan Sovereign Fund (MSF) under management of Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Al Meezan). We Meezan Bank Limited are the *Shari'ah* Advisor of the Fund and are issuing the report in accordance with clause 8.2.7 of the Trust Deed of the Fund. The scope of the report is to express an opinion on the *Shari'ah* compliance of the Fund's activity.

In the capacity of *Shari'ah* Advisor, we have prescribed criteria and procedures to be followed in ensuring *Shari'ah* compliance in every investment.

It is the responsibility of the management company of the fund to establish and maintain a system of internal controls to ensure *Shari'ah* compliance with the *Shari'ah* guidelines. Our responsibility is to express an opinion, based on our review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the management company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the management company to comply with the prescribed criteria.

In light of the above, we hereby certify that:

- We have reviewed and approved the modes of investments of MSF in light of the Shari'ah guidelines.
- All the provisions of the scheme and investments made on account of MSF by Al Meezan are Shari'ah compliant and in accordance with the criteria established.
- iii. On the basis of information provided by the management, all the operation of MSF for the year ended June 30, 2015 have been in compliance with Shari'ah principles.

May Allah bless us with best Tawfeeq to accomplish His cherished tasks, make us successful in this world and in the Hereafter, and forgive our mistakes.

**Dr. Muhammad fmran Ashraf Usmani**For and on behalf of Meezan Bank Limited
Shariah Advisor

Page 1 of 1

Meezan Bank Ltd.

Meezan House. C-25, Estate Avenue, SITE, Karachi - Pakistan.
Tel: (92-21) 38103500, Fax: (92-21) 36406049 www.meezanbank.com

### CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED

### **Head Office**

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B' S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi - 74400. Pakistan. Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326020 - 23 URL: www.cdcpakistan.com Email: info@cdcpak.com







### TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

### MEEZAN SOVEREIGN FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and Clause 9 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of Meezan Sovereign Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that Al Meezan Investment Management Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2015 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund; and
- (iii) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

Muhammad Hanif Jakhura

Chief Executive Officer

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi, September 23, 2015





# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in Listing Regulations of Islamabad Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of Corporate Governance.

The Management Company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

 The Management Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its board. At present the board includes:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. P. Ahmed,
	Mr. Atif Azim
	Mr. Moin M. Fudda
Executive Director	Mohammad Shoaib, CFA - CEO
Non- Executive Directors	Mr. Ariful Islam
	Mr. Abdullah Ahmed Muhammad
	Syed Amir Ali
	Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui
	Mr. Mazhar Sharif
	Syed Amir Ali Zaidi

The independent directors meets the criteria of independence under clause i (b) of the CCG.

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including the Management Company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 3. All the resident directors of the Management Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. During the year, no casual vacancy occurred on the Board of the Management Company.
- 5. The Management Company has prepared a "Code of conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Management Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the board.
- 8. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose and the board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.

- 9. Three of the directors of the Management Company have obtained 'Directors Training Certification' as at June 30, 2015.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
- 11. The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Fund were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO of the Management Company before approval of the board.
- 13. The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the units of the Fund other than that disclosed in the pattern of unit holding.
- 14. The Management Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.
- 15. The board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of three members, two members are non-executive directors and the chairman of the committee is an independent director.
- 16. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Fund and as required by the CCG. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises of four members including CEO. All the other members, including chairman of the committee, are non-executive directors.
- 18. The board has set up an effective internal audit function.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Fund have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Management Company / units of the Fund and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim / final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the NAV of Fund's units, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange(s).
- 22. Material / price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange(s).
- 23. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with.

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA

Chief Executive

Dated: September 8, 2015

Karachi.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No. 2 Beaumont Road Karachi, 75530 Pakistan Telephone + 92 (21) 3568 5847 Fax + 92 (21) 3568 5095 Internet www.kpmg.com.pk

## Review Report to the Unit holders of Meezan Sovereign Fund ("the Fund") on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance ("the Code") prepared by the Board of Directors of Al Meezan Investment Management Limited ("Management Company") of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2015 to comply with the requirements contained in the Listing Regulations of the Islamabad Stock Exchange Limited where the Fund is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Management Company of the Fund. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Fund's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Management Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Management Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Fund's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Management Company of the Fund to place before the Audit Committee, and upon the recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval of its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Fund's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2015.

Date: 8 September 2015

Karachi

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

over Hadi Elo.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., a Partnership firm registered in Pakistan and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No. 2 Beaumont Road Karachi, 75530 Pakistan Telephone + 92 (21) 3568 5847 Fax + 92 (21) 3568 5095 Internet www.kpmg.com.pk

### Independent Auditors' Report to the Unitholders

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Meezan Sovereign Fund** ("the Fund"), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2015, and the related income statement and statement of comprehensive income, distribution statement, cash flow statement, statement of movement in unitholders' fund for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management Company of the Fund is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Fund's affairs as at 30 June 2015, and of its financial performance, cash flows and transactions for the year then ended in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., a Partnership firm registered in Pakistar and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation Rules, 2003) and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

Date: 8 September 2015

Karachi

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Amyn Malik

### STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

	Note	2015 (Rupees	2014 <b>s in '000)</b>	
Assets	4	2 224 525	6 600 140	
Balances with banks Investments	4 5	3,234,525 8,275,796	6,690,140 13,724,316	
Receivable on conversion of units	J	79,483	13,724,310	
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	6	192,846	285,931	
Preliminary expenses and floatation costs	7	-	312	
Total assets		11,782,650	20,700,699	
Liabilities				
Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Al Meezan)				
- Management Company	8	71,521	54,698	
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC)				
- Trustee	9	807	1,225	
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)	10	10,213	15,287	
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited (MBL)		499	270	
Payable on redemption and conversion of units		2,901,599	225,016	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	11	141,310	123,518	
Total liabilities		3,125,949	420,014	
Net assets		8,656,701	20,280,685	
Contingencies and commitments	12			
Unitholders' fund (as per statement attached)		8,656,701	20,280,685	
		(Numbe	r of units)	
Number of units in issue	14	160,548,092	401,746,086	
		(Rupees)		
Net assets value per unit		53.92	50.48	

The annexed notes 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive

Mazhar



# INCOME STATEMENT AND STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Income	Note	2015 (Rupees	2014 <b>in '000)</b>
Profit on saving accounts with banks		326,193	511,075
Profit on sukuk certificates Net realised loss on sale of sukuk certificates		906,248 (87,259)	1,322,945 (562)
recereuised loss of sale of sakak certificates		1,145,182	1,833,458
Unrealised (loss) / gain on re-measurement of investments 'at fair value through profit or loss' (net)	5.1	(47,805)	147,842
Total income	5.1	1,097,377	1,981,300
		.,,	.,
Expenses			
Remuneration to Al Meezan Investment Management Limited	0.1	126 167	202.022
- Management Company Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on management fee	8.1 8.2 & 8.3	136,167 45,552	203,823 69,594
Remuneration to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited	0.2 & 0.3	45,552	09,394
- Trustee	9	10,420	14,480
Annual fee to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	10	10,213	15,287
Auditors' remuneration	15	410	518
Fees and subscription		260	249
Amortisation of premium on investments held as 'available for sale'		-	2,999
Amortisation of preliminary expenses and floatation costs	7	312	512
Brokerage		787	1,407
Bank and settlement charges Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF)	12	226	183
Printing expenses	13	11,417 742	33,271 1,139
Total expenses		216,506	343,462
Net income from operating activities		880,871	1,637,838
Element of loss and capital losses included		000,01	.,00.,000
less those in units redeemed (net)		(321,449)	(7,565)
Net income for the year before taxation		559,422	1,630,273
Taxation	21	-	-
Net income for the year after taxation		559,422	1,630,273
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Items that can be reclassified to income statement in subsequent pe	eriods		
Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investments classified as 'available for sale'	5.2.3	(20,861)	27,840
Total comprehensive income for the year		538,561	1,658,113
·			

The annexed notes 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive

Mazhar Shari Director

### **DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Undistributed income brought forward	2015 (Rupees	2014 <b>in '000)</b>
- Realised - Unrealised	15,835 147,842 163,677	410,650 (1,919) 408,731
Less: Distributions during the year	103,077	400,731
Less: Final distribution for the year ended June 30, 2014 - bonus units: nil (June 30, 2013 @ 2.06 % Rs.1.03 per unit) - cash dividend: nil (June 30, 2013 @ 2.06 % Rs.1.03 per unit)	-	(396,261) (181)
Less: Interim distribution for the period ended September 30, 2014 - bonus units: nil (September 23, 2013 @ 1.80 % Rs.0.90 per unit) - cash dividend: nil (September 23, 2013 @ 1.80 % Rs.0.90 per unit)	-	(348,279) (152)
Less: Interim distribution for the period ended December 31, 2014 - bonus units: nil (December 24, 2013 @ 1.68 % Rs.0.84 per unit) - cash dividend: nil (December 24, 2013 @ 1.68 % Rs.0.84 per unit)		(322,143) (80)
Less: Interim distribution for the period ended March 31, 2015 - bonus units: nil (March 24, 2014 @ 1.80 % Rs.0.90 per unit) - cash dividend: nil (March 24, 2014 @ 1.80 % Rs.0.90 per unit)		(373,709) (100)
Less: Interim distribution for the period ended May 31, 2015 - bonus units: nil (May 29, 2014 @ 2.10 % Rs.1.05 per unit) - cash dividend: nil (May 29, 2014 @ 2.10 % Rs.1.05 per unit)	-	(434,791) (73)
Total distribution	-	(1,875,769)
Net income for the year	559,422	1,630,273
Element of income and capital gain included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed pertaining to 'available for sale' investments	13,067	442
Undistributed income carried forward	736,166	163,677
Undistributed income carried forward		
- Realised - Unrealised	783,971 (47,805)	15,835 147,842
	736,166	163,677

The annexed notes 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive

Mazhar Sharif Director



## STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNITHOLDERS' FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

**2015** 2014 (Rupees in '000)

	(Rupees	in '000)
Net assets at beginning of the year	20,280,685	19,654,233
Issue of 408,566,767 units (2014: 542,570,659 units) Redemption of 649,764,761 units (2014: 563,035,844 units)	21,372,597 (33,856,591) (12,483,994)	27,562,097 (28,600,737) (1,038,640)
Element of loss and capital losses included in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed - net	321,449	7,565
Issue of bonus units: nil units (2014: 37,325,012 bonus units)	-	1,875,183
Net realised loss on sale of sukuk certificates Unrealised (diminution) / appreciation in the value of investments (net) Other net income for the year Total other comprehensive income for the year	(87,259) (68,666) <u>694,486</u> 538,561	(562) 175,682 1,482,993 1,658,113
Final distribution for the year ended June 30, 2014 - bonus units: nil (June 30, 2013: 7,918,887 units) - cash dividend: nil (June 30, 2013 @ 2.06% i.e. Rs. 1.03 per units)		(396,261) (181)
Interim distribution for the period ended September 30, 2014 - bonus units: nil (September 30, 2013: 6,960,017 units) - cash dividend: nil (September 23, 2013 @ 1.80% i.e. Rs. 0.90 per units)	-	(348,279) (152)
Interim distribution for the period ended December 31, 2014 - bonus units: nil (December 24, 2013: 6,408,258 units) - cash dividend: nil (December 24, 2013 @ 1.68% Rs. 0.84 per units)		(322,143) (80)
Interim distribution for the period ended March 31, 2015 - bonus units: nil (March 24, 2014: 7,387,017 units) - cash dividend: nil (March 24, 2014 @ 1.80% Rs. 0.90 per units)		(373,709) (100)
Interim distribution for the period ended May 31, 2015 - bonus units: nil (May 29, 2014: 8,650,833 units) - cash dividend: nil (May 29, 2014 @ 2.10% Rs. 1.05 per units)		(434,791) (73)
Total distribution Net income for the year less distribution	538,561	(1,875,769) (217,656)
Net assets at end of the year	8,656,701	20,280,685
	(Rupees)	
Net assets value per unit at beginning of the year	50.48	51.07

The annexed notes 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Chief Executive

Net assets value per unit at end of the year

Mazhar Sharif Director

53.92

50.48

## **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Note	2015 (Rupees	2014 s <b>in '000)</b>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income for the year		559,422	1,630,273
Adjustments for: Unrealised loss / (gain) on re-measurement of investments 'at fair value through profit or loss' (net)	5.1	47,805	(147,842)
Amortisation of preliminary expenses and floatation costs Amortisation of premium on investments held as 'available for sale' Element of loss and capital losses included in prices of units sold	7	312 -	512 (2,999)
less those in units redeemed (net)		321,449	7,565
Decrease / (increase) in assets		928,988	1,487,509
Investments (net)		5,379,854	852,696
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		93,085	4,872
		5,472,939	857,568
Increase / (decrease) in liabilities			
Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Management Company		16,823	31,552
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited		10,023	31,332
- Trustee		(418)	59
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan		(5,074)	567
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited		229	(37)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		17,792 29,352	30,015 62,156
		29,332	02,130
Net cash generated from operating activities		6,431,279	2,407,233
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		24 202 444	27.562.007
Receipts against issuance of units  Payments against redemption of units		21,293,114 (31,180,008)	27,562,097 (28,538,385)
Dividend paid		(31,180,008)	(586)
Net cash used in from financing activities		(9,886,894)	(976,874)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year		(3,455,615)	1,430,359
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		6,690,140	5,259,781
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	4	3,234,525	6,690,140

The annexed notes 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive

Mazhar Sharif



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### 1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- Investment Management Limited (Al Meezan) as the Management Company and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as the Trustee. The Trust Deed was executed on May 14, 2009 and was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (NBFC Rules) and the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (NBFC Regulations). The Management Company has been licensed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) to act as an Asset Management Company under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules) through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Management Company of the Fund is situated at Ground Floor, Block 'B', Finance and Trade Centre, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi 74400, Pakistan.
- 1.2 The Fund has been formed to provide the unitholders maximum possible preservation of capital along with Halal and reasonable returns by investing primarily in a portfolio of Shariah compliant government securities. Thus, minimising the credit risk of investments. The Fund shall also keep an exposure in short-term near cash instruments for the purpose of maintaining liquidity and to capitalise on exceptional returns if available at any given point of time. Under the Trust Deed all conducts and acts of the Fund are based on Shariah. Meezan Bank Limited (MBL) acts as its Shariah Advisor to ensure that the activities of the Fund are in compliance with the principles of Shariah.
- 1.3 The Fund is an open end Shariah Compliant (Islamic) Income Scheme, listed on the Islamabad Stock Exchange. Units are offered for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferable and can be redeemed by surrendering them to the Fund.
- **1.4** The Management Company of the Fund has been given quality rating of AM2+ and the stability rating of the Fund is AA(f) given by JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited.
- **1.5** Title to the assets of the Fund are held in the name of CDC as a Trustee of the Fund.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The transactions undertaken by the Fund are in accordance with the process prescribed under the Shariah guidelines issued by the Shariah Advisor are accounted for on substance rather than the form prescribed by the aforementioned guidelines. This practice is being followed to comply with the requirements of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the requirements of the Trust Deed, the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations 2008) and directives issued by SECP. Wherever, the requirements of the Trust Deed, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations 2008 and the said directives differ with the requirements of these standards, the requirements of the Trust Deed, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations 2008 and the said directives shall prevail.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These Financial Statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' and 'available for sale'. These are measured at fair value.

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These Financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the functional and presentation currency of the Fund and rounded to the nearest thousand rupees.

#### 2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Management Company to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable in the circumstances. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

- (a) Classification and valuation of financial instruments (note 3.1 & 5)
- (b) Impairment of financial instruments (note 3.1.6 and 5)
- (c) Amortisation of preliminary expenses and floatation costs (notes 3.6 and 7)
- (d) Recognition of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund (note 13)
- (e) Taxation (note 3.8, 21 and 27.1)

#### 2.5 Standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2015:

- Amendments to IAS 38 Intangible Assets and IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016) introduce severe restrictions on the use of revenue-based amortization for intangible assets and explicitly state that revenue-based methods of depreciation cannot be used for property, plant and equipment. The rebuttable presumption that the use of revenue-based amortisation methods for intangible assets is inappropriate can be overcome only when revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are 'highly correlated', or when the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) replaces the part of IAS 27 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements'. IFRS 10 introduces a new approach to determining which investees should be consolidated. The single model to be applied in the control analysis requires that an investor controls an investee when the investor is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. IFRS 10 has made consequential changes to IAS 27 which is now called 'Separate Financial Statements' and will deal with only separate financial statements. Certain further amendments have been made to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 clarifying the requirements relating to accounting for investment entities and would be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.



- IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) replaces IAS 31 'Interests in Joint Ventures'. Firstly, it carves out, from IAS 31 jointly controlled entities, those cases in which although there is a separate vehicle, that separation is ineffective in certain ways. These arrangements are treated similarly to jointly controlled assets/operations under IAS 31 and are now called joint operations. Secondly, the remainder of IAS 31 jointly controlled entities, now called joint ventures, are stripped of the free choice of using the equity method or proportionate consolidation; they must now always use the equity method. IFRS 11 has also made consequential changes in IAS 28 which has now been named 'Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures'. The amendments requiring business combination accounting to be applied to acquisitions of interests in a joint operation that constitutes a business are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) combines the disclosure requirements for entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements (i.e. joint operations or joint ventures), associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities, into one place. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and sets out disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. IFRS 13 explains how to measure fair value when it is required by other IFRSs. It does not introduce new fair value measurements, nor does it eliminate the practicability exceptions to fair value measurements that currently exist in certain standards. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Amendments to IAS 27 'Separate Financial Statements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The amendments to IAS 27 will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements. The adoption of the amended standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Agriculture: Bearer Plants [Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41] (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). Bearer plants are now in the scope of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment for measurement and disclosure purposes. Therefore, a company can elect to measure bearer plants at cost. However, the produce growing on bearer plants will continue to be measured at fair value less costs to sell under IAS 41 Agriculture. A bearer plant is a plant that: is used in the supply of agricultural produce; is expected to bear produce for more than one period; and has a remote likelihood of being sold as agricultural produce. Before maturity, bearer plants are accounted for in the same way as self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment during construction. The adoption of the amended standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) [effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016]. The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary. The adoption of these amendments is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Annual Improvements 2012-2014 cycles (amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The new cycle of improvements contain amendments to the following standards:

- IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. IFRS 5 is amended to clarify that if an entity changes the method of disposal of an asset (or disposal group) i.e. reclassifies an asset from held for distribution to owners to held for sale or vice versa without any time lag, then such change in classification is considered as continuation of the original plan of disposal and if an entity determines that an asset (or disposal group) no longer meets the criteria to be classified as held for distribution, then it ceases held for distribution accounting in the same way as it would cease held for sale accounting.
- IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments- Disclosures'. IFRS 7 is amended to clarify when servicing arrangements are in the scope of its disclosure requirements on continuing involvement in transferred financial assets in cases when they are derecognized in their entirety. IFRS 7 is also amended to clarify that additional disclosures required by 'Disclosures: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendments to IFRS7)' are not specifically required for inclusion in condensed interim financial statements for all interim periods.
- IAS 19 'Employee Benefits'. IAS 19 is amended to clarify that high quality corporate bonds or government bonds used in determining the discount rate should be issued in the same currency in which the benefits are to be paid.
- IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting'. IAS 34 is amended to clarify that certain disclosures, if they are not included in the notes to interim financial statements and disclosed elsewhere should be cross referred.

These amendments will not have an impact on the Fund's financial statements.

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These polices have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### 3.1 Financial instruments

#### 3.1.1 Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available for sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. The management determines the appropriate classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition and re-evaluates this classification on a regular basis.

#### a) Financial instruments as 'at fair value through profit or loss'

An instrument is classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' if it is held-for-trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial instruments are designated as 'at fair value through profit or loss' if the fund manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Fund's documented risk management or investment strategy. Financial assets which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short term price fluctuation or are part of the portfolio in which there is recent actual pattern of short term profit taking are classified as held for trading or a derivative.

Financial instruments as 'at fair value through profit or loss' are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognised in Income Statement.



All derivatives in a net receivable position (positive fair value), are reported as financial assets held for trading. All derivatives in a net payable position (negative fair value), are reported as financial liabilities held for trading.

#### b) Loans and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than those classified by the Fund at fair value through profit or loss or available for sale.

#### c) Available for sale

These are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated as available for sale or are not classified in any of the other categories mentioned in (a) or (b) above.

#### 3.1.2 Regular way contracts

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell assets.

#### 3.1.3 Recognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed its part of the contract or the contract is a derivative contract.

#### 3.1.4 Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price) plus, in case of a financial asset or financial liability not 'at fair value through profit or loss', transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' are expensed immediately.

Subsequent to initial recognition, instruments classified as financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' and 'available for sale' are measured at their fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at 'fair value through profit or loss' are recognised in the Income Statement. Changes in the fair value of instruments classified as 'available for sale' are recognised in other comprehensive income until derecognised or impaired when the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in other comprehensive income are transferred to the Income Statement.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective yield method, less impairment losses, if any.

Financial liabilities, other than those 'at fair value through profit or loss', are measured at amortised cost using the effective yield method.

#### 3.1.5 Fair value measurement principles and provisions

The fair value of financial instruments is determined as follows:

Basis of valuation of government securities

The government securities not listed on a stock exchange and traded in the interbank market are valued at the average rates quoted on a widely used electronic quotation system (PKIRSV rates) which are based on the remaining tenor of the securities.

Basis of valuation of debt securities

The fair value of debt securities (other than government securities) is based on the value determined and announced by Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) in accordance with the criteria laid down in Circular No. 1 of 2009 and Circular No. 33 of 2012 issued by Security and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). In the determination of the rates, MUFAP takes into account the holding pattern of these securities and categorises them as traded, thinly traded and non-traded securities. The aforementioned circulars also specifies the valuation process to be followed for each category as well as the criteria for the provisioning of non-performing debt securities.

Provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets are non-performing, in accordance with the above mentioned circular and subsequent clarification thereon. Additional provision may be recognised when there is objective evidence of the continuity of non-performance. Further, the reversal of provision is also made in accordance with the said circulars and subsequent clarifications.

#### 3.1.6 Impairment

Impairment loss on investment other than 'available for sale' is recognised in the Income Statement whenever the carrying amount of investment exceeds its recoverable amount. If in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss recognised decreases the impairment is reversed through the Income Statement.

Impairment loss on investment classified as 'available for sale' debt instruments is recognised in the Income Statement whenever the acquisition cost of investment exceeds its recoverable amount. If in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss recognised decreases, the impairment is reversed in the Income Statement.

#### 3.1.7 Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition in accordance with IAS 39.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

#### 3.1.8 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liability are set off and the net amount is reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities if the Fund has a legal right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



#### 3.2 Unitholders' fund

Unitholders' fund representing the units issued by the Fund, is carried at the redemption amount representing the investors' right to a residual interest in the Fund's assets.

#### 3.3 Issuance and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the distributors during business hours of the day when the application is received. The offer price represents the net asset value of the units as of the close of that business day plus the allowable sales load, provision of duties and charges and provision for transaction costs, if applicable. The sales load is payable to the distributors and the Management Company.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price prevalent on the date on which the distributors receive redemption application during business hours on that date. The redeemed price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day less back end load, any duties, taxes, charges on redemption and any provision for transaction costs, if applicable.

## 3.4 Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

An equalisation account called 'element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses)' included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed is set up in order to prevent the dilution of income per unit and distribution of income already paid out on redemption.

The Fund records that portion of the net element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) relating to units issued and redeemed during an accounting period which pertains to unrealised gains / (losses) held in the unitholder's funds in a separate account and any amount remaining in this reserve account at the end of an accounting period (whether gain or loss) is included in the amount available for distribution to the unitholders. The remaining portion of the net element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) relating to units issued and redeemed during an accounting period is recognised in the Income Statement.

#### 3.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of that obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 3.6 Preliminary expenses and floatation costs

Preliminary expenses and floatation costs represent expenditure incurred prior to the commencement of operations of the Fund and include underwriting commission, commission to bankers to the issue, brokerage paid to members of the stock exchange and other expenses. These costs are being amortised over a period of five years commencing from February 10, 2010 in accordance with the requirements of the Trust Deed \ of the Fund and NBFC regulations.

#### 3.7 Net assets value per unit

The net assets value (NAV) per unit as disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in issue at year end.

#### 3.8 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in other comprehensive income in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the enacted or substantively enacted rates of taxation after taking into account available tax credits and rebates, if any. The charge for current tax includes adjustments to charge for prior years, which arises from assessments / developments during the year.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit.

The deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse, based on enacted tax rates.

**3.8.1** The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of part I of the second schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, subject to the condition that not less than ninety percent of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unitholders.

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV to the second schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Accordingly, Supertax introduced in Finance Act, 2015 is also not applicable on funds (Section 4B of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001).

Subsequent to the year, the Management Company distributed sufficient income of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015, as reduced by capital gains (whether realised or unrealised) to its unitholders. Accordingly, no provision for current and deferred tax has been recognised in these financial statements (refer note 27.1).

#### 3.9 Revenue recognition

- (i) Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in Income Statement currently and are recognised on the date at which the transaction takes place.
- (ii) Profit on bank deposit is recognised on time proportion basis using effective yield method.
- (iii) Income on sukuk certificates, placements and Government securities is recognised on a time proportionate basis using effective yield method.

#### 3.10 Expenses

All expenses, including management fee, trustee fee and Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan fee are recognised in the Income Statement as and when incurred.



#### 3.11 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management, the determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

#### 3.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities at cost. Cash comprises current and savings accounts with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

#### 3.13 Distribution

Distribution including bonus units are recognised in the year in which they are approved.

4.	BALANCES WITH BANKS	Note	2015 (Rupees	2014 in '000)
	On saving accounts	4.1	3,218,428	6,679,679
	On current accounts		16,097	10,461
			3,234,525	6,690,140

**4.1** The balances in saving accounts have an expected profit ranging from 4.00% to 9.27% per annum (2014: 5.00% to 8.25% per annum).

5.	INVESTMENTS	Note	(Rupees in '000)		
	Investments - 'at fair value through profit or loss'	5.1	6,891,142	12,040,264	
	Investments - 'available for sale'	5.2	1,384,654	1,684,052	
			8,275,796	13,724,316	

#### 5.1 Investments - 'At Fair Value Through Profit & Loss' - Sukuk Certificates

			Annt	Dunahaa	Sales /	04	Carrying	Market		Percentage	in relation to
Name of the security	Maturity date	turity date Profit rate	ofit July 01, during during the June 30, as	value as at June 30, 2015	value as at June 30, 2015	Unrealised loss	Net assets of the fund on the basis of market	Total market value of			
				(Number of certificates)		(1	(Rupees in '000)			investments	
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - IX (note 5.2.1 & 5.2.2)	November 21, 2015	Weighted average 6 months T-Bills	46,450	1,350	18,030	29,770	3,014,303	3,000,816	(13,487)	34.66	36.26
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - X (note 5.2.1 & 5.2.2)	November 21, 2015	Weighted average 6 months T-Bills	35,530	5,380	22,880	18,030	1,831,862	1,818,326	(13,536)	21.00	21.97
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - XII (note 5.2.1 & 5.2.2)	November 21, 2015	Weighted average 6 months T-Bills	17,604	12,065	10,000	19,669	1,998,753	1,979,685	(19,068)	22.87	23.92
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - XIII (note 5.2.1)	November 21, 2015	Weighted average 6 months T-Bills	1,000	-	250	750	77,212	75,510	(1,702)	0.87	0.91
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - XIV (note 5.2.1)	March 28, 2016	Weighted average 6 months T-Bills	-	3,067	2,900	167	16,817	16,805	(12)	0.19	0.20
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - XV (note 5.2.1)	June 25, 2017	Weighted average 6 months T-Bil <b>l</b> s	18,000	6,350	24,350	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	_ <del>-</del>	_

Total cost of investments

6,938,947

6,938,947 6,891,142 (47,805)

#### 5.2 Investments - 'Available for Sale' - Sukuk Certificates

			_	l		_	Carrying	Market		Percentage	in relation to													
Name of the security	Maturity date	Profit rate	As at July 01, 2014	Purchases during the period	Sales during the period	As at June 30, 2015	value as at June 30, 2015	value as at June 30, 2015	Unrealised gain	Net assets of the fund on the basis of market	Total market value of													
			····· (Number of certificates)		(Numb		····· (Numbe		(Number		····· (Number of		····· (Number of certificates)		····· (Number of certificates)		(Number of certificates) (Rupees in '		······(Number of certificates) ······ (Ru		····· (Rupees in '000) ······		value	
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - X (note 5.2.1 & 5.2.2)	November 21, 2015	Weighted average 6 months T-Bills	13,500	-	-	13,500	1,354,630	1,361,475	6,845	15.73	16.45													
GoP Ijarah Sukuk Certificates - XI (note 5.2.1 & 5.2.2)	November 21, 2015	Weighted average 6 months T-Bills	3,010	-	2,780	230	23,045	23,179	134	0.27	0.28													
(11111111111111111111111111111111111111						-	1,377,675	1,384,654	6,979	-														
Total cost of investments						-		1,377,674		-														

- **5.2.1** The nominal value of the sukuk certificates is Rs. 100,000 each.
- **5.2.2** On December 12, 2014, the GoP extended the maturity of these sukuks to November 21, 2015 through a resolution passed in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting of Sukuk holders held on November 10, 2014.
- **5.2.3** Net unrealised appreciation / (diminution) on re-measurement of investment classified as 'available for sale'

		Note	2015 (Rupee	2014 <b>s in '000)</b>
	Market value of investment Less: Cost of investments		1,384,654 1,377,675 6,979	1,684,052 1,656,212 27,840
	Less: Net unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments classified as 'available for sale' at beginning of the year		27,840 (20,861)	27,840
6.	DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Security deposit Prepayments Profit receivable on saving accounts with banks Profit receivable on sukuk certificates Others		100 98 98,821 93,433 394 192,846	100 93 105,515 180,223  285,931
7.	PRELIMINARY EXPENSES AND FLOATATION COSTS			
	Opening balance Less: Amortised during the year Closing balance	7.1	312 (312) -	824 (512) 312

7.1 Preliminary expenses and floatation costs represent expenditure incurred prior to the commencement of the operations of the Fund, restricted to one percent of Pre-IPO capital, and are being amortised over a period of five years commencing from the end of the initial offering period in accordance with the Trust Deed of the Fund.



## 8. PAYABLE TO AL MEEZAN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED (Al Meezan) - Management Company

	Note	2015 (Rupee	2014 s in ' <b>000</b> )
Management fee Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on management fee Sales load Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on sales load	8.1 8.2 & 8.3 8.2 & 8.3	10,333 58,277 904 2,007 71,521	17,298 34,440 1,535 1,425 54,698

- **8.1** Under the provisions of the NBFC Regulations, the Management Company is entitled to a remuneration of an amount not exceeding three percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund during the first five years of the Fund's existence, and thereafter, of an amount equal to two percent of such assets of the Fund. The remuneration of the Management Company has been charged at the rate of one percent per annum of the average annual net assets of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015.
- **8.2** The Sindh Provincial Government has levied Sindh Sales Tax (SST) on the remuneration of the Management Company and sales load through Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act 2011 effective from July 1, 2011. During the year SST at the rate of 15 percent (till 30 June 2014: 16 percent) was charged on the remuneration of Management Company and sales load.
- 8.3 As per the requirement of the Finance Act, 2013, Federal Excise Duty (FED) at the rate of 16% on the remuneration of the Management Company has been applied effective June 13, 2013. The Management Company is of the view that since the remuneration is already subject to the provincial sales tax, further levy of FED may result in double taxation, which does not appear to be the spirit of the law. The matter has been taken up collectively by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) and the Honourable High Court Sindh in a Constitutional petition relating to levy of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on Mutual Fund has granted stay order for the recovery of Federal Excise Duty (FED). As a matter of abundant caution, the Management Company has made a provision with effect from June 13, 2013, aggregating to Rs. 50.56 million (30 June 2014: Rs. 28.26 million). Had the provision not being made, the Net Asset Value per unit of the Fund as at June 30, 2015 would have been higher by Rs. 0.31 per unit (2014: Rs. 0.07 per unit).

## 9. PAYABLE TO CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED (CDC) - Trustee

The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed in accordance with the tariff specified therein, based on the daily net assets value of the Fund.

The rates have been revised with effect from April 01, 2013. The revised tariff structure is as follows:

Net Assets (Rupees)	Tariff
Up to 1 billion	0.15% p.a. of net assets
1 billion to 10 billion	Rs. 1.5 million plus 0.075% p.a. of net assets exceeding Rs. 1 billion
Over 10 billion	Rs. 8.25 million plus 0.06% p.a. of net assets exceeding Rs. 10 billion

#### 10. PAYABLE TO SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN (SECP)

This represents annual fee at the rate of 0.075% of the average annual net assets of the Fund payable to the SECP under regulation 62 read with Schedule II of the NBFC Regulations.

#### 11. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

	Note	2015 (Rupees	2014 s <b>in '000)</b>
Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) payable	13	133,886	122,469
Withholding tax payable		5,496	63
Printing expenses payable		891	585
Zakat payable		626	53
Auditors' remuneration		297	340
Brokerage payable		114	8
Other payable			_
		141,310	123,518

#### 12. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at June 30, 2015.

#### 13. WORKERS' WELFARE FUND

The Finance Act, 2008, introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes / mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs 0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their Trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (the Court), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication.

During the year 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. However, on December 14, 2010, the Ministry filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the Court to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in Court.

In 2012, the Lahore High Court (LHC) in a Constitutional Petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. In March 2013, a larger bench of Sindh High Court (SHC) in various Constitutional Petitions declared that amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006 and the Finance Act, 2008 do not suffer from any constitutional or legal infirmity. However, SHC has not addressed the other amendments made in WWF Ordinance, 1971 about applicability of WWF to the CISs which is still pending before the SHC. However, decisions of SHC (in against) and LHC (in favour) are pending before Supreme Court therefore, the Management Company, as a matter of abundant caution, has recognised WWF charge for the period from January 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015 amounting to Rs. 133.886 million which includes Rs. 11.417 million pertaining to the current year and Rs. 122.47 million pertaining to prior years. Had the WWF not been provided, the NAV per unit of the Fund would have been higher by Rs. 0.83 (1.54%).

The Board of Directors of the management Company in its meeting held on October 25, 2013 have resolved that unrecorded accumulated WWF provision in the fund from the date of its application till December 31, 2012, in case is required to be paid, shall be borne by Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management



2014

Company of the fund). Therefore, the Fund is not exposed to this unrecorded accumulated WWF provision. The unrecorded accumulated provision for WWF up to December 31, 2012 is Rs. 74.019 million.

The mutual funds have been excluded from levy of WWF vide Finance Act, 2015. As this change has been made in the definition, no provision prospectively is being made. The matter regarding previous years would need to be clarified by Regulatory bodies / Courts.

#### 14. NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE

**14.1** The movement in number of units in issue during the year is as follows:

(Number of units)

401,746,086 384,886,259
408,566,767 542,570,659
- 37,325,012

2015

Total units in issue at beginning of the year Add: units issued during the year Add: bonus units issued during the year Less: units redeemed during the year Total units in issue at end of the year

(649,764,761) 160,548,092 (563,035,844) 401,746,086

**14.2** The Fund may issue following classes of units:

#### **Class** Description

- A Units shall be issued to Core Investors with no Front-end load and no Back-end load. Any bonus units issued for distribution of income shall also be Class A units (note 14.2.1).
- B Units shall be issued to Pre-IPO investors and during the IPO. These units shall be charged with applicable Front-end Load.
- C Units shall be issued after the IPO period and may be charged with a Front-end load.
- D Units shall be issued after the IPO period and may be charged with a Back-end load.
- **14.2.1** Core units subscribed by the core investors shall be offered and issued at the par value. Rupees 50 million from that shall not be redeemable for a period of two years from the date of issue.
- **14.3** Management Company of the Fund may issue the following types of units:
  - Growth units which shall be entitled to bonus units in case of any distribution by the Fund. Bonus units issued to growth unit holders shall also be the growth units.
  - Income units which shall be entitled to cash dividend in case of any distribution by the Fund.
- 14.4 The par value of each unit is Rs. 50. The Management Company of the Fund has set a minimum initial investment limit of Rs. 5,000 and the minimum amount for adding to an existing account is Rs. 1,000. All units carry equal rights and are entitled to dividends and payment of net asset value on liquidation.

15.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	2015 (Rupe	2014 <b>es in '000)</b>
	Statutory Audit fee	190	190
	Half yearly review fee	120	120
	Other certification fee	100	100
	Out of pocket expenses		108
		410	518

#### 16. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS / RELATED PARTIES

The connected persons include Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Al Meezan) being the Management Company, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) being the Trustee, Meezan Bank Limited (MBL) being the holding company of the Management Company and Meezan Islamic Fund, Al Meezan Mutual Fund, KSE Meezan Index Fund, Meezan Islami Income Fund, Meezan Cash Fund, Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds, Meezan Balanced Fund, Meezan Capital Preservation Fund – III, Meezan Capital Preservation Fund – II and Meezan Tahaffuz Pension Fund being the Funds under the common management of the Management Company, Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company (Private) Limited being the associated company of the Management Company, Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund and unit holders holding 10 percent or more of the fund.

Transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration payable to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of NBFC Regulations, 2008 and the Trust Deed respectively.

Details of transactions with connected persons and balances with them at the year end are as follows:

Al Meezan Investment Management Limited	2015	2014
- Management Company	(Rupee:	s in '000)
Danson austina arandala	10 222	17 200
Remuneration payable	10,333	17,298
Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty payable on management fee	58,277	34,440
Sales load payable	904	1,535
Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty payable on sales load	2,007	1,425
Investments as at 30 June, 2015: nil units (30 June 2014: 619,702 units)		31,283
Meezan Bank Limited		
Balances with bank	101,475	167,608
Profit receivable on saving accounts	332	18,464
Sales load payable	499	270
Investments as at 30 June, 2015: 56,706,764 units		
(30 June 2014: 129,875,189 units)	3,057,628	6,556,100
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
Trustee fee payable	807	1,225
Deposits	100	100
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund		
Investments as at 30 June, 2015: 44,826 units (30 June 2014: 44,826 units)	2,417	2,263
Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds Investment as at 30 June 2015: 1,936,916 units		
- Aggressive Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,942,386 units)	104,439	98,052
Investment as at 30 June 2015: 4,984,360 units		
- Conservative Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 5,044,442 units)	268,757	254,644
Investment as at 30 June 2015: 3,485,449 units		
- Moderate Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 2,489,711 units)	187,935	125,681



MCPP - I (2014: nil units)	Investment as at 30 June 2015 4,529,964 units	2015 (Rupees	2014 s <b>in '000)</b>
Meezan Capital Preservation Funds III	- MCPP - I (2014: nil units)	244,256	
Investment as at 30 June, 2015: 5,533,153 units (30 June 2014: nil units)   298,348   -		468,541	
Directors and officers of the Management Company   Investment as at 30 June, 2015: 177,443 units (30 June 2014: 1,419,337 units)   9,568   71,648		<u>298,348</u>	
Profit or saving accounts		304,540	5
All Meezan Investment Management Limited		9,568	71,648
Remuneration for the year   136,167   203,823   5indh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on management fee   45,552   69,594   10,115 issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 12,920,271 units)   - 654,563   1,297,102   10,115 redeemed: 619,702 units (30 June 2014: 25,555,094 units)   31,461   1,297,102   1,297,1			
Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on management fee       45,552       69,594         Units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 12,920,271 units)       -       654,563         Units redeemed: 619,702 units (30 June 2014: 25,555,094 units)       31,461       1,297,102         Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 918,736 units)       -       46,080         Meezan Bank Limited         Profit on saving accounts       4,086       135,890         Units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 78,400,627 units)       -       4,000,000         Units redeemed: 73,168,424 units (30 June 2014: 109,828,451 units)       3,745,306       5,590,439         Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 12,473,631 units)       -       626,483         Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited         - Trustee         Remuneration fee       10,420       14,480         CDS Charges       6       6         Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund         Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 3,984 units)       -       200         Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds         Purchase of 1,008,898 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan         (30 June 2014: 1,210,797 units)       52,721       61,211         Purchase of 4,507,010 units - Conservative Allocation Plan         (30 June 2014: 1,923,283 units)			
Units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 12,920,271 units) Units redeemed: 619,702 units (30 June 2014: 25,555,094 units) Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 918,736 units)  Meezan Bank Limited Profit on saving accounts Units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 78,400,627 units) Units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 109,828,451 units) Units redeemed: 73,168,424 units (30 June 2014: 109,828,451 units) Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 12,473,631 units)  Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee  Remuneration fee CDS Charges  Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 3,984 units)  Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds Purchase of 1,008,898 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 3,113,704 units) Purchase of 4,507,010 units - Conservative Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 3,413,704 units) Purchase of 2,746,285 units - Moderate Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,923,283 units) Purchase of 20,492,959 units - MCPP I (30 June 2014: nil units) Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units) Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan			
Units redeemed: 619,702 units (30 June 2014: 25,555,094 units)   31,461   1,297,102   8   8   8   1   46,080	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u>45,552</u>	
Meezan Bank Limited       4,086       135,890         Profit on saving accounts       4,086       135,890         Units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 78,400,627 units)       -       4,000,000         Units redeemed: 73,168,424 units (30 June 2014: 109,828,451 units)       3,745,306       5,590,439         Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 12,473,631 units)       -       626,483         Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited		31,461	
Profit on saving accounts Units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 78,400,627 units) Units redeemed: 73,168,424 units (30 June 2014: 109,828,451 units) Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 12,473,631 units)  Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee  Remuneration fee CDS Charges  Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 3,984 units)  Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds Purchase of 1,008,898 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,210,797 units) Purchase of 4,507,010 units - Conservative Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 3,413,704 units) Purchase of 2,746,285 units - Moderate Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,923,283 units) Purchase of 20,492,959 units - MCPP I (30 June 2014: nil units) Purchase of 82,759,037 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 3,413,704 units) Purchase of 2,746,368 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units) Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan  Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan  Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan	Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 918,736 units)		46,080
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee  Remuneration fee CDS Charges 6 Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 3,984 units) - 200  Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds Purchase of 1,008,898 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,210,797 units) Purchase of 4,507,010 units - Conservative Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 3,413,704 units) Purchase of 2,746,285 units - Moderate Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,923,283 units) Purchase of 20,492,959 units - MCPP I (30 June 2014: nil units) Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units) Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan	Profit on saving accounts Units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 78,400,627 units) Units redeemed: 73,168,424 units (30 June 2014: 109,828,451 units)	-	4,000,000 5,590,439
Remuneration fee			020,463
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 3,984 units)  Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds Purchase of 1,008,898 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,210,797 units) Furchase of 4,507,010 units - Conservative Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 3,413,704 units) Purchase of 2,746,285 units - Moderate Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,923,283 units) Purchase of 20,492,959 units - MCPP I (30 June 2014: nil units) Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units) Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan			
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 3,984 units)  Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds Purchase of 1,008,898 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,210,797 units) Furchase of 4,507,010 units - Conservative Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 3,413,704 units) Purchase of 2,746,285 units - Moderate Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,923,283 units) Purchase of 20,492,959 units - MCPP I (30 June 2014: nil units) Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units) Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan			
Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 3,984 units)  - 200  Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds  Purchase of 1,008,898 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,210,797 units)  Purchase of 4,507,010 units - Conservative Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 3,413,704 units)  Purchase of 2,746,285 units - Moderate Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,923,283 units)  Purchase of 20,492,959 units - MCPP I (30 June 2014: nil units)  Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units)  Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan			
Purchase of 1,008,898 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,210,797 units)  Purchase of 4,507,010 units - Conservative Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 3,413,704 units)  Purchase of 2,746,285 units - Moderate Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,923,283 units)  Purchase of 20,492,959 units - MCPP I (30 June 2014: nil units)  Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units)  Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan			200
(30 June 2014: 1,210,797 units)  Purchase of 4,507,010 units - Conservative Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 3,413,704 units)  Purchase of 2,746,285 units - Moderate Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,923,283 units)  Purchase of 20,492,959 units - MCPP I (30 June 2014: nil units)  Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units)  Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan	<u> </u>		
(30 June 2014: 3,413,704 units)  Purchase of 2,746,285 units - Moderate Allocation Plan (30 June 2014: 1,923,283 units)  Purchase of 20,492,959 units - MCPP I (30 June 2014: nil units)  Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units)  Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan	(30 June 2014: 1,210,797 units)	52,721	61,211
(30 June 2014: 1,923,283 units)  Purchase of 20,492,959 units - MCPP I (30 June 2014: nil units)  Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units)  Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan		232,834	172,860
Purchase of 20,492,959 units - MCPP I (30 June 2014: nil units) Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units)  Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan		1/12 660	07 /22
Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units)  Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan	, , ,		
	Purchase of 82,759,037 units - MCPP II (30 June 2014: nil units)		-
(30 June, 2014: 612,146 units) 53,001 31,043	Sale of 1,014,368 units - Aggressive Allocation Plan		
	(30 June, 2014: 612,146 units)	53,001	31,043

		ear ended e 30,
Sale of 4,567,092 units - Conservative Allocation Plan	2015 (Rupees	2014 s <b>in '000)</b>
(30 June, 2014: 2,605,238 units)	238,694	131,972
Sale of 1,750,547 units - Moderate Allocation Plan		
(30 June, 2013: 1,063,587 units)	92,053	53,814
Sale of 15,962,995 units - MCPP I (30 June, 2014: nil units)	849,972	
Sale of 74,069,478 units - MCPP II (30 June, 2014: nil units)	3,931,032	
Bonus units issued - Aggressive Allocation Plan: nil units		4.004
(30 June 2014: 137,306 units)		6,901
Bonus units issued - Conservative Allocation Plan: nil units		21.006
(30 June 2014: 437,799 units) Bonus units issued - Moderate Allocation Plan: nil units		21,996
(30 June 2014: 161,285 units)		8,105
(30 Julie 2014. 101,263 utilits)		<u> </u>
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund III		
Units issued: 7,685,686 (30 June 2014: 43,920,901 units)	412,900	2,230,000
Units redeemed: 2,152,533 units (30 June 2014: 44,044,851 units)	116,000	2,249,015
Bonus units issued: nil (30 June 2014: 123,950 units)	-	6,271
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund II		
Units issued: 7,058,168 (30 June 2014: 99 units)	379,080	5
Units redeemed: 1,410,280 (30 June 2014: nil units)	76,000	
Directors and officers of the Management Company		
Units issued: 338,132 units (30 June 2014: 925,780 units)	17,069	46,998
Units redeemed: 1,580,027 units (30 June 2014: 4,187,313 units)	79,760	213,639
Bonus units issued: nil units (30 June 2014: 274,866 units)	-	13,788

#### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

	2015				
	Loans and receivables	Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss'	Financial assets categorized as 'available for sale'	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Total
			(Rupees in '000) ···		
On balance sheet - financial assets					
Balances with banks	3,234,525	-	-	-	3,234,525
Investments	-	6,891,142	1,384,654	-	8,275,796
Receivable on conversion of units	79,483	-	-	-	79,483
Deposits and other receivables	192,354	-	-	-	192,354
	3,506,362	6,891,142	1,384,654	-	11,782,158
On balance sheet - financial liabilities					
Payable to Al Meezan Investment					
Management Limited - Management Company	-	-	-	71,521	71,521
Payable to Central Depository Company					
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	-	-	-	807	807
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited	-	-	-	499	499
Payable on redemption and conversion of units	-	-	-	2,901,599	2,901,599
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	-	-	-	1,302	1,302
_	-	-	-	2,975,728	2,975,728
=					



			2014		
	Loans and receivables	Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss'	Financial assets categorized as 'available for sale'	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Total
			(Rupees in '000) ···		
On balance sheet - financial assets					
Balances with banks	6,690,140	=	=	=	6,690,140
Investments	-	12,040,264	1,684,052	-	13,724,316
Deposits and other receivables	285,838	<u>-</u>			285,838
_	6,975,978	12,040,264	1,684,052	<u> </u>	20,700,294
On balance sheet - financial liabilities					
Payable to Al Meezan Investment					
Management Limited - Management Company	-	-	-	54,698	54,698
Payable to Central Depository Company					
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	=	=	-	1,225	1,225
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited	=	=	=	270	270
Payable on redemption and conversion of units	-	-	-	225,016	225,016
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	933	933
_	-	-	-	282,142	282,142

#### 18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies:

The risk management policy of the Fund aims to maximise the return attributable to the unit holders and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

Risks of the Fund are being managed by the fund manager in accordance with the approved policies of the Investment Committee which provides broad guidelines for management of risk pertaining to market risks (including price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Further, the overall exposure of the Fund complies with the NBFC Regulations and the directives issued by the SECP.

Risks managed and measured by the Fund are explained below:

#### 18.1 Market risk

#### 18.1.1 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from Currency risk or Interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instruments or its issuer or factors affecting all similar financial instrument traded in the market. The Fund is not exposed to any price risk as at June 30, 2015.

#### 18.1.2 Interest rate risk

The interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates which effects cash flows pertaining to debt instruments and their fair values.

Cash flow interest rate risk

The Company's interest rate risk arises from the balances in savings accounts and investment in debt securities. At June 30, 2015, if there had been increase / decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates or in

rates announced by Financial Market Association, with all other variables held constant, net assets of the Fund for the year then ended would have been higher / lower by Rs 114.942 million (2014: Rs 204.023 million) mainly as a result of finance income.

Fair value interest rate risk

Since the Fund does not have investments in fixed rate security, therefore, is not exposed to fair value interest rate risk.

The composition of the Fund's investment portfolio, KIBOR rates and rates announced by Financial Market Association is expected to change over time. Therefore, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of June 30, 2015 is not necessary indicative of the effect on the fund's net asset due to future movements in interest rates.

#### 18.2 Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counter parties fail completely to perform as contracted. Credit risk arising on the debt instruments is mitigated by investing in rated instruments or instruments issued by rated counter parties of credit ratings of at least investment grade by the recognised rating agencies. The Fund receives a monthly rating update, against which investments are reviewed. All the debt instruments in which the Fund has invested as at June 30, 2015 are Government guaranteed securities.

Credit risk arises from deposits with banks and financial instruments, profit receivable on bank deposits and credit exposure arising as a result of receivable against sale of investments. Credit risk arising on other financial assets is monitored through a regular analysis of financial position of brokers and other parties. For debt instrument settlement, Delivery versus Payment (DvP) mechanism applied by the Trustee of the fund minimises the credit risk. In accordance with the risk management policy of the Fund, the investment committee monitors the credit position on a daily basis which is reviewed by the Board of Directors of the Management Company on a quarterly basis.

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic and industry factors similarly affect groups of counter parties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. The Fund's portfolio mainly comprises of government guaranteed GoP Ijara Sukuks and balances with banks. As transactions are entered with credit worthy parties thereby any significant concentration of credit risk is mitigated.

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at June 30, 2015 along with comparative is tabulated below:

Financial assets	(Rupees in '000)		
Balances with banks Receivable on conversion of units	3,234,525 79,483	6,690,140 -	
Deposits and other receivables	192,354	285,838	
	3,506,362	6,975,978	

2015

2014



2014

2015

Credit rating wise analysis of the bank balances of the Fund are tabulated below:

ercentage	ntage)	
3	78.42	2
7	19.00	)
0	2.58	3
0 1	100.00	)

The Fund does not have any collateral against any of the aforementioned assets.

None of the financial assets were considered to be past due or impaired as on 30 June 2015.

#### 18.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its obligations and commitments. The Fund's offering document provides for the daily creation and cancellation of units and it is therefore exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholder's redemptions at any time. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation. The Fund manages the liquidity risk by maintaining maturities of financial assets and financial liabilities and investing a major portion of the Fund's asset in highly liquid financial assets.

In accordance with regulation 58(1)(k) of the NBFC Regulations, the Fund has the ability to borrow funds for meeting the redemption requests, with the approval of the trustee, for a period not exceeding three months to the extent of fifteen per cent of the net assets which amounts to Rs. 1,298.505 million as on 30 June 2015 (30 June 2014: Rs. 3,042.10 million). However, no such borrowing has been obtained during the year.

Further, the Fund is also allowed, as per regulation 57(10) of the NBFC Regulations to defer redemption requests to next dealing day, had such requests exceed ten percent of the total number of units in issue.

In accordance with the risk management policy of the Fund, the investment committee monitors the liquidity position on a daily basis which is reviewed by the Board of Directors of the Management Company on a quarterly basis.

An analysis of the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity grouping as at June 30, 2015 along with comparative is tabulated below:

	2015				
		Maturity upto			
	Three Six One months months year		than one year	Total	
			(Rupees in '000) ····		
Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management					
Limited - Management Company	71,521	-	-	-	71,521
Payable to Central Depository					
Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	807	-	-	-	807
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited	499	-	-	-	499
Payable on redemption and conversion					
of units	2,901,599	-	-	-	2,901,599
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,302	-	-	-	1,302
	2,975,728	-		-	2,975,728

	2014				
		Maturity upto		More	
	Three months	Six months	One year	than one year	Total
			(Rupees in '000)		
Payable to Al Meezan Investment					
Management Limited - Management Company	54,698	-	=	-	54,698
Payable to Central Depository Company					
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	1,225	=	=	-	1,225
Payable to Meezan Bank Limited	270	=	=	-	270
Payable on redemption and conversion					
of units	225,016	=	=	-	225,016
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	933	-	-	=	933
	282,142	-	-	-	282,142

Units of the Fund are redeemable on demand at the option of unit holder, however, the Fund does not anticipate significant redemption of units.

#### 19. UNITHOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The unitholders' fund is represented by redeemable units. These units are entitled to distribution and payment of a proportionate share, based on the Fund's net asset value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown in the Statement of Movement in Unitholders' Fund.

The Fund's objective when managing unitholders funds are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns to unitholders and to maintain a strong base of assets under management.

The Fund has no restrictions on the subscription and redemption of units.

The Fund meets the requirement of sub-regulation 54(3a) which requires that the minimum size of an open end scheme shall be one hundred million rupees at all time during the life of the scheme.

In accordance with the risk management policies stated in the note 18, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemptions, such liquidity being augmented by short term borrowing arrangements (which can be entered if necessary) or disposal of investments where necessary.

#### 20. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences can arise between the carrying value and fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction or adverse terms.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on the quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date. The fund does not hold any securities that are based on quoted market prices.



A Financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, an those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined with reference to the rates quoted by Financial Market Association of Pakistan and MUFAP. The fair value quoted by MUFAP is calculated in accordance with the valuation methodology prescribed by Circular 1 of 2009 and Circular 33 of 2012 issued by SECP.

The Management Company is of the view that the fair value of the remaining financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since assets and liabilities are essentially short term in nature.

The Fund measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in active markets for an identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The following table represents the assets that are measured at fair value as at June 30, 2015:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets Financial assets as at 'Fair Value		(Rupees i	n '000)	
through profit or loss' - Debt securities	-	6,891,142	-	6,891,142
Financial assets as 'Available For Sale'				
- Debt securities	-	1,384,654	-	1,384,654
	-	8,275,796	-	8,275,796

The following table represents the assets that are measured at fair value as at June 30, 2014:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets Financial assets as at 'Fair Value		(Rupees in '0	00)	
through profit or loss' - Debt securities	-	12,040,264	-	12,040,264
Financial assets as 'Available For Sale'				
- Debt securities		1,684,052	-	1,684,052
	-	13,724,316	-	13,724,316

#### 21. TAXATION

The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per clause (99) of part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90 percent of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unitholders. Provided that for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90 percent of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into accounts. Furthermore, as per regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, the Fund is required to distribute 90 percent of the net accounting income other than capital gains to the unitholders. The Fund has not recorded any tax liability in respect of income relating to the current year as subsequent to the year end, the Management company distributed sufficient income of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015, as reduced by capital gains (whether realised or unrealised) to its unitholders (refer note 27.1).

22.	PERFORMANCE TABLE	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	Net assets (Rs '000) (ex-distribution)	8,656,701	20,280,685	19,654,233	19,709,509	12,455,125
	Net assets value / redemption price per unit					
	as at June 30 (Rs) (ex-distribution)	53.92	50.48	50.04	50.03	50.01
	Offer price per unit as at June 30 (Rs)					
	(ex-distribution)	54.28	50.82	50.38	50.32	50.26
	Distribution (%)					
	Interim					
	- First quarter	-	1.80	2.38	2.60	2.50
	- Second quarter	-	1.68	2.36	2.60	1.30
	-Third quarter	-	1.80	2.00	2.60	4.20
	- Fourth quarter	-	2.10	-	2.92	1.75
	Annual	-	-	2.06	-	1.28
	Dates of distribution (interim)					
	- First quarter	-	September	September	September	September
		-	23, 2013	21, 2012	23, 2011	30, 2010
	- Second quarter	-	December	December	December	December
		-	24, 2013	31, 2012	22, 2011	31, 2011
	-Third quarter	-	March	March	March	March
		-	24, 2014	22, 2013	22, 2012	30, 2011
	- Fourth quarter	-	May	-	May	May
		-	29, 2014		28, 2012	24, 2011
	Dates of distribution (annual)	-	-	July	-	July
				8, 2013		7, 2011
	Income distribution (Rupees in '000)	-	586	449	647,696	520,589
	Growth distribution (Rupees in '000)	-	1,875,183	1,300,190	1,204,181	362,249
	Highest offer price per unit (Rs)	54.28	51.86	51.50	51.73	52.00
	Lowest offer price per unit (Rs)	50.88	50.36	50.31	50.32	50.29
	Highest redemption price per unit (Rs)	53.92	51.51	51.20	51.47	52.11
	Lowest redemption price per unit (Rs)	50.54	50.02	50.02	50.03	50.04
	Total return (%)	6.81	8.50	9.11	11.18	11.46
	Weighted Average Portfolio Duration (years)	0.40	0.78	1.43	2.02	2.43
		One Year	Two Year	Three Year	Four Year	Five Year
	Average annual return (%) as at June 30, 2015	6.81	15.31	12.21	11.87	11.77

Investment portfolio composition of the Fund as described in note 5.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate as described in note 18.



#### 23. INVESTMENT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

#### **23.1** Details of members of investment committee of the Fund is as follows:

Name	Designation	Qualification	Experience in years
1. Mr. Mohammad Shoaib	Chief Executive Officer	CFA / MBA	Twenty five years
2. Mr. Muhammad Asad	Chief Investment Officer	CFA level II / MBA	Nineteen years
3. Mrs. Sanam Ali Zaib	Head of Research	CFA / MBA	Eleven years
4. Mr. Ahmed Hassan	VP Investments	CFA / MBA	Eight years
5. Mr. Asif Mobin	VP Investments	MBA	Seventeen years
6. Mr. Zain Malik	AVP Investments	CFA level II / BBA	Six years
7. Mr. Fahad Sultan	Head of Risk	ACA / B.COM	Eight years

- **23.2** The Fund Manager of the Fund is Mr. Zain Malik. Other Funds being managed by the Fund Manager are as follows:
  - Meezan Cash Fund
  - Meezan Islamic Income Fund

#### 24. BROKERAGE COMMISSION BY PERCENTAGE

Name of the broker	2015 (Per	2014 centage)
Invest Capital Markets Limited	42	63
JS Global Capital Limited	48	26
Invest one	-	6
Elixir Securities Pakistan (Private) Limited	-	2
Invest & Finance Securities Limited	-	1
C&M Management Limited	-	2
BMA Capital	10	-

### 25. DETAILS OF MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Name	Designation	Dates of Board of Directors Meetings and Directors' present therein				
		August 28, 2014	October 29, 2014	February 20, 2015	April 15, 2015	May 15, 2015
Mr. Ariful Islam	Chairman	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Mohammad Shoaib	<b>Chief Executive</b>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. P. Ahmed	Director	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Mr. Moin M. Fudda	Director	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Mr. Atif Azim	Director	Appointed w.e.f December 31, 2014		Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui	Director	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
Mazhar Sharif	Director	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Syed Amir Ali	Director	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Syed Amir Ali Zaidi	Director	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Abdullah Ahmed	Director	Appointed w.e.f D	ecember 31, 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes

#### 24. PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDING

	As at June 30, 2015		
	Number of investors	Investment amount	Percentage of total investment
		(Rupees in '000)	Percentage
Individuals	4,182	3,153,640	36.43%
Associated companies / directors	13	4,942,146	<b>57.09</b> %
Insurance companies	1	4,381	0.05%
Retirement funds	48	475,877	5.50%
Public limited companies	65	48,969	0.57%
Others	17	31,688	0.36%
Total	4,326	8,656,701	100%
		As at June 20, 2014	
		As at June 30, 2014	
	Number of investors	Investment amount	Percentage of total
		Investment	
Individuals		Investment amount	of total investment
Individuals Associated companies / directors	investors	Investment amount (Rupees in '000)	of total investment Percentage
	investors 5,350	Investment amount (Rupees in '000) 6,705,461	of total investment Percentage 33.06%
Associated companies / directors	investors 5,350 12	Investment amount (Rupees in '000) 6,705,461 7,121,767	of total investment Percentage 33.06% 35.12%
Associated companies / directors Insurance companies	investors 5,350 12 14	Investment amount (Rupees in '000) 6,705,461 7,121,767 699,458	of total investment Percentage 33.06% 35.12% 3.45%
Associated companies / directors Insurance companies Banks / DFIs	5,350 12 14 1	Investment amount (Rupees in '000) 6,705,461 7,121,767 699,458 2,000,846	of total investment Percentage 33.06% 35.12% 3.45% 9.87%

#### 26. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Total

27.1 The Board of Directors in its meeting held on July 3, 2015 has announced a final cash dividend of 6.90% (Rs. 3.45 per unit) (2014: Rs. Nil) amounting to Rs 553.89 million (2014: Rs. Nil). The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 do not include the effect of these appropriations which will be accounted for in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2016.

5,576

20,280,685

100%

**27.2** In accordance with Finance Act 2015, the Fund has discontinued provision for Workers Welfare Fund from July 1, 2015.

#### 28. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on September 08, 2015 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive

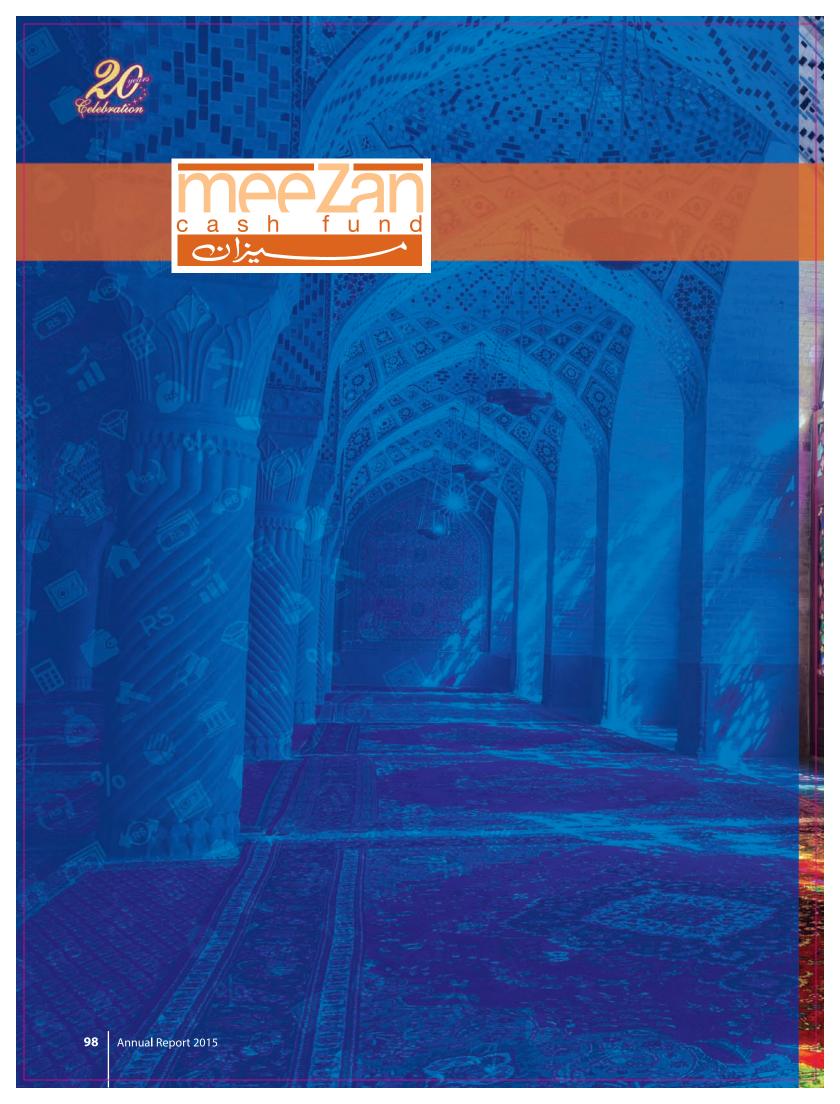
Mazhar Sharif

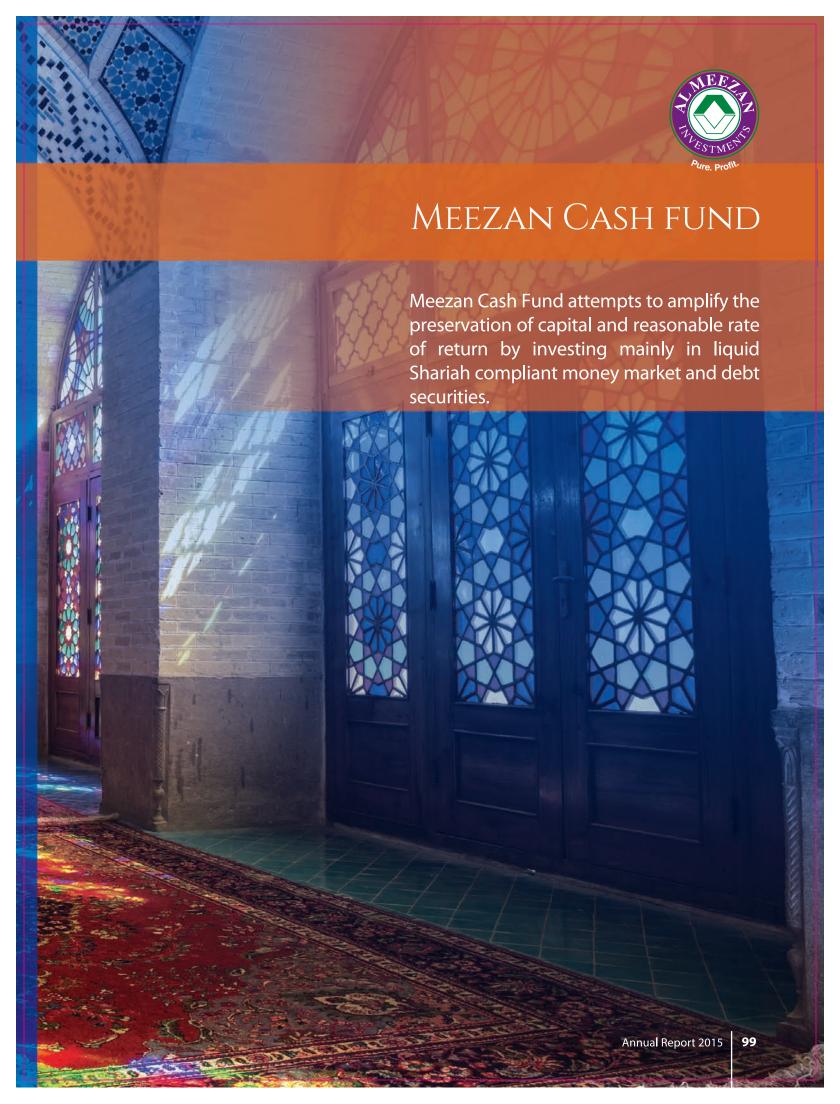


# PATTERN OF HOLDINGS (UNITS) AS PER THE REQUIREMENT OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

UNITS HELD BY	UNITS HELD	%
Associated Companies		
Meezan Bank Limited	56,706,764	35.329
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund II	5,647,987	3.529
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund III	5,533,153	3.459
Meezan Financial Planning Fund		
- Aggressive Allocation Plan	1,936,916	1.219
- Conservative Allocation Plan	4,984,359	3.109
- Moderate Allocation Plan	3,485,449	2.179
- Capital Preservation Plan I	4,529,963	2.829
- Capital Preservation Plan II	8,689,559	5.419
Chief Executive		
Mr. Mohammad Shoaib, CFA	4,448	0.009
Directors		
Mr. Syed Amir Ali	14,293	0.019
Mr. Mazhar Sharif	15,751	0.019
Mr. Tasnim ul Haq Farooqi	108,779	0.079
Executives	34,172	0.029
<b>Public Limited Companies</b>	908,175	0.579
Retirement Funds	8,825,664	5.509
Other Corporate Sector entities	588,281	0.379
Insurance	81,244	0.059
Individuals	58,453,134	36.419
Total	160,548,092	1009





### **FUND INFORMATION**

#### MANAGEMENT COMPANY

Al Meezan Investment Management Limited Ground Floor, Block "B", Finance & Trade Centre, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi 74400, Pakistan. Phone: (9221) 35630722-6, 111-MEEZAN Fax: (9221) 35676143, 35630808

Website: www.almeezangroup.com E-mail: info@almeezangroup.com

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

Mr. Ariful Islam Mr. P. Ahmed Non-Executive Independent Mr. Abdullah Ahmed Muhammad Syed Amir Ali Non-Executive Non-Executive Mr. Atif Azim Independent Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui Non-Executive Mr. Moin M. Fudda Independent Non-Executive Mr. Mazhar Sharif Mr. Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Chief Executive Non-Executive Syed Amir Ali Zaidi

**CFO & COMPANY SECRETARY OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY** 

Syed Owais Wasti

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. P. Ahmed Chairman Mr. Mazhar Sharif Member Syed Amir Ali Member

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Chairman Mr. Ariful Islam Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui Member Mr. Mazhar Sharif Member Mr. Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Member

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

AUDITORS KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sheikh SultanTrust Building No.2, Beaumount Road, Karachi - 75530.

#### SHARIAH ADVISER

Meezan Bank Limited

## BANKERS TO THE FUND Askari Bank Limited - Islamic Banking

Bank Alfalah Limited - Islamic Banking Bank Al Habib Limited - Islamic Banking Faysal Bank Limited - Islamic Banking Habib Bank Limited - Islamic Banking Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited - Islamic Banking

#### **LEGAL ADVISER**

Bawaney & Partners 3rd & 4th Floor, 68-C, Lane-13, Bokhari Commercial Area, Phase VI, DHA, Karachi. Phone: (9221) 35156191-94 Fax: (9221) 35156195

E-mail: bawaney@cyber.net.pk

## TRANSFER AGENT Meezan Bank Limited

Meezan House C-25, Estate Avenue, SITE, Karachi. Phone: 38103538 Fax: 36406017 Website: www.meezanbank.com

#### **DISTRIBUTORS**

Al Meezan Investment Management Limited Meezan Bank Limited

MCB Bank Limited - Islamic Banking Meezan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan - Islamic Banking UBL Ameen Sindh Bank Limited - Islamic Banking

Chairman



## REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Meezan Cash Fund (MCF) is an open end cash fund investing primarily in Shariah compliant money market and Islamic bonds (Sukuks).

Its objective is to seek maximum possible preservation of capital and a reasonable rate of return via investing primarily in liquid Shariah compliant money market & Shariah compliant debt securities.

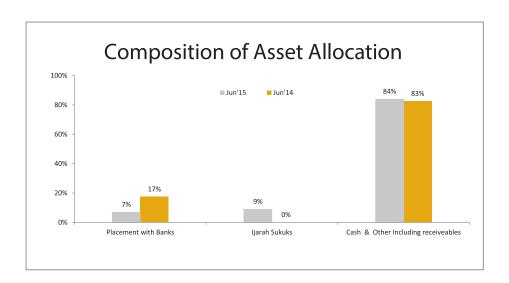
#### **Investment Policy**

The fund provides investors with the opportunity to park their excess liquidity in secure high quality instruments. To minimize the impact of interest rate volatility, the investment policy limits the investment avenues to short term.

#### Strategy Implementation - Strategic and tactical Asset Allocation

As per its investment policy, MCF can invest or place funds in instruments/avenues with a credit rating of 'double A' (AA) and above. Moreover, the investment policy limits interest rate risk by capping the maturity of instruments up to a maximum of six months, along with maximum portfolio duration of three months.

#### Sector Allocation as on June 30th 2014 and 2015



#### **Performance Review**

Meezan Cash Fund (MCF) provided a competitive return of 7.46% to its investors for the year ended June 30, 2015 as compared to its benchmark return of 6.24%.

The Fund earned a gross income of Rs. 350 million, which was primarily due to profit on bank deposits and placements amounting to Rs. 255 million and profit on Sukuks certificates amounting to Rs.92 million. The fund also incurred expenses totalling to Rs. 65 million and element of loss and capital losses of Rs. 49 million, which brought the net income figure to Rs. 236 million. The net assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2015 were Rs. 7,618 million as compared to Rs. 3,049 million at the end of last year. The net asset value per unit as at June 30, 2015 was Rs. 50.10 as compared to Rs. 50.07 per unit as on June 30, 2014.

#### **Performance Table with Benchmark**

	MCF	Six Month deposits at Islamic Banks
Net Asset Value as on June 30, 2014	50.07	
Net Asset Value as on June 30, 2015	50.10	
Return During the Period - Net	7.46%	6.24%
Outperformance - Net	1.22%	

#### **Distributions**

The Board of Directors of Al Meezan Investments in its meeting held on July 3, 2015 has approved nil distribution for the year ended June 30, 2015. The interim distributions by the Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 were Rs. 3.70 per unit (7.40%). Total distribution made by the fund was Rs. 231.77 million.

#### **Fund Stability Rating**

JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company has assigned Stability Rating of AA (f) to Meezan Cash Fund.

#### Breakdown of unit holdings by size

(As on June 30, 2015)

Range (Units)	Number of investors
1 - 9,999	2,158
10,000 - 49,999	775
50,000 - 99,999	155
100,000 - 499,999	113
500,000 and above	31
Total	3,232



#### Report of the Shari'ah Advisor - Meezan Cash Fund

July 31, 2015/Shawwal 14, 1436

**Alhamdulillah,** the period from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015 was the seventh year of operations of Meezan Cash Fund (MCF) under management of Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Al Meezan). We Meezan Bank Limited are the *Shar'iah* Advisor of the Fund and are issuing the report in accordance with clause 8.2.7 of the Trust Deed of the Fund. The scope of the report is to express an opinion on the *Shari'ah* compliance of the Fund's activity.

In the capacity of *Shari'ah* Advisor, we have prescribed criteria and procedure to be followed in ensuring *Shari'ah* compliance in every investment.

It is the responsibility of the management company of the fund to establish and maintain a system of internal controls to ensure *Shari'ah* compliance in line with the *Shari'ah* guidelines. Our responsibility is to express an opinion, based on our review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the management company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the management company to comply with the prescribed criteria.

In light of the above, we hereby certify that:

- We have reviewed and approved the modes of investments of MCF in light of the Shari'ah guidelines.
- All the provisions of the scheme and investments made on account of MCF by Al Meezan are Shari'ah compliant and in accordance with the criteria established.
- iii. On the basis of information provided by the management, all the operation of MCF for the year ended June 30, 2015 have been in compliance with Shari'ah principles.

May Allah bless us with best Tawfeeq to accomplish His cherished tasks, make us successful in this world and in the Hereafter, and forgive our mistakes.

**Dr. Muhammadamran Ashraf Usmani**For and on behalf of Meezan Bank Limited *Shariah* Advisor

Page 1 of 1

Meezan Bank Ltd.

Meezan House. C-25, Estate Avenue, SITE, Karachi - Pakistan.
Tel: (92-21) 38103500, Fax: (92-21) 36406049 www.meezanbank.com

## CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED

#### **Head Office**

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B' S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi - 74400. Pakistan. Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326020 - 23 URL: www.cdcpakistan.com Email: info@cdcpak.com







#### TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

#### MEEZAN CASH FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and Clause 9 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of Meezan Cash Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that Al Meezan Investment Management Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2015 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund; and
- (iii) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

Muhammad Hanif Jakhura

Chief Executive Officer

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi, September 23, 2015





# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in Listing Regulations of Islamabad Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of Corporate Governance.

The Management Company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

1. The Management Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its board. At present the board includes:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. P. Ahmed,
	Mr. Atif Azim
	Mr. Moin M. Fudda
Executive Director	Mohammad Shoaib, CFA - CEO
Non- Executive Directors	Mr. Ariful Islam
	Mr. Abdullah Ahmed Muhammad
	Syed Amir Ali
	Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui
	Mr. Mazhar Sharif
	Syed Amir A <b>l</b> i Zaidi

The independent directors meets the criteria of independence under clause i (b) of the CCG.

- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including the Management Company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 3. All the resident directors of the Management Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. During the year, no casual vacancy occurred on the Board of the Management Company.
- 5. The Management Company has prepared a "Code of conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Management Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the board.
- 8. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose and the board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.

- 9. Three of the directors of the Management Company have obtained 'Directors Training Certification' as at June 30, 2015.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
- 11. The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Fund were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO of the Management Company before approval of the board.
- 13. The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the units of the Fund other than that disclosed in the pattern of unit holding.
- 14. The Management Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.
- 15. The board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of three members, two members are non-executive directors and the chairman of the committee is an independent director.
- 16. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Fund and as required by the CCG. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises of four members including CEO. All the other members, including chairman of the committee, are non-executive directors.
- 18. The board has set up an effective internal audit function.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Fund have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Management Company / units of the Fund and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim / final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the NAV of Fund's units, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange(s).
- 22. Material / price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange(s).
- 23. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with.

**Mohammad Shoaib, CFA** 

**Chief Executive** 

Dated: September 8, 2015

Karachi.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No. 2 Beaumont Road Karachi, 75530 Pakistan Telephone + 92 (21) 3568 5847 Fax + 92 (21) 3568 5095 Internet www.kpmg.com.pk

## Review Report to the Unitholders of Meezan Cash Fund ("the Fund") on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance ("the Code") prepared by the Board of Directors of Al Meezan Investment Management Limited ("Management Company") of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2015 to comply with the requirements contained in the Listing Regulations of the Islamabad Stock Exchange Limited where the Fund is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Management Company of the Fund. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Fund's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Management Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Management Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Fund's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Management Company of the Fund to place before the Audit Committee, and upon the recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval of its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Fund's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2015.

Date: 8 September 2015

Karachi

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., a Partnership firm registered in Pakistan and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No. 2 Beaumont Road Karachi, 75530 Pakistan Telephone + 92 (21) 3568 5847 Fax + 92 (21) 3568 5095 Internet www.kpmg.com.pk

## Independent Auditors' Report to the Unitholders

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Meezan Cash Fund** ("the Fund"), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2015, and the related income statement and statement of comprehensive income, distribution statement, cash flow statement, statement of movement in unitholders' fund for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management Company of the Fund is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Fund's affairs as at 30 June 2015, and of its financial performance, cash flows and transactions for the year then ended in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., a Partnership firm registered in Pakistan and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation Rules, 2003) and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

Date: 8 September 2015

Karachi

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Amyn Malik

## STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

Assets	Note	<b>2015</b> 2014 (Rupees in '000)		
Balances with banks	4	3,177,258	2,544,117	
Investments	5	1,291,766	2,511,117	
Receivable against Bai Muajjal	-	-	530,078	
Receivable on conversion of units		3,505,115	· -	
Profit receivable	6	59,920	63,959	
Deposit and prepayments		521	318	
Total assets		8,034,580	3,138,472	
Liabilities Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Al Meezan) - Management Company	7	19,805	11,668	
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC)				
- Trustee	8	338	282	
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)	9	2,975	4,199	
Payable on redemption and conversion of units		314,563	18,367	
Brokerage payable		25	-	
Dividend payable	10	3,820		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities  Total liabilities	10	75,315	54,590	
Total Habilities		416,841	89,106	
Net assets		7,617,739	3,049,366	
Contingencies and commitments	11			
Unitholders' fund (as per statement attached)		7,617,739	3,049,366	
		Numbe	r of units	
Number of units in issue	12	152,058,910	60,905,742	
		Rup	pees	
Net assets value per unit		50.10	50.07	

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive

Mazhar Sharif



# INCOME STATEMENT AND STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

No.	ote	2015 (Rupees	2014 <b>in '000)</b>
Profit on saving accounts with banks		200,965	335,341
Profit on placements		54,446	26,205
Profit on sukuk certificates		14,092	24,306
Profit on Government of Pakistan (GoP) Ijarah Sukuks		77,939	95,937
Realised gain / (loss) on sale of sukuk certificates (net)		1,117	(562)
Other income		6	
		348,565	481,227
Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments 'at fair value			
	5.2	1,796	-
Total income		350,361	481,227
Evmonece			
Expenses Remuneration to Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Al Meezan)			
	'.1	39,672	55,992
	. 1 & 7.3	13,250	19,053
Remuneration to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC)	α 7.5	13,230	15,033
	8	3,725	4,949
Annual fee to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)	9	2,975	4,200
	13	385	481
Fees and subscription		266	265
Amortisation of preliminary expenses and floatation costs		-	572
Amortisation of premium on 'available for sale' investments		-	698
Brokerage		68	116
Bank and settlement charges		95	121
Printing and stationery expenses		-	95
	14	4,818	7,763
Total expenses		65,254	94,305
Net income from operating activities		285,107	386,922
Element of loss and capital losses included in prices of units issued less those		(40,000)	(6.536)
in units redeemed (net)  Net income for the year before taxation		(49,008) 236,099	(6,526)
Net income for the year before taxation		230,099	360,390
Taxation 2	20	-	-
Net income for the year after taxation		236,099	380,396
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		236,099	380,396

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Chief Executive

## **DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

2015		2014
(Rupees	in	'000)

Undistributed income brought forward - Realised - Unrealised Less: Distributions for the year	8,803 	10,169 (1,982) 8,187
Interim distribution on June 26 , 2015 - cash dividend @ 7.4% (Rs. 3.7 per unit)	(231,767)	_
Interim distribution on July 23, 2013 - bonus units @ 0.54% (Rs. 0.27 per unit) - cash dividend @ 0.54% (Rs. 0.27 per unit)		(35,505) (15)
Interim distribution on August 22, 2013 - bonus units @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit) - cash dividend @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit)		(40,046) (17)
Interim distribution on September 20, 2013 - bonus units @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit) - cash dividend @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit)		(38,550)
Interim distribution on October 23, 2013 - bonus units @ 0.64% (Rs. 0.32 per unit) - cash dividend @ 0.64% (Rs. 0.32 per unit)		(40,276) (13)
Interim distribution on November 21, 2013 - bonus units @ 0.54% (Rs. 0.27 per unit) - cash dividend @ 0.54% (Rs. 0.27 per unit)		(34,727)
Interim distribution on December 24, 2013 - bonus units @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit) - cash dividend @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit)		(34,751) (13)
Interim distribution on January 24, 2014 - bonus units @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit) - cash dividend @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit)		(33,621)
Interim distribution on February 24, 2014 - bonus units @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit) - cash dividend @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit)		(32,897) (13)
Interim distribution on March 24, 2014 - bonus units @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit) - cash dividend @ 0.60% (Rs. 0.30 per unit)		(28,135) (13)
Interim distribution on April 24, 2014 - bonus units @ 0.52% (Rs. 0.26 per unit) - cash dividend @ 0.52% (Rs. 0.26 per unit)	-	(23,319)



**2015** 2014 (Rupees in '000)

Interim distribution on May 23, 2014

- bonus units @ 0.48% (Rs. 0.24 per unit)
- cash dividend @ 0.48% (Rs. 0.24 per unit)

Interim distribution on June 24, 2014

- bonus units @ 0.52% (Rs. 0.26 per unit)
- cash dividend @ 0.52% (Rs. 0.26 per unit)

Net income for the year

Undistributed income carried forward

Undistributed income carried forward

- Realised
- Unrealised

-	(20,025)
- - (231,767)	(17,795)
236,099	380,396
13,135	8,803
11,339 1,796	8,803
13,135	8,803

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Chief Executive

## STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNITHOLDERS' FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

**2015** 2014 (Rupees in '000)

	•	
Net assets at beginning of the year	3,049,366	6,510,774
Issue of 340,395,838 units (2014: 162,030,500 units)	17,552,734	8,126,625
Redemption of 249,242,670 units (2014: 238,782,704 units)	(13,037,701)	(11,974,822)
	4,515,033	(3,848,197)
Element of loss and capital losses included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed (net)	49,008	6,526
Issue of bonus units : nil (2014: 7,594,693 bonus units)	-	379,647
Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments 'at fair value	1 706	
through profit or loss' (net)	1,796 1,117	(562)
Net realised gain / (loss) on sale of sukuk certificates Other net income for the year	233,186	380,958
Total comprehensive income for the year	236,099	380,396
Total comprehensive income for the year	230,099	360,390
Interim distributions:		
-Issue of 709,882 bonus units and cash distribution on July 23, 2013	_	(35,520)
-Issue of 800,874 bonus units and cash distribution on August 22, 2013	-	(40,063)
-Issue of 771,881 bonus units and cash distribution on September 20, 2013	-	(38,564)
-Issue of 806,314 bonus units and cash distribution on October 23, 2013	-	(40,289)
-Issue of 694,674 bonus units and cash distribution on November 21, 2013	-	(34,738)
-Issue of 694,883 bonus units and cash distribution on December 24, 2013	-	(34,764)
-Issue of 672,296 bonus units for the period ended January 24, 2014	-	(33,634)
-Issue of 658,014 bonus units for the period ended February 24, 2014	-	(32,910)
-Issue of 562,918 bonus units for the period ended March 24, 2014	-	(28,148)
-Issue of 466,449 bonus units for the period ended April 24, 2014	-	(23,330)
-Issue of 400,507 bonus units for the period ended May 23, 2014	-	(20,025)
-Issue of 356,001 bonus units for the period ended June 24, 2014	-	(17,795)
- Cash distribution on June 26, 2015	(231,767)	-
Total distribution for the year	(231,767)	(379,780)
Net income for the year less distribution	4,332	616
		_

## (Rupees)

3,049,366

50.07	50.06
50.10	50.07

7,617,739

Net assets value per unit at beginning of the year

Net assets value per unit at end of the year

Net assets at end of the year

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive



## **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

N	ote	2015 (Rupees	2014 <b>s in '000)</b>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income for the year		236,099	380,396
Adjustments for: Amortisation of preliminary expenses and floatation costs Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments 'at fair		-	572
Element of loss and capital losses included in	5.2	(1,796)	-
in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed (net)		<u>49,008</u> <u>283,311</u>	6,526 387,494
(Increase) / decrease in assets Deposit and prepayments Profit receivable Receivable against Bai Muajjal		(203) 4,039 530,078	- 69,445 (530,078)
Investments (net)		(1,289,970) (756,056)	3,842,500 3,381,867
Increase / (decrease) in liabilities Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management Limited		(123,023,	5,551,551
- Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan - SECP Brokerage payable Accrued expenses and other liabilities		8,137 56 (1,224) 25 20,725	4,863 (187) (825) (129) 5,876
·		27,719	9,598
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities		(445,026)	3,778,959
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts against issuance of units		14,047,619	8,126,625
Payment against redemption of units Dividend paid		(12,741,505) (227,947)	(11,981,770) (146)
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities		1,078,167	(3,855,291)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year		633,141	(76,332)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	4	2,544,117 3,177,258	2,620,449 2,544,117

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA Chief Executive

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## 1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Meezan Cash Fund (the Fund) was established under a trust deed executed between Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Al Meezan) as the Management Company and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as the Trustee. The trust deed was executed on May 14, 2009 and was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (NBFC Rules) and the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (NBFC Regulations). The Management Company has been licensed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) to act as an Asset Management Company under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules) through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Management Company of the Fund is situated at Ground Floor, Block 'B', Finance and Trade Centre, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi 74400, Pakistan.
- 1.2 The Fund has been formed to provide the unitholders safe and stable stream of halal income on their investments and to generate superior long term risk adjusted returns. The Fund shall also keep an exposure in short-term instruments for the purpose of maintaining liquidity and to capitalise on exceptional returns if available at any given point in time. The Fund shall seek to maximise preservation of capital and a resonable rate of return via investing primarily in liquid shariah compliant money market and shriah compliant debt securities. Under the Trust Deed all the conducts and acts of the Fund are based on Shariah. Meezan Bank Limited (MBL) acts as its Shariah Advisor to ensure that the activities of the Fund are in compliance with the principles of Shariah.
- **1.3** The Fund is an open-end Shariah compliant (Islamic) Money Market Scheme listed on the Islamabad Stock Exchange. Units are offered for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferable and can be redeemed by surrendering them to the Fund.
- 1.4 The Management Company has been given a quality rating of AM2+ and the stability rating of the Fund is AA(f) given by JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited.
- **1.5** Title to the assets of the Fund are held in the name of CDC as a Trustee.

## 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The transactions undertaken by the Fund in accordance with the process prescribed under the Shariah guidelines issued by the Shariah Advisor are accounted for on substance rather than the form prescribed by the earlier referred guidelines. This practice is being followed to comply with the requirements of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

## 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations 2008) and directives issued by the SECP. Wherever, the requirements of the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations 2008 and the said directives differ with the requirements of these standards, the requirements of the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations 2008 and the said directives shall prevail.

## 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for investments classified



as 'at fair value through profit or loss' and 'available for sale'. These are measured at fair value.

## 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the functional and presentation currency of the Fund and rounded to the nearest thousand rupees.

## 2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Management Company to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable in the circumstances. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

- (a) Classification and valuation of financial instruments (notes 3.1 and 5);
- (b) Impairment of financial instruments (note 3.1.6);
- (c) Recognition of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund (note 14 and 26); and
- (d) Taxation (note 3.7.1 and 20).

## 2.5 Standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2015:

- Amendments to IAS 38 Intangible Assets and IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016) introduce severe restrictions on the use of revenue-based amortization for intangible assets and explicitly state that revenue-based methods of depreciation cannot be used for property, plant and equipment. The rebuttable presumption that the use of revenue-based amortisation methods for intangible assets is inappropriate can be overcome only when revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are 'highly correlated', or when the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) replaces the part of IAS 27 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements'. IFRS 10 introduces a new approach to determining which investees should be consolidated. The single model to be applied in the control analysis requires that an investor controls an investee when the investor is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. IFRS 10 has made consequential changes to IAS 27 which is now called 'Separate Financial Statements' and will deal with only separate financial statements. Certain further amendments have been made to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 clarifying the requirements relating to accounting for investment entities and would be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) replaces IAS 31 'Interests in Joint Ventures'. Firstly, it carves out, from IAS 31 jointly controlled entities, those cases in which although there is a separate vehicle, that separation is ineffective in certain ways. These arrangements are treated similarly to jointly controlled assets/operations under IAS 31 and are now

called joint operations. Secondly, the remainder of IAS 31 jointly controlled entities, now called joint ventures, are stripped of the free choice of using the equity method or proportionate consolidation; they must now always use the equity method. IFRS 11 has also made consequential changes in IAS 28 which has now been named 'Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures'. The amendments requiring business combination accounting to be applied to acquisitions of interests in a joint operation that constitutes a business are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.

- IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) combines the disclosure requirements for entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements (i.e. joint operations or joint ventures), associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities, into one place. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and sets out disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. IFRS 13 explains how to measure fair value when it is required by other IFRSs. It does not introduce new fair value measurements, nor does it eliminate the practicability exceptions to fair value measurements that currently exist in certain standards. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Amendments to IAS 27 'Separate Financial Statements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The amendments to IAS 27 will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements. The adoption of the amended standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Agriculture: Bearer Plants [Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41] (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). Bearer plants are now in the scope of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment for measurement and disclosure purposes. Therefore, a company can elect to measure bearer plants at cost. However, the produce growing on bearer plants will continue to be measured at fair value less costs to sell under IAS 41 Agriculture. A bearer plant is a plant that: is used in the supply of agricultural produce; is expected to bear produce for more than one period; and has a remote likelihood of being sold as agricultural produce. Before maturity, bearer plants are accounted for in the same way as self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment during construction. The adoption of the amended standard is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) [effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016]. The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary. The adoption of these amendments is not likely to have an impact on Fund's financial statements.
- Annual Improvements 2012-2014 cycles (amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The new cycle of improvements contain amendments to the following standards:
  - IFRS 5 'Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations'. IFRS 5 is amended to clarify that if an entity changes the method of disposal of an asset (or disposal group) i.e. reclassifies an asset from held for distribution to owners to held for sale or vice versa without any time lag, then



such change in classification is considered as continuation of the original plan of disposal and if an entity determines that an asset (or disposal group) no longer meets the criteria to be classified as held for distribution, then it ceases held for distribution accounting in the same way as it would cease held for sale accounting.

- IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments- Disclosures'. IFRS 7 is amended to clarify when servicing arrangements are in the scope of its disclosure requirements on continuing involvement in transferred financial assets in cases when they are derecognized in their entirety. IFRS 7 is also amended to clarify that additional disclosures required by 'Disclosures: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendments to IFRS7)' are not specifically required for inclusion in condensed interim financial statements for all interim periods.
- IAS 19 'Employee Benefits'. IAS 19 is amended to clarify that high quality corporate bonds or government bonds used in determining the discount rate should be issued in the same currency in which the benefits are to be paid.
- IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting'. IAS 34 is amended to clarify that certain disclosures, if they are not included in the notes to interim financial statements and disclosed elsewhere should be cross referred.

These interpretations will not likely have an impact on Fund's Financial Statements.

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

## 3.1 Financial instruments

## 3.1.1 Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available for sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. The management determines the appropriate classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition and re-evaluates this classification on a regular basis.

## a) Financial instruments as 'at fair value through profit or loss'

An instrument is classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' if it is held-for-trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial instruments are designated as 'at fair value through profit or loss' if the Fund manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Fund's documented risk management or investment strategy. Financial assets which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short term price fluctuation or are part of the portfolio in which there is recent actual pattern of short term profit taking are classified as held for trading or a derivative.

Financial instruments as 'at fair value through profit or loss' are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognised in Income Statement.

All derivatives in a net receivable position (positive fair value), are reported as financial assets held for trading. All derivatives in a net payable position (negative fair value), are reported as financial liabilities held for trading.

## b) Loans and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than those classified by the Fund as fair value through profit or loss or available for sale.

## c) Available for sale

These are non-derivatives financial assets that are either designated in this category or are not classified in any of the other categories mentioned above.

## 3.1.2 Regular way contracts

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell assets.

## 3.1.3 Recognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Fund follows trade date accounting for purchase and sale of investments. Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed its part of the contract or the contract is a derivative contract.

## 3.1.4 Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price) plus, in case of a financial asset or financial liability not at 'fair value through profit or loss', transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on 'financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' are charged to the Income Statement immediately.

Subsequent to initial recognition, instruments classified as financial assets at 'fair value through profit or loss' and 'available for sale' are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising, from changes in the fair value of the financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' are recognised in the Income Statement. Changes in the fair value of instruments classified as 'available for sale' are recognised in other comprehensive income until derecognised or impaired when the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in other comprehensive income are included in the Income Statement.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective yield method, less impairment losses, if any.

Financial liabilities, other than those 'at fair value through profit or loss', are measured at amortised cost using the effective yield method.

## 3.1.5 Fair value measurement principles and provisions

The fair value of financial instruments is determined as follows:

Basis of valuation of government securities

- The government securities not listed on a stock exchange and traded in the interbank market are



valued at the average rates quoted on a widely used electronic quotation system (PKIRSV rates) which are based on the remaining tenor of the securities.

### Basis of valuation of debt securities

- The fair value of debt securities (other than government securities) is based on the value determined and announced by Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) in accordance with the criteria laiddown in Circular No. 1 of 2009 and Circular No. 33 of 2012 issued by Security and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). In the determination of the rates, MUFAP takes into account the holding pattern of these securities and categorises them as traded, thinly traded and non-traded securities. The aforementioned circulars also specifies the valuation process to be followed for each category as well as the criteria for the provisioning of non-performing debt securities.
- Provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets are non-performing, in accordance with the above mentioned circular and subsequent clarification thereon. Additional provision may be recognised when there is objective evidence of the continuity of non-performance. Further, the reversal of provision is also made in accordance with the said circulars and subsequent clarifications.

## 3.1.6 Impairment

Impairment loss on investment other than 'available for sale' is recognised in the Income Statement whenever the carrying amount of investment exceeds its recoverable amount. If in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss recognised decreases, the impairment is reversed through the Income Statement.

Impairment loss on investment classified as 'available for sale' debt instruments is recognised in the Income Statement whenever the acquisition cost of investment exceeds its recoverable amount. If in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss recognised decreases, the impairment is reversed in the Income Statement.

## 3.1.7 Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition in accordance with IAS 39.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

## 3.1.8 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities if the Fund has a legal right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## 3.2 Unitholders' fund

Unitholders' fund representing the units issued by the Fund, is carried at the redemption amount representing the investors' right to a residual interest in the Fund's assets.

## 3.3 Issuance and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the distributors during business hours of the day when the application is received. The offer

price represents the net assets value of the units as of the close of that business day plus the allowable sales load, provision for duties and charges and provision for transaction costs, if applicable.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price prevalent on the date on which the distributors receive redemption application during business hours on that date. The redeemed price represents the net assets value per unit less back end load, any duties, taxes, charges on redemption and any provision for transaction costs, if applicable.

## 3.4 Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

An equalisation account called 'element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses)' included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed is set up in order to prevent the dilution of income per unit and distribution of income already paid out on redemption.

The Fund records that portion of the net element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) relating to units issued and redeemed during an accounting period which pertains to unrealised gains / (losses) held in the unitholder's funds in a separate account and any amount remaining in this reserve account at the end of an accounting period (whether gain or loss) is included in the amount available for distribution to the unitholders. The remaining portion of the net element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) relating to units issued and redeemed during an accounting period is recognised in the Income Statement.

### 3.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of that obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

## 3.6 Net assets value per unit

The net assets value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in issue at year end.

## 3.7 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in other comprehensive income in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income.

### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the enacted or substantively enacted rates of taxation after taking into account available tax credits and rebates, if any. The charge for current tax includes adjustments to charge for prior years, which arises from assessments / developments during the year.

## Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit.



The deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse, based on enacted tax rates.

3.7.1 The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of part I of the second schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, subject to the condition that not less than 90 percent of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unitholders. Provided that, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90 percent of the accounting income, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into account.

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV to the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Accordingly Supertax introduced in Finance Act, 2015 is also not applicable on funds (Section 4B of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001).

The Management Company distributed sufficient income of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015, as reduced by capital gains (whether realised or unrealised) to its unitholders. Accordingly, no provision for current and deferred tax has been recognised in these financial statements.

## 3.8 Revenue recognition

- (i) Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the Income Statement currently on the date when the transaction takes place.
- (ii) Profit on bank deposits is recognised on time proportion basis using effective yield method.
- (iii) Income on sukuk certificates, placements and government securities is recognised on a time proportionate basis using effective yield method.

## 3.9 Expenses

All expenses, including Management fee, Trustee fee and Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan fee are recognised in the Income Statement as and when incurred.

## 3.10 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the Management, the determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

## 3.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities at cost. Cash comprises current and saving accounts with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

### 3.12 Distribution

Distribution including bonus units are recognised in the year in which they are approved.

4.	BALANCES WITH BANKS	Note	2015 (Rupees	2014 <b>s in '000)</b>
	On saving accounts On current accounts	4.1 & 4.2 4.2	3,167,390 9,868 3,177,258	2,541,500 2,617 2,544,117

- 4.1 The balances in saving accounts have an expected profit ranging from 4.00% to 9.27% per annum (2014: 3.72% to 8.25% per annum).
- 4.2 The balances include Rs. 574.501 million (2014: Rs. 23.240 million) with related party, Meezan Bank Limited, on which average return is earned at 4% (2014: 4.87%) per annum.

5.	INVESTMENTS	Note	2015 (Rupees	2014 s <b>in '000</b> )
	Investments - 'loans and receivables'	5.1	559,000	-
	Investments - 'fair value through profit or loss' - Held for trading	5.2	732,766 1,291,766	

#### 5.1 Loans and receivables - Term deposit receipts (TDR)

Name of the bank	Name of the bank Maturity		As at July 01, 2014	TDR's placed during the year	Matured during the year	As at June 30, 2015	Percentage of market value of investments
				····· (Rupees	in '000)		%
Meezan Bank Limited	December 22, 2015	6.19	_	559,000	_	559,000	43.27
MCB Bank Limited	November 17, 2014	9.00	-	300,000	(300,000)	-	-
United Bank Limited	April 7, 2015	9.00	-	650,000	(650,000)	-	-
United Bank Limited	April 8, 2015	9.00	-	250,000	(250,000)	-	-
						559,000	

#### 5.2 Fair Value through profit or loss

Name of the Issuer	Maturity	Profit rate	As at July 01, 2014	Purchases during the year	Sales / redemptions during the year	As at June 30, 2015	Carrying value as at June 30, 2015	Market value as at June 30, 2015	Unrealised gain / (loss)	Percentage of market value of investments
				·····Number	of certificates-			(Rupees in '00	0)	%

## **Held for trading**

GoP Ijarah Sukuk - IX November Weighted

21, 2015 Average 6

months T-Bills 9,770 2,500 7,270 730,970 732,766 1,796 56.73

Fair Value through profit or loss upon initial recognition

6 months

Lalpir Power Limited -February 18, KIBOR plus

Sukuk 2015 base rate

of 0.30% 53,400 53,400

730,970 732,766 Total 1,796 **Total cost of investment** 730,970



## **6** PROFIT RECEIVABLE

Note	2015 (Rupe	2014 es in ' <b>000</b> )
Profit receivable on saving accounts with banks Profit receivable on Term deposit receipts	56,324 2,905	63,959 -
Profit receivable on GOP ijara - sukuks	691	
	59,920	63,959

## 7. PAYABLE TO AL MEEZAN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED (AI Meezan) - Management Company

Management Fee	7.1	3,690	2,935
Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise			
Duty on Management Fee	7.2 & 7.3	16,115	8,733
		19,805	11,668

- 7.1 Under the provisions of the NBFC Regulations, 2008, the Management Company is entitled to a remuneration of an amount not exceeding 3 percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund during the first five years of the Fund's existence, and thereafter, of an amount equal to 2 percent of such assets of the Fund. In accordance with the offering document of the Fund, the remuneration of the Management Company is restricted to 1 percent per annum of average annual net assets of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015.
- 7.2 The Sindh Provincial Government has levied Sindh Sales Tax (SST) on the remuneration of the Management Company and sales load through Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act 2011 effective from July 1, 2011. During the year SST at the rate of 15 percent (till 30 June 2014 16 percent) was charged on the remuneration of Management Company and sales load.
- 7.3 As per the requirement of the Finance Act, 2013, Federal Excise Duty (FED) at the rate of 16 percent on the remuneration of the Management Company has been applied effective from June 13, 2013. The Management Company is of the view that since the remuneration is already subject to the provincial sales tax, further levy of FED may result in double taxation, which does not appear to be the sprit of the law. The matter has been taken up collectively by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan where various options are being considered. In 2014, the Honourable High Court Sindh in a Constitutional petition relating to levy of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on Mutual Fund has granted stay order for the recovery of Federal Excise Duty (FED). As a matter of abundant caution, the Management Company has made a provision with effect from June 13, 2013, aggregating to Rs.13.44 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 7.01 million). Had the provision not being made, the Net Asset Value per unit of the Fund as at June 30, 2015 would have been higher by Rs. 0.09 per unit (June 30, 2014: 0.11 per unit).

## 8. PAYABLE TO CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED (CDC) - Trustee

The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed in accordance with the tariff specified therein, based on the daily net assets value of the Fund. The tariff structure is as follows:

Net Assets (Rupees)	Tariff
Up to 1 billion	0.15% p.a. of net assets
1 billion to 10 billion	Rs. 1.5 million plus 0.075% p.a. of net assets exceeding Rs. 1 billion
Over 10 billion	Rs. 8.25 million plus 0.06% p.a. of net assets exceeding Rs. 10 billion

## 9. PAYABLE TO SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN (SECP)

This represents annual fee at the rate of 0.075 percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund payable to the SECP under regulation 62 read with Schedule II of NBFC Regulations, 2008.

## 10. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Note	2015 (Rupee	2014 es in ' <b>000</b> )
WWF payable 14	58,585	53,767
Withholding tax payable	15,913	131
Auditors' remuneration	295	325
Printing expense	281	362
Zakat payable	241	5
	75,315	54,590

## 11. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at June 30, 2015.

## 12. NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE

**2015** 2014 (Rupees in '000)

**12.1** The movement in number of units in issue during the year is as follows:

Total units in issue at beginning of the year	
Units issued during the year	
Bonus units issued during the year	
Units redeemed during the year	
Total units in issue at end of the year	

60,905,742	130,063,253
340,395,838	162,030,500
-	7,594,693
(249,242,670)	(238,782,704)
152,058,910	60,905,742
	-

**12.2** The Fund may issue following classes of units:

## **Class** Description

- A Units have been issued to Core Investors with no front-end load and no back-end load. Any bonus units issued for distribution of income shall also be Class A units.
- B Units shall be issued to Pre-IPO investors and may be charged with front-end load.
- C Units shall be issued after the IPO period and may be charged with front-end load.
- D Units shall be issued after the IPO period and may be charged with a back-end load.
- **12.3** According to the offering document dated June 5, 2009, the Management Company of the Fund may issue the following types of units:
  - Growth units which shall be entitled to bonus units in case of any distribution by the Fund. Bonus units issued to growth unit holders shall also be the growth units; and
  - Income units which shall be entitled to dividend in case of any distribution by the Fund.



### 13. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Statutory Audit fee Half yearly review Other certifications and services Out of pocket expenses

2015	2014
(Rupees in '000)	
175	175
110	110
100	100
-	96
385	481

### 14. WORKERS' WELFARE FUND

The Finance Act, 2008, introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes / mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs 0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of 2 percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their Trustees in the High Court of Sindh (the Court), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication.

During the year 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. However, on December 14, 2010, the Ministry filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the Court to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in Court.

In 2012, the Lahore High Court (LHC) in a Constitutional Petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008 declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. In March 2013, a larger bench of Sindh High Court (SHC) in various Constitutional Petitions declared that amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006 and the Finance Act, 2008 do not suffer from any constitutional or legal infirmity. However, SHC has not addressed the other amendments made in WWF Ordinance, 1971 about applicability of WWF to the CISs which is still pending before SHC.

The decisions of SHC (in against) and LHC (in favour) are pending before Supreme Court. However, the Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has decided to continue to maintain the provision for WWF for the year ended June 30, 2015. As at June 30, 2015, the Fund has recognised WWF amounting to Rs. 58.59 million which includes Rs. 4.82 million pertaining to the current year and Rs. 53.77 million pertaining to prior years. Had the WWF not been provided, the NAV per unit of the Fund would have been higher by Rs. 0.39 (0.78%).

The mutual funds have been excluded from levy of WWF vide Finance Act, 2015. As this change has been made in the definition, no provision prospectively is being made. The matter regarding previous years would need to be clarified by Regulatory bodies / Courts.

## 15. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS / RELATED PARTIES

The connected persons include AI Meezan Investment Management Limited (AI Meezan) being the Management Company, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) being the Trustee, Meezan Bank Limited (MBL) being the holding company of the Management Company, Directors and Executives

of the Management Company, Meezan Islamic Fund, Al Meezan Mutual Fund, Meezan Islamic Income Fund, Meezan Sovereign Fund, KSE Meezan Index Fund, Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds, Meezan Balanced Fund, Meezan Capital Preservation Fund – III, Meezan Capital Preservation Fund – II and Meezan Tahaffuz Pension Fund being the Funds under the common management of the Management Company, Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company (Private) Limited being the associated company of the Management Company, Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees' Gratuity Fund and Unitholders holding 10 percent or more of the Fund's net assets.

Transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration payable to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of NBFC Rules, NBFC Regulations, 2008 and the Trust Deed respectively.

Details of transactions with connected persons and balances with them are as follows:

	2015 (Rupees	2014 <b>s in '000)</b>
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited	_	
- Management Company		
Remuneration payable	3,690	2,935
Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on management fee payable	16,115	8,733
Investment of 8,185,592 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	410,098	
The same of 5,105,552 and 5 (same 50, 20 ) from ,		
Meezan Bank Limited		
Balances with bank	574,501	23,240
Investment - Term deposit receipts	559,000	
Profit receivable on saving account	236	9,781
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited		
Trustee fee payable	338	282
Deposit	100	100
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees' Gratuity Fund		
Investments of 47,160 units (June 30, 2014 : 43,913 units)	2,363	2,199
MFPF - Meezan Capital Preservation Plan - I		
Investments of 1,591,429 units (June 30, 2014 : nil)	79,731	-
MFPF - Meezan Capital Preservation Plan - II		
Investments of 21,072,974 units (June 30, 2014 : nil)	1,055,756	
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - II		
Investments of 5,570,285 units (June 30, 2014 : nil)	279,071	
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - III		
Investments of 3,016,655 units (June 30, 2014 : nil)	151,134	



For the year ended June 30,

	June 30,	
	2015	2014
	(Rupees	
Directors and executives of the Management Company		
Investments of 76,676 units (June 30, 2014: 25,694 units)	3,841	1,286
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited		
- Management Company		
Remuneration for the year	39,672	55,992
Sindh Sales Tax and Federal Excise Duty on management fee	13,250	19,053
Units issued: 9,763,501 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	490,098	
Redemptions: 1,577,909 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	80,679	
Manage Daylet instead		
Meezan Bank Limited	2 = 22	440.747
Profit on saving account	3,780	112,747
Profit on placement	9,483	
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited		
Trustee fee for the year	3,725	4,949
CDS charges	5	5
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees' Gratuity Fund		
	163	
Units issued: 3,247 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	162	
Bonus units issued: nil (June 30, 2014: 2,895 units)		145
MFPF - Meezan Capital Preservation Plan - I		
Units issued: 44,048,088 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	2,271,204	
Redemptions: 42,456,659 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	2,213,310	-
MFPF - Meezan Capital Preservation Plan - II		
Units issued: 71,240,338 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	2 754 006	
	3,754,086	
Redemptions: 50,167,364 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	2,665,900	
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - II		
Units issued: 6,984,502 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	367,994	-
Redemptions: 1,414,217 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	76,000	-
Magran Canital Dressweation French III		
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - III	422 524	
Units issued: 8,224,039 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	432,531	
Redemptions: 5,207,384 units (June 30, 2014: nil)	279,300	-
Directors and executives of the Management Company		
Units issued: 162,005 units (June 30, 2014: 128,429 units)	8,559	6,434
Redemptions: 111,023 units (June 30, 2014: 576,146 units)	5,799	28,917
Bonus units issued: nil (June 30, 2014: 10,136 units)		508

## 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATE	GURY		2015		
	Loans and receivables	Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss'	Financial assets categorized as 'available for sale'	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Total
On balance sheet - financial assets			( <b>-</b>		
Balances with banks	3,177,258	-	-	-	3,177,258
Investments	559,000	732,766	-	-	1,291,766
Receivable on conversion of units	3,505,115	-	-	-	3,505,115
Profit receivable	59,920	-	-	-	59,920
Deposit	300		<u> </u>		300
=	7,301,593	732,766	:		8,034,359
On balance sheet - financial liabilities Payable to Al Messaran Investment Management				10.005	10.005
Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company - Trustee	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	19,805 338	19,805 338
Payable on redemption and conversion of	-	-	-	330	336
units (net)	_	_	_	314,563	314,563
Brokerage payable	_	_	_	25	25
Dividend payable	-	-	-	3,820	3,820
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	-		-	576	576
	-	-	<u> </u>	339,127	339,127
_			2014		
	Loans and receivables	Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss'	Financial assets categorized as 'available for sale' (Rupees in '000) ····	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Total
			(Nupees III 000)		
On balance sheet - financial assets Balances with banks	2 5 4 4 1 1 7				2544117
Receivable against Bai Muajjal	2,544,117 530,078	_	_	-	2,544,117 530,078
Profit receivable	63,959	_	_	_	63,959
Deposit	100	_	-	_	100
_	3,138,254	_			3,138,254
On balance sheet - financial liabilities Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management Limited- Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company - Trustee Payable on redemption and conversion of units (net) Accrued expenses and other liabilities	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	11,668 282 18,367 687 31,004	11,668 282 18,367 687 31,004

## 17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

## Financial risk management objectives and policies:

The risk management policy of the Fund aims to maximise the return attributable to the unitholders and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

Risks of the Fund are being managed by the Fund manager in accordance with the approved policies of the Investment Committee which provides broad guidelines for management of risk pertaining to market risks (including price risk, currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Further, the overall exposure of the Fund complies with the NBFC Regulations, 2008 and the directives issued by SECP.

Risks managed and measured by the Fund are explained below:



### 17.1 Market risk

### 17.1.1 Interest rate risk

The interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates which affects cash flows pertaining to debt instruments and their fair values.

Cash flow interest rate risk

The Fund's interest rate risk arises from the balances in saving accounts, investment in debt securities and Term deposits receipts.

At June 30, 2015, if there had been increase / (decrease) of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, net assets of the Fund for the year then ended would have been higher / (lower) by Rs. 44.592 million (2014: Rs 25.415 million) mainly as a result of finance income.

## 17.1.2 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of a change in market price (other than Currency risk or Interest rate risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer or factors affecting similar financial instrument traded in the market. The Fund, at present is not exposed to price risk as at June 30, 2015 as it does not invest in equity securities.

## 17.1.3 Currency risk

Currency risk is that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in Pakistani Rupees.

## 17.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counter parties fail to perform as contracted.

Credit risk arises from Term deposit receipts with banks, deposits with banks, profit receivable and investments in debt securities. Credit risk arising on other financial assets is monitored through a regular analysis of financial position of brokers and other parties. Credit risk arising on the debt instruments is mitigated by investing in rated instruments or instruments issued by rated counterparties of credit ratings of at least investment grade by the recognised rating agencies. The fund receives a monthly rating update, against which investments are reviewed. For debt instrument settlement, Delivery versus Payment (DvP) mechanism applied by the Trustee of the fund further minimises the credit risk. In accordance with the risk management policy of the Fund, the investment committee monitors the credit position on a daily basis which is reviewed by the Board of Directors of the Management Company on a quarterly basis.

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic and industry factors similarly affect groups of counter parties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. The Fund's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit worthy counter parties thereby mitigating any significant concentrations of credit risk.

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at June 30, 2015, along with comparative is tabulated below:

	(Rupees in '000)	
Financial assets		
Balances with banks	3,177,258	2,544,117
Investments	1,291,766	-
Receivable against Bai Muajjal	-	530,078
Receivable on conversion of units	3,505,115	-
Profit receivable	59,920	63,959
Deposit	300	100
	8,034,359	3,138,254

2015

2014

Credit rating wise analysis of balances with banks and placements of the Fund are tabulated below:

	2015	2014
		(%)
AAA AA+ AA	28.89 64.66 6.45	39.92 58.94 1.14
	100.00	100.00

None of the financial assets were considered to be past due or impaired as on June 30, 2015.

The Fund does not have any collateral against any of the aforementioned assets. The issuer of the sukuks, however, pledges security with the investment agent in trust for the benefit of sukuk holders.

Due to the Fund's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, the Fund does not expect non-performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Fund.

## 17.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its obligations and commitments. The Fund's offering document provides for the daily creation and cancellation of units and it is therefore exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholder's redemptions at any time. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation. The Fund manages the liquidity risk by maintaining maturities of financial assets and financial liabilities and investing a major portion of the Fund's assets in highly liquid financial assets.

In accordance with the regulation 58(1)(k) of the NBFC Regulations, 2008, the Fund has the ability to borrow funds for meeting the redemption requests, with the approval of the trustee, for a period not exceeding three months to the extent of 15 percent of the net assets. However, no such borrowing has been obtained during the year.

Further, the Fund is also allowed, as per regulation 57(10) of the NBFC Regulations, 2008, to defer redemption request to next dealing day, had such requests exceed 10 percent of the total number of units in issue. However, no such defer redemption request has been exercised by the Fund during the year.



In accordance with the risk management policy of the Fund, the investment committee monitors the liquidity position on a daily basis, which is reviewed by the Board of Directors of the Management Company on a quarterly basis.

In addition to Unitholders' fund, analysis of the financial liabilities into relevant maturity grouping as at June 30, 2015, alongwith comparative is tabulated below:

			2015		
		Maturity upto		More	
	Three months	Six months	One year	than one year	Total
			· (Rupees in '000) ····		
Payable to Al Meezan Investment Management					
Limited - Management Company	19,805	-	-	-	19,805
Payable to Central Depository Company - Trustee	338	-	-	-	338
Payable on redemption and conversion of units	314,563	-	-	-	314,563
Brokerage payable	25	-	-	-	25
Dividend payable	3,820	-	-	-	3,820
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	576	-	-	-	576
_	339,127	-	-	-	339,127
			2014		
=		Maturity upto		More	
-	Three months	Six months	One year	than one year	Total
Payable to Al Meezan Investment			· (Rupees in '000) ····		
Management Limited - Management					
Company	11,668	_	-	-	11,668
Payable to Central Depository Company	,				,
- Trustee	282	_	-	-	282
Payable on redemption and conversion of units	18,367	-	-	-	18,367
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	687	-	=	=	687
- -	31,004	_			31,004
_					

Units of the Fund are redeemable on demand at the option of the unitholder, however, the Fund does not anticipate significant redemption of units.

## 18. UNITHOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The unitholders' fund is represented by redeemable units. These units are entitled to distribution and payment of a proportionate share, based on the Fund's net asset value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown in the Statement of Movement in Unitholders' Fund.

The Fund's objective when managing unitholders' funds are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns to unit holders and to maintain a strong base of assets under management.

The Fund has no restrictions on the subscription and redemption of units.

The Fund meets the requirement of sub-regulation 54(3a) which requires that the minimum size of an Open End Scheme shall be one hundred million rupees at all time during the life of the scheme.

In accordance with the risk management policies stated in the note 17, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemptions, such liquidity being augmented by short term borrowing arrangements (which can be entered if necessary) or disposal of investments where necessary.

Units of the Fund are redeemable on demand at the option of the unitholder, however, the fund does not anticipate significant redemption of units.

## 19. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences can arise between the carrying value and fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction or adverse terms.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on the quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date. The Fund does not hold any securities that are based on quoted market prices.

A Financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Investments on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities are carried at fair value. The Management Company is of the view that the fair value of the remaining financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since assets and liabilities are essentially short term in nature.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined with reference to the rates quoted by Financial Market Association of Pakistan and MUFAP. The fair value quoted by MUFAP is calculated in accordance with the valuation methodology prescribed by Circular 1 of 2009 and Circular 33 of 2012 issued by SECP.

The Fund measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in active markets for an identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).



**19.1** The following table presents the asset that are measured at fair value as at June 30, 2015.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets Investments - 'at fair value through profit or loss'		(Rupees	s in '000)	
Financial assets designated as 'at fair value through profit or loss'		722 766		722 766
- Debt securities	<u>-</u>	732,766	<u>-</u>	732,766

During the year ended June 30, 2015 no transfers were made between the aforementioned levels.

There were no assets that were measured at fair value as at June 30, 2014.

## 20. TAXATION

The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per clause (99) of part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90 percent of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unitholders. Provided that for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90 percent of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into accounts. Furthermore, as per regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, the Fund is required to distribute 90 percent of the net accounting income other than capital gains to the unitholders. The Fund has not recorded any tax liability in respect of income relating to the current year as the Management Company distributed sufficient income of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015, as reduced by capital gains (whether realised or unrealised) to its unitholders.

PERFORMANCE TABLE	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Net assets (Rs '000) (ex-distribution) Net Income (Rs '000)	7,617,739 236,099	3,049,366 380,396	6,510,774 568,571	7,418,771 708,427	5,955,829 623,075	5,224,268 418,517	623,857 2,050
Net assets value / redemption price per unit as at June 30 (Rs) (ex-distribution) * Offer price per unit as at June 30 (Rs)	50.10	50.07	50.06	50.08	50.03	50.00	50.01
(ex-distribution) *	50.10	50.07	50.06	50.08	50.03	50.00	50.01
Distribution (%)							
- First interim distribution	7.40	0.54	0.60	1.70	2.45	3.50	-
- Second interim distribution	-	0.60	1.00	0.90	2.50	3.00	-
- Third interim distribution	-	0.60	0.76	0.88	2.70	_	_
- Fourth interim distribution	-	0.64	0.84	0.98	1.70	_	_
- Fifth interim distribution	-	0.54	0.72	0.80	_	_	_
- Sixth interim distribution	-	0.60	0.64	0.86	_	_	_
- Seventh interim distribution	_	0.60	0.72	0.88	_	_	_
- Eighth interim distribution	_	0.60	0.64	0.80	_	_	_
- Ninth interim distribution	_	0.60	0.62	0.80	_	_	_
- Tenth interim distribution	_	0.52	0.68	0.90	_	_	_
- Eleventh interim distribution	_	0.48	0.60	0.64	1.16	3.38	0.30
- Twelfth interim distribution		00	0.00	0.0 .		3.33	0.00
(Final distribution)	-	0.52	0.66	-	-	-	-
Dates of distribution							
- First interim distribution	Jun 26, 2015	Jul 23, 2013	Jul 22, 2012	Aug 23, 2011	Sep 30, 2010	Jan 04, 2010	_
- Second interim distribution	-	Aug 22, 2013	Aug 22, 2012	Sep 23, 2011	Dec 31, 2010	Apr 02, 2010	-
-Third interim distribution	-	Sep 20, 2013	Sep 20, 2012	Oct 20, 2011	Mar 29, 2011	-	-
- Fourth interim distribution	-	Oct 23, 2013	Oct 22, 2012	Nov 22, 2011	May 23, 2011	-	-
- Fifth interim distribution	_	Nov 21, 2013	Nov22, 2012	Dec 21, 2011	-	-	-
- Sixth interim distribution	_	Dec 24, 2013	Dec 20, 2012		-	-	-
- Seventh interim distribution	-	Jan 24, 2014	Jan 22, 2013	Feb 22, 2012	-	-	-
- Eighth interim distribution	_	Feb 24, 2014	Feb 21, 201	Mar 19, 2012	-	-	-
- Ninth interim distribution	-	Mar 24, 2014	Mar 22, 2013	Apr 22, 2012	_	_	_
- Tenth interim distribution	-	Apr 24, 2014	Apr 23, 2013	May 22, 2012	_	_	_
- Eleventh interim distribution	-	May 23, 2014	May 23, 2013	Jun 21, 2012	Jun 28, 2011	Jul 7, 2010	Jul 6, 2009
- Twelfth interim distribution		, ,	, ,				
(Final distribution)	-	Jun 24, 2014	Jun 24, 2013	_	_	_	_
Income distribution (Rupees in '000)	231,767	133	127	125,485	50,126	12,104	_
Growth distribution (Rupees in '000)	_	379,647	570,545	576,365	569,253	406,583	1,865
Highest offer price per unit (Rs.)	53.72	50.35	50.51	50.86	51.69	52.48	50.16
Lowest offer price per unit (Rs.)	50.04	50.00	50.00	50.01	50.01	50.11	50.00
Highest redemption price per unit (Rs.)	53.72	50.35	50.51	50.86	51.69	52.48	50.16
Lowest redemption price per unit (Rs.) *	50.04	50.00	50.00	49.96	50.01	50.11	50.00
Total return (%)	7.46	7.08	8.78	10.55	11.03	10.10	10.62
	One Year	Two Year	Three Year	Four Year	Five Year	Six Year	Seven Year
Average annual return (%) as at	cui		cc real			51X 1-001	
June 30, 2015	7.46	7.27	7.74	8.37	8.85	9.05	9.26

<sup>\*</sup> Back end load will apply as per the requirements of the offering document of the Fund.

## Investment portfolio composition of the Fund

The Fund is a money market fund as per the categorisation of open end collective investment scheme defined in Circular 7 of 2009 dated March 6, 2010. Investment avenues for money market fund as defined in the said circular are restricted to government securities, debt securities, cash and near cash instruments which includes cash in bank accounts (excluding term deposit receipts), treasury bill, money market placements, deposits, certificate of deposits (COD), certificate of Musharakas (COM), commercial paper and reverse repo. The Fund has, therefore, placed all its assets in saving accounts and placements with banks and has invested in debt securities as disclosed in note 5.

21.



Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

## 22. INVESTMENT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

## **22.1** Details of members of investment committee of the Fund are as follow:

Name	Designation	Qualification	Experience in years
Mr. Mohammad Shoaib	Chief Executive Officer	CFA / MBA	Twenty five years
Mr. Muhammad Asad	Chief Investment Officer	CFA level II / MBA	Nineteen years
Ms. Sanam Ali Zaib	Head of Research	CFA / MBA	Eleven years
Mr. Asif Mobin	VP Investments	MBA	Seventeen Years
Mr. Ahmed Hasan	VP Investments	CFA / MBA	Eight years
Mr. Zain Malik	AVP Investments	CFA level II / BBA	Six years
Mr. Fahad Sultan	Head of Risk Management	CA / B.Com	Eight years

- **22.2** The Fund manager of the Fund is Mr. Zain Malik. Other Funds being managed by the Fund manager are:
  - Meezan Islamic Income Fund
  - Meezan Sovereign Fund

## 23. BROKERAGE COMMISSION BY PERCENTAGE

Broker's Name	2015 (Perce	2014 entage)
C&M Management (Private) Limited JS Global Capital	- 100	100
33 Global Capital	100	100

## 24. PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDING

	As at June 30, 2015			
	Number of investors	Investment amount	Percentage of total investment	
		(Rupees in '000)	%	
to divide cala	2.100	2.040.220	40.00	
Individuals	3,109	3,048,320	40.00	
Associated companies / directors	9	1,978,768	25.98	
Insurance companies	16	840,988	11.04	
Banks / DFIs	1	8	-	
Retirement Funds	32	139,868	1.84	
Public limited companies	4	129,894	1.71	
Others	61	1,479,893	19.43	
Total	3,232	7,617,739	100.00	

Λ.	- 1	1	20	2014
AS	aτ	June	30,	2014

	Number of investors	Investment amount	Percentage of total investment
		(Rupees in '000)	%
Individuals	2,573	1,984,787	65.09
Associated companies / directors	4	3,141	0.10
Insurance companies	10	159,387	5.23
Banks / DFIs	2	100,082	3.28
Retirement Funds	29	90,611	2.97
Public limited companies	6	244,197	8.01
Others	42	467,161	15.32
Total	2,666	3,049,366	100.00

## 25. DETAILS OF MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Name	Designation	Dates of Board of Directors Meetings and Directors' present therein				
		August 28, 2014	October 29, 2014	February 20, 2015	April 15, 2015	May 15, 2015
Mr. Ariful Islam	Chairman	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. P. Ahmed	Director	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Mr. Moin M Fudda	Director	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui	Director	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
Mr. Mazhar Sharif	Director	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Mr. Atif Azim	Director	Appointed w.e.f D	ecember 31, 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes
Syed Amir Ali	Director	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Syed Amir Ali Zaidi	Director	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Abdullah Ahmed	Director	Appointed w.e.f D	ecember 31, 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Mohammad Shoaib	Chief Executive	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

## 26. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In accordance with Finance Act 2015, the Fund has discontinued provision for Workers Welfare Fund from July 1, 2015.

## 27. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on September 08, 2015 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

For Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Mohammad Shoaib, CFA
Chief Executive



# PATTERN OF HOLDINGS (UNITS) AS PER THE REQUIREMENT OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

UNITS HELD BY	UNITS HELD	%
Associated Companies		
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited	8,185,592	5.3
Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund	47,160	0.0
MFPF - Meezan Capital Preservation Plan - I	1,591,429	1.0
MFPF - Meezan Capital Preservation Plan - II	21,072,974	13.8
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - II	5,570,285	3.6
Meezan Capital Preservation Fund - III	3,016,655	1.9
Chief Executive		
Mr. Mohammad Shoaib, CFA	1,613	0.0
Directors		
Mr. Mazhar Shareef	4,170	0.0
Mr. Tasnimul Haq Farooqui	11,864	0.0
Executives	76,676	0.0
Banks and financial institutions	168	0.0
Individuals	60,771,339	39.9
Retirements funds	2,791,930	1.8
Private limited companies	2,592,687	1.7
Other corporate sector entities	46,324,368	30.4
Total	152,058,910	100.0







## Be aware, Be alert, Be safe

Learn about investing at www.jamapunji.pk

## **Key features:**



**Licensed Entities Verification** 



Scam meter\*



Jamapunji games\*



Tax credit calculator\*



**Company Verification** 



Insurance & Investment Checklist



**FAQs Answered** 



Stock trading simulator (based on live feed from KSE)



**Knowledge center** 



Risk profiler\*



**Financial calculator** 



Subscription to Alerts (event notifications, corporate and regulatory actions)



jamapunji application for mobile device



**Online Quizzes** 



Jama Punji is an Investor Education Initiative of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan







## Al Meezan Investment Management Ltd.

Find your **SOLUTIONS** with faith at 0800 - HALAL (42525)

